

Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

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KPMG LLP 750 East Pratt Street, 18th Floor Baltimore, MD 21202

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees

Mt. Washington Pediatric Hospital, Inc. and Subsidiaries:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Mt. Washington Pediatric Hospital, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Corporation), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the related consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mt. Washington Pediatric Hospital, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, and the results of their operations and change in net assets, and their cash flows for the years then ended, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.



Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 2(q) to the consolidated financial statements, the Corporation adopted Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09, *Not-for-Profit Entities* (Topic 958): *Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities*, and ASU 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, during the year ended June 30, 2019 on a modified retrospective basis. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matter

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information in Schedules 1–4 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.



Baltimore, Maryland October 28, 2019

Consolidated Balance Sheets

June 30, 2019 and 2018

Assets	_	2019	2018
Current assets:			
	\$	20,078,131	21,837,485
Current portion of assets limited as to use		116,019	92,341
Patient accounts receivable, net		8,662,971	7,100,125
Other accounts receivable		1,496,392	1,415,519
Inventories of supplies		201,505	170,900
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	_	218,614	265,832
Total current assets		30,773,632	30,882,202
Investments		40,376,210	35,145,266
Assets limited as to use, less current portion:			
Board-designated funds		4,022,446	4,011,089
Eliasberg construction fund		1,249,449	1,249,449
Funds restricted by donor		16,523,292	13,744,598
Self-insurance trust funds	_	6,687,405	6,122,964
		28,482,592	25,128,100
Property and equipment, net		37,014,692	35,097,615
Other assets		1,658,308	1,376,586
Total assets	5 5	138,305,434	127,629,769
Liabilities and Net Assets	' =	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current liabilities:			
·	\$	369,869	354,930
Trade accounts payable		4,379,788	4,507,298
Accrued payroll benefits		4,926,605	4,710,922
Advances from third-party payors		3,471,792	3,574,033
Current portion of malpractice liabilities		116,019	92,341
Due to affiliates		1,461,128	408,856
Long-term debt subject to short-term			
remarketing arrangements	_		4,308,762
Total current liabilities		14,725,201	17,957,142
Malpractice liabilities		2,702,474	2,300,000
Accrued pension obligations		563,689	353,268
Long-term debt, less current portion	_	3,938,954	
Total liabilities	_	21,930,318	20,610,410
Net assets:			
Without donor restrictions		97,690,847	90,999,450
With donor restrictions		18,684,269	16,019,909
Total net assets	_	116,375,116	107,019,359
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ \$	138,305,434	127,629,769

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

Years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Operating revenue, gains, and other support: Net patient service revenue Other revenue	64,382,350 380,869	62,010,138 331,678
Total operating revenue, gains, and other support	64,763,219	62,341,816
Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits Purchased services and supplies Interest expense Depreciation and amortization	41,785,847 16,076,595 135,060 3,695,634	40,143,225 14,767,907 121,266 3,678,036
Total operating expenses	61,693,136	58,710,434
Operating income	3,070,083	3,631,382
Nonoperating income and expenses, net: Contributions Investment income, net Other income and expenses, net Change in unrealized gains of trading securities	733,578 1,330,420 51,635 1,813,918	636,114 1,684,711 11,101 1,229,324
Excess of revenues over expenses	6,999,634	7,192,632
Net unrealized gains on other-than-trading securities Change in funded status of defined benefit plan Net assets released from restrictions used for purchase of property and equipment	— (411,718) 103,481	336,315 234,861 —
Increase in net assets without donor restrictions	6,691,397	7,763,808
Changes in net assets with donor restrictions: Contributions Investment income, net Net unrealized gains on investments with donor restrictions Net assets released from restrictions used for purchase of property and equipment	987,763 693,992 1,086,086 (103,481)	779,465 1,293,356 571,988
Increase in net assets with donor restrictions	2,664,360	2,644,809
Total increase in net assets	9,355,757	10,408,617
Net assets, beginning of year	107,019,359	96,610,742
Net assets, end of year \$	116,375,116	107,019,359

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	_	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Increase in net assets	\$	9,355,757	10,408,617
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets to net cash provided by	•	2,222,121	, ,
operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization		3,695,634	3,678,036
Amortization of debt issue costs		5,131	5,131
Provision for bad debts		_	571,860
Net realized gains and change in value of trading securities		(3,300,378)	(3,861,825)
Restricted contributions and investment income		(1,681,755)	(2,072,821)
Net unrealized gains on investments with donor restrictions		(1,086,086)	_
Net unrealized gains on other-than-trading securities		_	(908,303)
Increase in funded status of defined benefit plan		411,718	(234,861)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Net patient accounts receivable		(1,562,846)	(1,444,156)
Other accounts receivable		(80,873)	10,719
Inventories of supplies		(30,605)	(40,251)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		47,218	(215,559)
Other long-term assets		(281,722)	(244,127)
Amounts due to affiliates		1,052,272	(295,328)
Trade accounts payable		(751,377)	(459,371)
Accrued payroll benefits		215,683	724,465
Advances from third-party payors		(102,241)	(252,449)
Other liabilities	_	224,855	130,521
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	6,130,385	5,500,298
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property and equipment		(4,988,844)	(4,421,560)
Purchases and sales of investments and assets limited to use, net (trading)		(4,222,650)	(297,192)
Purchases of investments and assets limited to use (other-than-trading)			(9,855,445)
Sales/Maturities of investments and assets limited to use (other-than-trading)	_		10,146,123
Net cash used in investing activities	_	(9,211,494)	(4,428,074)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Repayment of long-term debt		(360,000)	(345,000)
Restricted contributions and investment income		1,681,755	2,072,821
Net cash provided by financing activities		1,321,755	1,727,821
(Decrease)/Increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,759,354)	2,800,045
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		21,837,485	19,037,440
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$_	20,078,131	21,837,485
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information: Cash paid during the year for interest Amounts included in accounts payable for construction in progress	\$	123,471 623,867	117,145

See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(1) Organization

The consolidated financial statements of Mt. Washington Pediatric Hospital, Inc. and Subsidiaries (the Corporation) include the accounts of Mt. Washington Pediatric Hospital, Inc. (the Hospital) and its wholly owned subsidiaries, Mt. Washington Pediatric Foundation, Inc. (the Foundation) and Mt. Washington Pediatric Community Health Services, LLC (Community Health). The Corporation is structured as a joint venture with a 50% ownership interest by the University of Maryland Medical System Corporation (UMMS) and a 50% ownership interest by Johns Hopkins Health System Corporation (JHHS).

The Hospital is a not-for-profit, nonstock corporation formed under the laws of the State of Maryland. Its purpose is to operate a pediatric rehabilitation and specialty hospital while providing the highest quality services and programs to meet the individualized needs of infants, children, and adolescents in a nurturing environment. The Hospital has 102 licensed beds. The Foundation uses its funds and investment income to solely support the Hospital and its programs. Community Health provides offsite rehabilitation and specialty healthcare services.

The Corporation incurred expenses of \$425,694 and \$501,703 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for administrative services provided by UMMS. The Corporation is managed by UMMS, and accordingly, the results of the Corporation's operations and its financial condition could be different if it were autonomous.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and interest-bearing deposits with maturities of three months or less from date of purchase, excluding amounts presented within investments and assets limited as to use.

(c) Inventories

Inventories, consisting primarily of drugs and medical/surgical supplies, are carried at the lower of cost or market, on a first-in, first-out basis.

(d) Investments and Assets Limited as to Use

The Hospital participates in an investment pool of one of its owners, UMMS. The UMMS investment pool (investment pool) is classified as a trading portfolio. Each participating member of the investment pool has an undivided interest in the investment pool. The Hospital's percentage interest in the assets of the investment pool was approximately 4.11% at June 30, 2019 and 2018. Investment income and administrative expenses relating to the investment pool are allocated to the individual members based on this percentage.

The Hospital's investment portfolio is classified as trading, and is reported at fair value, based on quoted market prices, at June 30, 2019 and 2018. Unrealized holding gains and losses on trading

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

securities with readily determinable market values are included in nonoperating income. Investment income, including realized gains and losses, is included in nonoperating income in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets.

For the year ended June 30, 2019 the Foundation's investment portfolio is classified as trading, and is reported at fair value, based on quoted market prices. Management made a change to how the portfolio was recorded based on the portfolio meeting the definition of trading. Unrealized holding gains and losses on trading securities with readily determinable market values are included in nonoperating income. Investment income, including gains and losses, is included in nonoperating income in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets.

Investments income is reported net of investment fees.

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the Foundation's investment portfolio is classified as other-than-trading and is reported in the consolidated balance sheet at its fair value, based on quoted market prices. Changes in fair value of securities with readily determinable market values below their recorded basis are recognized in the consolidated statements of operations and change in net assets as realized losses and as investment income (other-than-trading), which is included in nonoperating income in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and change in net assets. Unrealized gains on investments in securities with readily determinable market values are recognized as a component of net assets.

The Foundation does not have any alternative investments in its investment portfolio. However, the Hospital has alternative investments in assets limited as to use for self-insurance and the investment pool. Alternative investments are recorded under the equity method of accounting. Underlying securities of these alternative investments may include certain debt and equity securities that are not readily marketable. Because certain investments are not readily marketable, their fair value is subject to additional uncertainty, and therefore, values realized upon disposition may vary significantly from current reported values.

Assets limited as to use include investments set aside at the discretion of the board of trustees for the replacement or acquisition of property and equipment over which the board of trustees retains control and may at its discretion use for other purposes, self-insurance trust arrangements, and assets whose use is restricted by donors. Such investments are stated at fair value. Amounts required to meet current liabilities have been included in current assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Declines in fair value of these investments below their cost basis are recognized in nonoperating income and expense. Changes in fair value of these investments above their cost basis are recognized as unrealized gains on investments and are included in other changes in net assets. Changes in fair values of donor-restricted investments are recorded in net assets unless without donor restriction otherwise required by the donor or state law to be included in net assets with donor restriction.

Investments are exposed to certain risks, such as interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, changes in the value of investment securities could occur in the near term, and these changes could materially differ from amounts reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(e) Fair Value Measurements

The following methods and assumptions were used by the Corporation in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, assets limited as to use, investments, trade accounts payable, accrued payroll benefits, current and long-term debt, and advances from third-party payors – The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets approximate the related fair values.

The Corporation has implemented the provisions of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 820 in relation to fair value measurements of financial assets and financial liabilities and for fair value measurements of nonfinancial items that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis. This guidance established a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level I measurement) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level III measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level I inputs are quoted market prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Corporation has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level II inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices including within Level I that are
 observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. If the asset or liability has a specified
 (contractual) term, a Level II input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or
 liability.
- Level III inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Assets and liabilities classified as Level I are valued using unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets. The Corporation uses techniques consistent with the market approach and the income approach for measuring fair value of its Level II and Level III assets and liabilities. The market approach is a valuation technique that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. The income approach generally converts future amounts (cash flows or earnings) to a single present value amount (discounted).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which a fair value measurement in its entirety falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

As of June 30, 2019 and 2018, the Level II assets and liabilities listed in the fair value hierarchy tables below utilize the following valuation techniques and inputs:

(i) Cash Equivalents

The fair value of investments in cash equivalent securities, with maturities within three months of the date of purchase, are determined using techniques that are consistent with the market approach. Significant observable inputs include reported trades and observable broker/dealer quotes.

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(ii) U.S. Government and Agency Securities

The fair value of investments in U.S. government, state, and municipal obligations is primarily determined using techniques consistent with the income approach. Significant observable inputs to the income approach include data points for benchmark constant maturity curves and spreads.

(iii) Corporate Bonds

The fair value of investments in U.S. and international corporate bonds, including commingled funds that invest primarily in such bonds, and foreign government bonds is primarily determined using techniques that are consistent with the market approach. Significant observable inputs include benchmark yields, reported trades, observable broker/dealer quotes, issuer spreads, and security specific characteristics, such as early redemption options.

(iv) Collateralized Corporate Obligations

The fair value of collateralized corporate obligations is primarily determined using techniques consistent with the income approach, such as a discounted cash flow model. Significant observable inputs include prepayment speeds and spreads, benchmark yield curves, volatility measures, and quotes.

(f) Self-Insurance

Under the Corporation's self-insurance programs (general and professional liability and employee health benefits), claims are reflected as a present value liability based upon actuarial estimates, including both reported and incurred but not reported claims taking into consideration the severity of incidents and the expected timing of claim payments.

(g) Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost or estimated fair value at date of contribution, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. The estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Building and leasehold improvements	20 to 40 years
Land improvements	5 to 20 years
Equipment	3 to 15 years

Interest cost incurred on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets.

(h) Deferred Financing Costs

Costs incurred related to the issuance of long-term debt are deferred and are amortized over the life of the related debt using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective-interest method. Deferred financing costs are presented as a component of long-term debt in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(i) Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

Management regularly evaluates whether events or changes in circumstances have occurred that could indicate impairment in the value of long-lived assets. In accordance with the provisions of ASC Topic 360, *Property, Plant, and Equipment*, if there is an indication that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, management estimates the projected undiscounted cash flows, excluding interest, to determine if an impairment loss should be recognized. The amount of impairment loss is determined by comparing the historical carrying value of the asset to its estimated fair value. Estimated fair value is determined through an evaluation of recent and projected financial performance using standard industry valuation techniques.

In estimating the future cash flows for determining whether an asset is impaired, the Corporation groups its assets at the lowest level for which there are identifiable cash flows independent of other groups of assets. If such costs are impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the estimated fair value of the assets. There were no impairments in the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.

(i) Net Assets

The financial statements are presented in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 958 dated August 2016, and the provisions of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) "Audit and Accounting Guide for Not-for-Profit Organizations" (the "Guide"). (ASC) 958-205 was effective July 1, 2018.

Under the provisions of the Guide, net assets and revenues, and gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, the net assets of the Corporation and changes therein are classified as follows:

<u>Net assets without donor restrictions:</u> Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the Corporation. The Corporation's board may designate assets without restrictions for specific operational purposes from time to time.

<u>Net assets with donor restrictions:</u> Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors, and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Corporation or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, where by the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity.

Periods prior to adoption, which previously presented temporarily restricted and permanently restricted net assets, have been revised to conform to the new presentation of a single classification of net assets with donor restrictions.

(k) Net Patient Service Revenue and Provision for Uncollectible Accounts

In accordance with ASC 606 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC 606), net patient service revenue, which includes hospital inpatient services, hospital outpatient services, and other patient services revenue, is recorded at the transaction price estimated by the Corporation to reflect the total consideration due from patients and third-party payors (including commercial payers and government

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
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programs) and others. Revenue is recognized over time as performance obligations are satisfied in exchange for providing goods and services in patient care. Revenue is recorded as these goods and services are provided. The services provided to a patient during an inpatient stay or outpatient visit represent a bundle of goods and services that are distinct and accounted for as a single performance obligation

The Corporation's estimate of the transaction price includes the Corporation's standard charges for the goods and services provided with a reduction recorded related to price concessions for such items as contractual allowances, charity care, potential adjustments that may arise from payment and other reviews, and uncollectible amounts. The price concessions are determined using the portfolio approach as a practical expedient to account for patient contracts as collective groups rather than individually. Estimates for uncollectible amounts are based on the aging of the accounts receivable, historical collections experience for similar payors and patients, current market conditions, and other relevant factors. The Corporation recognizes a significant amount of patient service revenue at the time the services are rendered even though they do not assess the patient's ability to pay. Based on historical experience, a significant portion of the self-pay population will be unable or unwilling to pay for services which is estimated in the transaction price. Subsequent changes to the estimate of the transaction price are generally recorded as adjustment to net patient service revenue in the period of change. Subsequent changes that are determined to be the result of an adverse change in the payor's or patient's ability to pay are recorded as bad debt expense.

The standard charges for goods and services for the Corporation reflects actual charges to patients based on rates established by the state of Maryland Health Services Cost Review Commission (HSCRC) in effect during the period in which the services are rendered. See note 15 for further discussion on the HSCRC and regulated rates.

Patient accounts are recorded at the net realizable value based on certain assumptions determined by each payor. For third-party payors including Medicare, Medicaid, and commercial insurance, the net realizable value is based on the estimated contractual adjustments which is based on approved discounts on charges as permitted by the HSCRC. For self-pay accounts, which includes patients who are uninsured and the patient responsibility portion for patients with insurance, the net realizable value is determined using estimates of historical collection experience. Net patient accounts receivable shown on the balance sheet for June 30, 2018 are net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$2,277,315. Net patient service revenue shown on the consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets for June 30, 2018 are net of provision for bad debts of \$571,860. With the adoption of ASC 606 all revenue and related accounts receivable are recorded at the net expected transaction price, therefore there is no material allowance for doubtful accounts or provision for bad debts for the year ended June 30, 2019.

The Corporation has elected to apply the optional exemption in ASC 606-10-50-14a as all performance obligations relate to contracts with duration of less than one year. Under this exemption the Corporation was not required to disclose the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied at the end of the reporting period. Any unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied performance obligations at the end of the year are completed within days or weeks of the end of the year.

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Operating revenue by line of business are as follows for the years ended June 30:

	_	2019	2018
Hospital	\$	61,775,036	59,187,488
Physicians	_	2,607,314	2,822,650
Total revenue from contracts with customers		64,382,350	62,010,138
Other nonpatient care	_	380,869	331,678
Total operating revenue	\$_	64,763,219	62,341,816

(I) Charity Care

The Hospital provides charity care to patients who are unable to pay or who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy. Such patients are identified based on information obtained from the patient and subsequent analysis. Because the Hospital does not expect collection of amounts determined to qualify as charity care, such amounts are not reported as revenue. Costs incurred are estimated based on the cost-to-charge ratio for the hospital and applied to charity care charges. Since the Hospital does not pursue collection of amounts determined to meet the criteria under the charity care policy, such amounts are not reported as net patient service revenue. The amounts reported as charity care represent the cost of rendering such services. The Hospital estimates the total direct and indirect costs to provide charity care were to \$31,879 and \$86,541 in the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

(m) Nonoperating Income and Expenses, Net

Other activities that are largely unrelated to the Corporation's primary mission are recorded as nonoperating income and expenses, and include investment income, change in fair value of investments and general donations, and fund-raising activities.

(n) Excess of Revenues over Expenses

The consolidated statement of operations and changes in net assets includes a performance indicator, the excess of revenues over expenses. Changes in net assets without donor restriction that are excluded from the excess of revenues over expenses, consistent with industry practice, include the change in unrealized gains on investments, contributions of long-lived assets (including assets acquired using contributions, which by donor restriction were to be used for the purposes of acquiring such assets), pension-related changes other than net periodic pension costs and other items which are required by generally accepted accounting principles to be reported separately.

(o) Income Tax Status

The Hospital is a not-for-profit corporation as described under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and is exempt from federal income taxes on related income pursuant to Section 501(a) of the Code. The Foundation is a not-for-profit corporation formed under the laws of the state of Maryland, organized for charitable purposes and recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Code.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
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The Corporation follows a threshold of more likely than not for recognition and derecognition of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. Management does not believe that there are any unrecognized tax benefits that should be recognized.

On December 22, 2017, the President signed into law H.R.1, originally known as the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act. The new law includes several provisions that result in substantial changes to the tax treatment of tax-exempt organizations and their donors. The Corporation has reviewed these provisions and the potential impact and has concluded the enactment of H.R.1 will not have a material effect on the operations of the organization.

(p) Donor-Restricted Gifts

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets to the Corporation are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date the promise becomes unconditional. Contributions are reported as either net assets with donor restriction if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction is satisfied, net assets with donor restriction are reclassified as net assets without donor restriction and either reported in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets as net assets released from restrictions for operations net assets released from restrictions for property and equipment. Donor-restricted contributions for operations whose restrictions are met within the same year as received are reported as contributions without donor restriction in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Revenue earned from contributed assets is considered unrestricted unless specifically restricted by the donor. Contributions restricted for the acquisition of land, buildings, and equipment are reported as net assets without donor restriction upon acquisition of the assets and the assets are placed in service.

Contributions to be received after one year are discounted at an appropriate discount rate commensurate with the risks involved. An allowance for uncollectible contributions receivable is provided based upon management's judgment including such factors as prior collection history, type of contributions, and nature of fund-raising activity.

The Corporation follows accounting guidance for classifying the net assets associated with donor-restricted endowment funds held by organizations that are subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA).

(q) New Accounting Pronouncements

The Corporation adopted ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* (Topic 606), in 2019, which serves to supersede most existing revenue guidance, including guidance specific to the healthcare industry. Refer to additional disclosures and discussion in footnote 2(k).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

ASU No. 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities* (Topic 958), was adopted by the Corporation in 2019. This standard amends the requirements for financial statements and notes in Topic 958, Not-for-Profit Entities (NFP), and requires a NFP to:

- Reduce the number of net asset classes presented from three to two, with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions, as presented in the consolidated balance sheets and statement of changes in net assets and footnote 13;
- Require all NFPs to present expenses by their functional and their natural classifications in one location in the financial statements, as presented in footnote 7;
- Require NFPs to provide quantitative and qualitative information about management of liquid resources and availability of financial assets to meet cash needs within one year of the balance sheet date, as presented in footnote 14.

ASU No. 2016-14 was applied by the Corporation, retrospectively, in fiscal year 2019. The adoption of ASU 2016-14 had no impact to results of operations or total net assets. The adoption of the standard required the Corporation to restate balances presented for the year ended June 30, 2018 to compare to the current year.

The FASB issued ASU No. 2018-08, Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made, which clarifies guidance about whether a transfer of assets is a contribution or an exchange transaction. The amendments require an entity to determine whether a resource provider is participating in an exchange transaction by evaluating whether the resource provider is receiving commensurate value in return for the resources transferred. The ASU was adopted in 2019 and did not have a material impact on the results of operations.

The FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases* (Topic 842), which requires leases with terms exceeding twelve months to be presented on-balance sheet by recognizing a lease liability and a right of use asset. The adoption of ASU No. 2016-02 is effective in fiscal year 2020, and will require application of the new guidance at the beginning of the earliest comparable period presented. The adoption of the ASU is expected to increase the Corporation's assets and liabilities but not have a significant impact on the results of operations or cash flows. ASU 2016-02 was amended to provide optional practical expedients as a relief in transition by allowing entities to adopt the standard prospectively without recasting prior comparative periods. The Corporation adopted this option as of July 1, 2019. Adoption of this standard resulted in the addition of approximately \$203,000 in assets and liabilities to the consolidated balance sheet. The Corporation will include new disclosures in 2020 in accordance with Topic 842.

From time to time, new accounting guidance is issued by the FASB or other standard setting bodies that is adopted by the Corporation as of the effective date or, in some cases where early adoption is permitted, in advance of the effective date. The Corporation has assessed the recently issued guidance that is not yet effective and, unless otherwise indicated above, believes the new guidance will not have a material impact on our consolidated financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
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(r) Going Concern

Management evaluates whether there are conditions or events, considered in aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date the financial statements are issued. As of the date of this report, there are no conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about the Corporation's ability to continue as a going concern.

(s) Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(3) Investments and Assets Limited as to Use

The carrying value of assets limited or restricted as to use is summarized as follows at June 30:

	_	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,134,613	1,127,067
U.S. government and agency securities		617,386	_
Corporate obligations		3,970,207	3,010,153
Foreign bonds		346,663	198,456
Common stocks		10,726,318	10,669,460
UMMS investment pool		4,000,000	4,000,000
Self insurance trust funds – MMCIP	_	6,803,424	6,215,305
Total assets limited or restricted as to use		28,598,611	25,220,441
Less amounts available for current liabilities	_	(116,019)	(92,341)
Total assets limited as to use, less current portion	\$_	28,482,592	25,128,100

Board-designated assets represent assets designated by the Hospital's board of trustees for future capital improvements and expansion. The board retains control of these assets and may, at its discretion, subsequently use them for other purposes. The assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, fixed-income securities, equity instruments, and the Hospital's allocation of the UMMS investment pool. As of June 30, 2019 and 2018 the board had designated \$4,022,446 and \$4,011,089, respectively. Investments which are generally considered short term in nature are classified within the total investment and assets limited as to use portfolio based on expected use over the next twelve months.

The Corporation's self-insurance trust funds are held by the Maryland Medicine Comprehensive Insurance Program (MMCIP) for payment of malpractice claims. These assets consist primarily of stocks, fixed-income corporate obligations, and alternative investments. MMCIP is a funding mechanism for the Corporation's malpractice insurance. As MMCIP is not an insurance provider, transactions with MMCIP are recorded under the deposit method of accounting. Accordingly, the Corporation accounts for its

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
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participation in MMCIP by carrying limited-use assets representing the amount of funds contributed to MMCIP and recording a liability for claims, which is included in malpractice liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

The composition and carrying value of investments were as follows at June 30:

	_	2019	2018
U.S. government and agency securities	\$	274,222	
Corporate obligations		1,764,043	732,382
Foreign bonds		154,119	48,285
Common stocks		4,749,934	2,595,921
UMMS investment pool		33,433,892	31,768,678
	\$	40,376,210	35,145,266

The composition and carrying value of total cash and investments held in the UMMS investment pool as of June 30 are as follows:

	-	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,987,641	35,752,037
Corporate bonds		183,587,949	55,661,123
Collateralized corporate obligations		23,963,755	26,880,451
U.S. government and agency securities		27,774,538	29,389,685
Common stocks		173,228,686	206,592,817
Alternative investments	_	479,714,505	514,973,310
	\$_	903,257,074	869,249,423
Hospital's allocation (investments) Hospital's allocation (assets limited as to use)	\$	33,433,892	31,768,678
nospitais allocation (assets littlited as to use)		4,000,000	4,000,000

Investment income and realized and unrealized gains (losses) for investments limited or restricted as to use and other long-term investments are summarized as follows for the years ended June 30:

	_	2019	2018
Interest and dividend income, net of fees	\$	538,852	345,566
Net realized gains on investments and assets limited to use		1,485,560	2,632,501
Change in unrealized gains on trading securities		1,813,918	1,229,324
Net unrealized gains on net assets with donor restrictions		1,086,086	571,988
Net unrealized gains on other-than-trading securities	_		336,315
	\$_	4,924,416	5,115,694

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
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Total investment return is classified in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets, for the years ended June 30, as follows:

	_	2019	2018
Nonoperating investment income	\$	1,330,420	1,684,711
Investment income on net assets with donor restrictions		693,992	1,293,356
Net unrealized gains on net assets with donor restrictions		1,086,086	571,988
Change in unrealized gains of trading securities		1,813,918	1,229,324
Net unrealized gains on other-than-trading securities	_		336,315
	\$	4,924,416	5,115,694

The following table presents assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, excluding alternative investments in the amount of \$17,901,916 for investments and \$2,124,376 for assets limited as to use, which are accounted for under the equity method, as of June 30, 2019:

	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Investments:				
Bonds - Government agency \$	274,222	_	_	274,222
Corporate obligations	1,764,043	_	_	1,764,043
Common stocks	4,749,934	_	_	4,749,934
Foreign bonds	_	154,119	_	154,119
UMMS investment pool	12,789,624	2,742,352		15,531,976
Subtotal	19,577,823	2,896,471		22,474,294
Assets limited as to use:				
Cash and cash equivalents	2,134,613	_	_	2,134,613
Bonds - Government agency	617,386	_	_	617,386
Corporate obligations	3,970,207	_	_	3,970,207
Common stocks	10,726,318	_	_	10,726,318
Foreign bonds	_	346,664	_	346,664
UMMS investment pool	1,544,460	331,163	_	1,875,623
Self insurance trust funds -				
MMCIP		6,803,424		6,803,424
Subtotal	18,992,984	7,481,251		26,474,235
\$	38,570,807	10,377,722		48,948,529

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The following table presents assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, excluding alternative investments in the amount of \$18,767,337 for investments and \$2,369,738 for assets limited as to use, which are accounted for under the equity method, as of June 30, 2018:

	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Investments:				
Corporate obligations \$	732,382	_	_	732,382
Common stocks	2,595,921	_	_	2,595,921
Foreign bonds	_	48,285	_	48,285
UMMS investment pool	10,626,226	2,375,115		13,001,341
Subtotal	13,954,529	2,423,400		16,377,929
Assets limited as to use:				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,127,067	_	_	1,127,067
Corporate obligations	3,010,153	_	_	3,010,153
Common stocks	10,669,460	_	_	10,669,460
Foreign bonds		198,456	_	198,456
UMMS investment pool	1,332,442	297,820	_	1,630,262
Self insurance trust funds -				
MMCIP	<u> </u>	6,215,305		6,215,305
Subtotal	16,139,122	6,711,581		22,850,703
\$	30,093,651	9,134,981		39,228,632

(4) Property and Equipment

A summary of property and equipment and related accumulated depreciation is as follows at June 30:

	_	2019	2018
Land and land improvements	\$	1,607,154	1,587,397
Buildings and fixed equipment		57,019,064	55,776,837
Leasehold improvements		548,204	842,497
Major moveable equipment		11,870,701	13,747,661
Minor equipment		5,862,357	6,551,383
Construction in progress	_	4,584,538	1,631,331
		81,492,018	80,137,106
Less accumulated depreciation		(44,477,326)	(45,039,491)
Property and equipment, net	\$_	37,014,692	35,097,615

Construction in progress includes building and renovation costs for assets that have not yet been placed into service. These costs relate to major construction projects as well as routine renovations under way at the Hospital's facilities.

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(5) Retirement Plans

Employees of the Corporation became eligible to participate in the Baltimore Washington Medical System, Inc.'s (BWMS) noncontributory defined benefit pension plan (the Plan) effective July 1, 1997. In connection with BWMS' sale of 50% interest in the Hospital, this Plan was amended effective July 1, 2006 to become a multiple employer plan whereby the assets and liabilities of this Plan related to the Corporation's participants have been transferred to the Corporation. The Plan covers employees who have completed one year of eligibility service and have reached 21 years of age.

On June 30, 2015 the Baltimore Washington Medical Center Pension Plan was amended to merge two other pension plans into the Baltimore Washington Medical Center Pension Plan and to change the name of the newly consolidated plan to the University of Maryland Medical System Corporate Pension Plan (the Corporate Plan). All provisions of the respective previous plans shall continue to apply to the respective applicable participants. In addition, as of June 30, 2015 all of the assets of the three formerly separate plans that were previously available only to pay benefits for their separate plan participants are now available to pay benefits for all participants under the newly consolidated Corporate Plan.

Under the Plan, upon normal retirement, participants shall be eligible to receive benefits based on the value of their vested accrued benefit. Vested accrued benefits are calculated as the sum of: (a) the present value of a participant's accrued benefit under the previous plan as of June 30, 1989, plus (b) a percentage (3.0% for less than 15 years, 4.0% for years 15 to 19, 5.6% for years 20 to 24, and 7.2% for 25 years and higher) of the participant's annual compensation and compensation in excess of the Social Security Wage Base, as defined, plus (c) annual interest credited at a rate equal to the average yield of six-month U.S. Treasury Bills at the beginning of the plan year.

Vesting begins after three years of participation in the Plan. The funding policy is to make annual contributions to the Plan in amounts sufficient to satisfy the funding standards of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. Pension expense for the defined benefit pension plan was approximately \$598,703 and \$646,941 for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The following table sets forth the change in the benefit obligation and plan assets as of and for the years ended June 30, the measurement date:

	_	2019	2018
Change in projected benefit obligations:			
Benefit obligations at beginning of year	\$	10,262,759	9,721,683
Settlements		_	(325,123)
Service cost		650,338	658,042
Interest cost		434,885	382,183
Actuarial loss (gain)		591,894	(168,746)
Benefits paid		(179,054)	(5,280)
Projected benefit obligations at end of year	\$	11,760,822	10,262,759

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
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	_	2019	2018
Change in plan assets:			
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	9,909,491	8,980,495
Actual return on plan assets		666,696	459,399
Settlements		_	(325,123)
Employer contributions		800,000	800,000
Benefits paid		(179,054)	(5,280)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$_	11,197,133	9,909,491
Accumulated benefit obligation at end of year	\$	11,457,823	9,834,316

The funded status of the Plan and amounts recognized as other long-term liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets at June 30 are as follows:

	_	2019	2018
Funded status, end of period: Fair value of plan assets Projected benefit obligations	\$	11,197,133 11,760,822	9,909,491 10,262,759
Funded status	\$	(563,689)	(353,268)
Amounts recognized in net assets without donor restriction as of June 30:	Φ.	(0.000.050)	(4.070.000)
Net actuarial loss Unamortized prior service cost	\$ 	(2,390,856) (9,547)	(1,976,896) (11,789)
	\$_	(2,400,403)	(1,988,685)

The estimated amounts that will be amortized from net assets with donor restriction into net periodic pension cost in fiscal 2019 are as follows:

Net actuarial loss	\$	170,778
Prior service cost	_	2,242
	\$	173,020

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The components of net periodic pension cost for the years ended June 30 are as follows:

	2019		2018	
Service cost	\$	650,338	658,042	
Interest cost		434,885	382,183	
Expected return on plan assets		(627,644)	(614,276)	
Amortization of prior service cost		2,242	2,442	
Amortization of net actuarial loss		138,882	218,550	
	\$	598,703	646,941	

Components of net benefit cost other than the service cost of \$650,338 and \$685,042 were recorded in other nonoperating income and expenses, net in the consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. Service cost is included as a component of fringe benefits, which is recorded as salaries, wages, and benefits in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets.

The information below related to the assumptions relates to the entire Plan. Certain information related to the Corporation is not separately identifiable.

The following table presents the weighted average assumptions used to determine benefit obligations for the Plan at June 30:

	2019	2018	
Discount rate	3.70 %	4.39 %	
Rate of compensation increase	3.00	3.00	

The following table presents the weighted average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit cost for the Plan for the years ended June 30:

	2019	2018	
Discount rate	4.39 %	4.1/3.85%	
Expected long-term return on plan assets	6.25	6.50	
Rate of compensation increase	3.00	3.00	

All of the Plan's assets are held in the UMMS Master Pension Trust (the Master Trust), which was established during the year ended June 30, 2012 for the investment assets of multiple-sponsored retirement plans. Each participating plan has an undivided interest in the Master Trust. The Plan's percentage interest in the net assets of the Master Trust was approximately 6.9% and 6.2% at June 30, 2019 and 2018. Investment income and administrative expenses relating to the Master Trust are allocated to the individual plans based on this percentage.

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The fair values of total cash and investments held in the Master Trust are as follows as of June 30:

	_	2019	2018
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,034,652	3,165,125
Bonds – corporate		6,956,332	_
Bonds – government and agency		4,153,678	_
Common and preferred stocks		12,106,868	10,751,942
Equity mutual funds		21,139,906	18,351,267
Fixed-income mutual funds		13,345,457	12,081,870
Other mutual funds		14,598,969	12,720,183
Alternative investments	_	85,912,562	102,453,322
Total Master Trust cash and investments	\$_	163,248,424	159,523,709
Plan's interest in Master Trust	\$	11,197,133	9,909,491

The investment policies of the Master Trust incorporate asset allocation and investment strategies designed to earn superior returns on plan assets consistent with reasonable and prudent levels of risk. Investments are diversified across classes, sectors, and manager style to minimize the risk of loss. The Master Trust uses investment managers specializing in each asset category, and regularly monitors performance and compliance with investment guidelines. In developing the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption, the Master Trust considered the current level of expected returns on risk-free investments, the historical level of the risk premium associated with the other asset classes in which the portfolio is invested, and the expectations for future returns of each asset class. The expected return for each asset class was then weighted based on the target allocation to develop the expected long-term rate of return on assets assumption for the portfolio.

The Plan's target allocation and weighted average asset allocations at the measurement date of June 30, by asset category, are as follows:

	Target	Percentage of plan assets as of June 30		
Asset category	allocation	2019	2018	
Cash and cash equivalents	0–10%	4 %	2 %	
Equity securities	30–50%	41	23	
Fixed-income securities	25–45%	28	38	
Global asset allocation	10–20%	17	27	
Hedge funds	5–15%	10	10	
		100 %	100 %	

Equity and fixed-income securities include investments in hedge fund of funds that are categorized in accordance with the fund's respective investment holdings.

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The table below presents the Master Trust's and the Plan's allocated share of investments as of June 30, 2019 aggregated by the fair value hierarchies as described in note 2(e):

		Level I	Level II	Level III	Investments Reported at NAV*	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	107,588	4,927,064	_	_	5,034,652
Bonds – corporate		6,956,332	_	_	_	6,956,332
Bonds – government and agency		4,153,678	_	_	_	4,153,678
Common and preferred stocks		12,106,868	_	_	_	12,106,868
Equity mutual funds		21,139,906	_	_	_	21,139,906
Fixed-income mutual funds		13,345,457	_	_	_	13,345,457
Other mutual funds		14,598,969	_	_	_	14,598,969
Alternative investments	-	8,132,473	32,525,218		45,254,871	85,912,562
	\$	80,541,271	37,452,282		45,254,871	163,248,424
The Plan's allocation	\$	5,525,327	2,568,364	_	3,103,442	11,197,133

^{*} Fund investments reported at NAV as practical expedient estimate

The table below presents the Master Trust's and the Plan's allocated share of investments as of June 30, 2018 aggregated by the fair value hierarchies as described in note 2(e):

	_	Level I	Level II	Level III	Investments Reported at NAV*	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(7,137)	3,172,261	_	_	3,165,124
Common and preferred stocks		10,751,942	· · · · · —	_	_	10,751,942
Equity mutual funds		18,351,267	_	_	_	18,351,267
Fixed-income mutual funds		12,081,870	_	_	_	12,081,870
Other mutual funds		12,720,183	_	_	_	12,720,183
Alternative investments	_	19,054,137	28,951,412		54,447,773	102,453,322
	\$_	72,952,262	32,123,673		54,447,773	159,523,708
The Plan's allocation	\$	4,532,922	1,995,059	_	3,381,510	9,909,491

^{*} Fund investments reported at NAV as practical expedient estimate

Alternative investments include hedge funds and commingled investment funds. The majority of these alternative investments held as of June 30, 2019 are subject to notice requirements of 30 days or less and are available to be redeemed on at least a monthly basis. There are funds, totaling \$56,000,000, which are subject to notice requirements of 30-60 days and are available to be redeemed on a monthly or quarterly basis. Funds totaling \$14,500,000 are subject to notice requirements of 90 days and can be redeemed monthly or quarterly. Of these funds, one fund totaling \$2,100,000 is subject to a lock-up restriction of three years. In addition, one fund totaling \$13,000 is subject to lockup restrictions and is not available to be

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redeemed until certain time restrictions are met, which range from one to three years. The Corporation had no unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2019.

The majority of these alternative investments held as of June 30, 2018 are subject to notice requirements of 30 days or less and are available to be redeemed on at least a monthly basis. There are funds, totaling \$14,400,000, which are subject to notice requirements of 30-60 days and are available to be redeemed on a monthly or quarterly basis. Funds totaling \$13,400,000 are subject to notice requirements of 90 days and can be redeemed monthly or quarterly. Of these funds, one fund totaling \$1,200,000 is subject to a lock-up restriction of three years. The Corporation had no unfunded commitments as of June 30, 2018.

The Corporation expects to contribute approximately \$800,000 to its defined benefit pension plans for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future employee service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid from plan assets in the following years ending June 30:

2020	\$ 825,351
2021	755,210
2022	749,884
2023	774,237
2024	672,232
2025–2029	4,245,495

The expected benefits to be paid are based on the same assumptions used to measure the Corporation's benefit obligation at June 30, 2019.

The Corporation also has a 403(b) retirement plan (Retirement Plan) covering substantially all employees. Employees are immediately eligible for elective deferrals of compensation as contributions to the Retirement Plan. The Retirement Plan currently has a discretionary provision for employer matching contributions.

(6) Leases

The Corporation rents office and clinical space from Prince George's County Hospital and administrative space from an unrelated third party. Total rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 was \$266,768 and \$227,316, respectively. The Prince George's County lease is for a period of one year, with additional one year renewal options for an unidentified period of time, and therefore, there are no future obligations on the lease. The initial term for the administrative space is 5 years, with additional one year renewal options for an unidentified period of time.

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Future noncancelable minimum lease payments under operating leases are as follows for the years ending June 30:

2020	\$ 51,001
2021	52,531
2022	54,107
2023	46,211
	\$ 203,850

(7) Functional Expenses

The Corporation considers healthcare services and management and general to be its primary functional categories for purposes of expense classification. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among healthcare services and management and general. Depreciation is allocated based on square footage. The Hospital's operating expenses by functional classification for the years ended June 30 is as follows:

			2019	
		Healthcare	Management	
		services	and general	Total
Salaries, wages, and benefits \$	5	36,895,149	4,890,695	41,785,844
Purchased services and supplies		12,189,031	3,887,566	16,076,597
Depreciation and amortization		3,437,310	258,325	3,695,635
Interest expense		135,060		135,060
Total \$	S _	52,656,550	9,036,586	61,693,136
			2018	
		Healthcare	Management	
	_	services	and general	Total
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$	35,491,173	4,652,052	40,143,225
Purchased services and supplies		12,048,546	2,719,360	14,767,906
Depreciation and amortization		3,420,942	257,095	3,678,037
Interest expense	_	121,266		121,266
Total	\$_	51,081,927	7,628,507	58,710,434

(8) Maryland Health Services Cost Review Commission (HSCRC)

Most of the Hospital's revenues are subject to review and approval by the Maryland Health Services Cost Review Commission (HSCRC). Hospital management has filed the required forms with the HSCRC and believes the Hospital to be in compliance with the HSCRC's requirements.

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The current rate of reimbursement for services to patients under the Medicare and Medicaid programs is based on an agreement between the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and the HSCRC. This agreement is based upon a waiver from Medicare reimbursement principles under Section 1814(b) of the Social Security Act and will continue as long as certain conditions are met. Management believes that this program will remain in effect at least through June 30, 2019.

Patient service revenue is recorded at established rates regulated by the HSCRC. Such rates are adjusted prospectively giving effect to, among other things, the projected impact of inflation, and variances between actual unit rates and previously approved unit rates (price variances) during the previous year.

The timing of the HSCRC's adjustment for the Hospital could result in an increase or reduction in rates (revenue) due to the variances described above in a year subsequent to the year in which the variances occur. The Hospital's policy is to accrue revenue based on actual charges for services to patients in the year in which the services are performed.

(9) Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt, including current maturities of Maryland Health and Higher Education Facilities Authority Series D Revenue Bonds, totaled \$4,308,823 and \$4,663,692 at June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The bonds were issued on November 1, 2007, interest payable monthly at a variable rate payable in fiscal years 2010 through 2029. Interest rates during fiscal year 2019 ranged from 1.06% to 2.39%.

The annual future maturities of long-term debt according to the original terms of the Loan Agreement are as follows for the years ending June 30:

2020	\$ 375,000
2021	400,000
2022	410,000
2023	425,000
2024	455,000
Thereafter	 2,290,000
Total debt	4,355,000
Unamortized deferred financing costs	 (46,177)
	\$ 4,308,823

The Corporation's Series D Revenue Bonds are variable rate demand bonds requiring remarketing agents to purchase and remarket any bonds tendered before the stated maturity date. To provide liquidity support for the timely payment of any bonds that are not successfully remarketed, the Corporation has entered into a Security Agreement and obtained an irrevocable letter of credit for \$7,668,740. If the bonds are not successfully remarketed, the Corporation is required to pay an interest rate specified in the letter of credit agreement, and the principal repayment of bonds may be accelerated, at the sole discretion of the bank, to require full repayment of the outstanding balance on the mandatory prepayment date, which is on or after February 28, 2022, as defined in the Amendment to Loan Agreement. The Corporation has reflected the

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current portion of its long-term debt that is subject to these remarketing arrangements as a component of current liabilities as of June 30, 2018 due to the mandatory prepayment date of February 28, 2019 which was renewed on January 4, 2019. As of June 30, 2019, the Corporation did not have any amounts outstanding on the letter of credit.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, \$4,355,000 represents the approximate required repayment terms of the Corporation's debt obligations in the event that the put options associated with variable rate demand bonds subject to the remarketing agreement were exercised, but the related bonds were not successfully remarketed.

The Loan Agreement contains certain restrictive covenants, including requirements that rates and charges be set at certain levels, that incurrence of additional debt be limited, and that compliance with certain operating ratios be maintained. As further security under the Loan Agreement, the Foundation has quaranteed the Corporation's repayment of principal and interest due on the bonds.

(10) Insurance

(a) Professional Liability Insurance

In connection with the affiliation agreement with UMMS and effective July 1, 2006, the Corporation became self-insured with respect to professional and general liability through its participation in the Maryland Medicine Comprehensive Insurance Program Self Insurance Trust (the Trust). The Corporation is self-insured for claims up to the limits of \$1,000,000 on individual claims and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate on an annual basis. For amounts in excess of these limits, the risk of loss has been transferred to the Terrapin Insurance Company (Terrapin), an unconsolidated joint venture of UMMS. For the year ended June 30, 2019, Terrapin provided insurance for claims related to UMMS and the Corporation for claims in excess of \$1,000,000 on individual claims and \$3,000,000 in the aggregate up to \$150,000,000 individually and \$150,000,000 in the aggregate under modified claims made policies between the aforementioned entities and Terrapin. For claims in excess of Terrapin's coverage limits, if any, the Corporation retains the risk of loss.

The Corporation provides for and funds the present value of the costs for professional and general liability claims and insurance coverage related to the projected liability from asserted and unasserted incidents, which the Corporation believes may ultimately result in a loss. In management's opinion, these accruals provide an adequate and appropriate loss reserve. Malpractice liabilities include \$1,658,308 and \$1,376,586 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, respectively, for which related reinsurance receivables have been recorded within other assets.

The Corporation may become involved in claims and litigation on malpractice matters that arise in the normal course of business, none of which, in the opinion of management, is expected to result in losses in excess of insurance limits or have a materially adverse effect on the Corporation's financial position.

Total malpractice insurance expense for the Corporation in 2019 and 2018 was \$290,571 and \$491,902, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(b) Workers' Compensation

The Corporation is insured against workers' compensation claims through membership in the Maryland Hospital Association Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Group. Premiums are paid quarterly and adjusted yearly based on the group's actual experience.

(c) Health Insurance

The Corporation maintains a self-insurance plan for employee health insurance. The Corporation has accrued \$519,000 and \$499,000 as of June 30, 2019 and 2018, for estimated claims incurred but not reported, which are included in accrued payroll benefits.

(11) Business and Credit Concentrations

The Corporation provides services to patients in the Baltimore Metropolitan area, the majority of whom are under the age of 18 and are covered by third-party health insurance or state Medicaid programs. Insurance coverage and credit information is obtained from patients upon admission when available. The Corporation bills the insurer directly for services provided. No collateral is obtained for accounts receivable.

The Corporation maintains cash accounts with highly rated financial institutions which generally exceed federally insured limits. The Corporation has not experienced any losses from maintaining cash accounts in excess of federally insured limits, and as such, management does not believe the Corporation is subject to any significant credit risks related to this practice.

Receivables from patients and third-party payors consisted of the following at June 30:

	2019	2018
Medicaid	74 %	67 %
Blue Cross	10	14
Commercial insurance and HMO	9	13
Self-pay and others	7	6
	100 %	100 %

Net patient service revenue, by payor class, consisted of the following at June 30:

	2019	2018
Medicaid	76 %	76 %
Blue Cross	13	13
Commercial insurance and HMO	10	10
Self-pay and others	1	1
	100 %	100 %

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
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(12) Endowment

The Corporation's endowment consists of four individual funds established based on donor-imposed restrictions. Net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence of donor-imposed restrictions.

(a) Interpretation of Relevant Law

The board of trustees has interpreted UPMIFA as requiring that donor-restricted endowment funds be managed with the long-term objective of at least maintaining the real value (after inflation) of the funds. The Corporation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the directions of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund is classified in net assets with donor restrictions until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the board of trustees in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Corporation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- 1. The duration and preservation of the fund
- 2. The purposes of the Corporation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- 3. General economic conditions
- 4. The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- 5. The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- 6. The other resources of the Corporation
- 7. The investment policies of the Corporation

Changes in endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 consist of the following:

	Without donor restriction	With donor restriction	Total
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2017 Investment return, net	\$ 	11,401,761 2,688,127	11,401,761 2,688,127
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2018 Investment return, net Amount appropriated for expenditures	_ 	14,089,888 1,776,276 (1,000,000)	14,089,888 1,776,276 (1,000,000)
Endowment net assets, June 30, 2019	\$ 	14,866,164	14,866,164

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(b) Funds with Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with an individual donor-restricted endowment fund may fall below the original value of the fund. As of June 30, 2019, there have been no deficiencies of this nature. Subsequent gains that restore the fair value of the assets of the endowment fund to the required level will be classified as an increase in net assets without donor restriction, as appropriate.

(c) Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Foundation has adopted investment and funding policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Under the investment policy, as approved by the board of trustees, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to produce results that exceed the price and yield results of a benchmark that includes the S&P 500, Barclays Government/Credit, and T-Bill Index while assuming a moderate level of investment risk. The Foundation expects its endowment funds, over three to five years, to provide an average annual real rate of return of at least 5%. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

(13) Net Assets with Donor Restrictions

The Corporation classifies net assets based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Donor restricted net assets consist for the following purposes at June 30:

		2019		2018
Subject to expenditure for specific purpose:				
Funds to be used for programs and capital projects	\$	3,787,920		1,903,638
Callaway fund		30,185		26,383
Endowment funds to be used for renovations		2,987,946		3,516,592
Endowment funds, other		11,053,047		9,748,125
Total expenditures for specific purposes Investments in perpetuity	_	17,859,098		15,194,738
Endowment funds to be used for renovations		5,000		5,000
Endowment funds, other		820,171		820,171
Total investments in perpetuity		825,171		825,171
Total net assets with donor restrictions	\$	18,684,269	\$_	16,019,909

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

(14) Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The Corporation had financial assets available to management for general expenditures within one year of the financial reporting date, or June 30, 2019 and 2018 as follows:

	_	2019	2018
Financial Assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,078,131	21,837,485
Accounts receivable, net		10,159,363	8,515,644
Board-designated assets limited as to use		4,022,446	4,011,089
Investments	_	40,376,210	35,145,266
Total financial assets available within one year		74,636,150	69,509,484
Liquidity Resource:			
Letter of Credit		4,605,301	4,782,818
Less:			
Amounts unavailable for general expenditures within one year due to:			
Alternative investments subject to lockup restrictions	_	932,790	1,027,440
Total financial assets and liquidity resources			
available within one year	\$_	78,308,661	73,264,862

(15) Certain Significant Risks and Uncertainties

The Corporation provides pediatric rehabilitation and specialty services in the state of Maryland. The Corporation and other healthcare providers in Maryland are subject to certain inherent risks, including the following:

- Dependence on revenues derived from reimbursement by the state Medicaid programs;
- Regulation of hospital rates by the State of Maryland Health Services Cost Review Commission:
- Government regulation, government budgetary constraints, and proposed legislative and regulatory changes; and
- Lawsuits alleging malpractice and related claims.

Such inherent risks require the use of certain management estimates in the preparation of the Corporation's consolidated financial statements, and it is reasonably possible that a change in such estimates may occur.

The state Medicaid reimbursement programs represent a substantial portion of the Corporation's revenues and the Corporation's operations are subject to a variety of other federal, state, and local regulatory requirements. Failure to maintain required regulatory approvals and licenses and/or changes in such regulatory requirements could have a significant adverse effect on the Corporation.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and Schedules
June 30, 2019 and 2018

Changes in federal and state reimbursement funding mechanisms and related government budgetary constraints could have a significant adverse effect on the Corporation.

The healthcare industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations from federal, state, and local governments. The Corporation's compliance with these laws and regulations can be subject to periodic governmental review and interpretation, which can result in regulatory action unknown or unasserted at this time. Management is aware of certain asserted and unasserted legal claims and regulatory matters arising in the ordinary course of business, none of which, in the opinion of management, is expected to result in losses in excess of insurance limits or have a materially adverse effect on the Corporation's financial position.

The federal government and many states have aggressively increased enforcement under Medicaid anti-fraud and abuse laws and physician self-referral laws (STARK law and regulation). Recent federal initiatives have prompted a national review of federally funded healthcare programs. In addition, the federal government and many states have implemented programs to audit and recover potential overpayments to providers from the Medicaid program. The Corporation has implemented a compliance program to monitor conformance with applicable laws and regulations, but the possibility of future government review and enforcement action exists.

The general healthcare industry environment is increasingly uncertain, especially with respect to the impact of Federal healthcare reform legislation, which was passed in 2010 and largely upheld by the U.S. Supreme Court in June 2012. Potential impacts of ongoing healthcare industry transformation include, but are not limited to (1) significant capital investments in healthcare information technology, (2) continuing volatility in the state and federal government reimbursement programs, (3) lack of clarity related to the health benefit exchange framework mandated by reform legislation, including important open questions regarding exchange reimbursement levels, and impact on the healthcare "demand curve" as the previously uninsured enter the insurance system, and (4) effective management of multiple major regulatory mandates, including the transition to ICD-10.

(16) Subsequent Events

The Corporation evaluated all events and transaction that occurred after June 30, 2019 and through October 28, 2019. Other than described in note 2(q), the Corporation did not have any material recognizable subsequent events during the period.

Consolidating Balance Sheet Information
June 30, 2019

Assets	ı 	Mt. Washington Pediatric Hospital, Inc.	Mt. Washington Pediatric Foundation, Inc.	Mt. Washington Pediatric Community Health Services, LLC	Elimination entries	Consolidated total
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Current portion of assets limited as to use Patient accounts receivable, net Other accounts receivable Inventories of supplies	\$	18,564,882 116,019 8,662,971 1,952,836 201,505	1,231,982 — — — —	281,267 — — 43,556 —	(500,000)	20,078,131 116,019 8,662,971 1,496,392 201,505
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	_	218,614				218,614
Total current assets	_	29,716,827	1,231,982	324,823	(500,000)	30,773,632
Investments		33,433,892	6,942,318	_	_	40,376,210
Assets limited as to use, less current portion: Board-designated funds Eliasberg Construction Fund Funds restricted by donor Self-insurance trust funds	_	4,022,446 — 2,112,167 6,687,405	 1,249,449 14,411,125 	_ _ _ 	_ _ _ 	4,022,446 1,249,449 16,523,292 6,687,405
		12,822,018	15,660,574	_	_	28,482,592
Property and equipment, net Economic interest in net assets of the Foundation Other assets		37,014,692 23,126,912 1,658,308	_ _ _	_ _ _	— (23,126,912) —	37,014,692 — 1,658,308
Total assets	\$	137,772,649	23,834,874	324,823	(23,626,912)	138,305,434
Liabilities and Net Assets	_					
Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt Trade accounts payable Accrued payroll benefits Advances from third-party payors Current portion of malpractice liabilities Due to affiliates	\$	369,869 4,171,826 4,926,605 3,471,792 116,019 1,178,740	707,962 — — — —		(500,000) — — — —	369,869 4,379,788 4,926,605 3,471,792 116,019 1,461,128
Total current liabilities		14,234,851	707,962	282,388	(500,000)	14,725,201
Malpractice liabilities Accrued pension obligations Long-term debt, less current portion	_	2,702,474 563,689 3,938,954			_ _ 	2,702,474 563,689 3,938,954
Total liabilities		21,439,968	707,962	282,388	(500,000)	21,930,318
Net assets: Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions	_	97,648,412 18,684,269	8,230,563 14,896,349	42,435	(8,230,563) (14,896,349)	97,690,847 18,684,269
Total net assets	_	116,332,681	23,126,912	42,435	(23,126,912)	116,375,116
Total liabilities and net assets	\$_	137,772,649	23,834,874	324,823	(23,626,912)	138,305,434

Consolidating Balance Sheet Information
June 30, 2018

Assets		Mt. Washington Pediatric Hospital, Inc.	Mt. Washington Pediatric Foundation, Inc.	Mt. Washington Pediatric Community Health Services, LLC	Elimination entries	Consolidated total
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Current portion of assets limited as to use Patient accounts receivable, net Other accounts receivable Inventories of supplies	\$	17,449,666 92,341 7,100,125 1,387,144 170,900	4,305,350 — — — —	82,469 — — 28,375 —	_ _ _ _	21,837,485 92,341 7,100,125 1,415,519 170,900
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		216,783	49,049			265,832
Total current assets		26,416,959	4,354,399	110,844		30,882,202
Investments		31,768,678	3,376,588	_	_	35,145,266
Assets limited as to use, less current portion: Board-designated funds Eliasberg Construction Fund Funds restricted by donor Self-insurance trust funds		4,011,089 — 1,115,978 6,122,964	1,249,449 12,628,620 —	_ _ 		4,011,089 1,249,449 13,744,598 6,122,964
		11,250,031	13,878,069	_	_	25,128,100
Property and equipment, net Economic interest in net assets of the Foundation Other assets		35,097,615 21,433,730 1,376,586			(21,433,730)	35,097,615 — 1,376,586
Total assets	\$	127,343,599	21,609,056	110,844	(21,433,730)	127,629,769
Liabilities and Net Assets	•					
Current liabilities: Current portion of long-term debt Trade accounts payable Accrued payroll benefits Advances from third-party payors Current portion of malpractice liabilities Due to affiliates Long-term debt subject to short-term remarketing arrangements	\$	354,930 4,331,972 4,710,922 3,574,033 92,341 332,013 4,308,762	175,326 — — — — — —	 76,843	- - - - -	354,930 4,507,298 4,710,922 3,574,033 92,341 408,856 4,308,762
Total current liabilities		17,704,973	175,326	76,843	_	17,957,142
Malpractice liabilities Accrued pension obligations		2,300,000 353,268				2,300,000 353,268
Total liabilities		20,358,241	175,326	76,843		20,610,410
Net assets: Without donor restrictions With donor restrictions		90,965,449 16,019,909	7,317,459 14,116,271	34,001	(7,317,459) (14,116,271)	90,999,450 16,019,909
Total net assets		106,985,358	21,433,730	34,001	(21,433,730)	107,019,359
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	127,343,599	21,609,056	110,844	(21,433,730)	127,629,769

Consolidating Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets Information Year ended June 30, 2019

	-	Mt. Washington Pediatric Hospital, Inc.	Mt. Washington Pediatric Foundation, Inc.	Mt. Washington Pediatric Community Health Services, LLC	Elimination entries	Consolidated total
Operating revenue, gains, and other support: Net patient service revenue Other revenue	\$	64,166,358 914,703		215,992 20,700	(554,534)	64,382,350 380,869
Total operating revenue, gains, and other support	_	65,081,061		236,692	(554,534)	64,763,219
Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits Purchased services Interest expense Depreciation Total operating expenses	-	41,601,884 16,032,300 135,060 3,695,634 61,464,878		183,963 44,295 — — — 228,258		41,785,847 16,076,595 135,060 3,695,634 61,693,136
Operating income	_	3,616,183		8,434	(554,534)	3,070,083
Nonoperating income and expenses, net: Contributions Investment income, net Change in unrealized gains of trading securities Other income and expenses, net Support from Mt. Washington Pediatric Foundation, Inc.	_	671,548 903,263 835,467 51,635	62,030 427,157 978,451 — (1,554,534)		 1,554,534	733,578 1,330,420 1,813,918 51,635
Total nonoperating income and expense	_	2,461,913	(86,896)		1,554,534	3,929,551
Excess of revenues over expenses		6,078,096	(86,896)	8,434	1,000,000	6,999,634
Net unrealized gains on other-than-trading securities Change in funded status of defined benefit plan Change in economic interest in the Foundation Net assets released from restrictions used for purchase of property and equipment	_	(411,718) 913,104 103,481	1,000,000		(913,104) (1,000,000)	(411,718) — 103,481
Increase in net assets without donor restrictions	_	6,682,963	913,104	8,434	(913,104)	6,691,397
Changes in net assets with donor restrictions: Contributions Investment income, net Net unrealized gains on investments with donor restrictions Change in economic interest in the Foundation Net assets released from restrictions used for operations Net assets released from restrictions used for purchase of property and equipment		2,542,297 ————————————————————————————————————	693,992 1,086,086 — — (1,000,000)	- - - -	(1,554,534) — — (780,078) 554,534	987,763 693,992 1,086,086 — — (103,481)
Increase in net assets with donor restrictions	-					
	-	2,664,360	780,078	9 424	(780,078)	2,664,360
Total increase in net assets		9,347,323	1,693,182	8,434	(1,693,182)	9,355,757
Net assets, beginning of year	_	106,985,358	21,433,730	34,001	(21,433,730)	107,019,359
Net assets, end of year	Φ=	116,332,681	23,126,912	42,435	(23,126,912)	116,375,116

Consolidating Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets Information Year ended June 30, 2018

		It. Washington Pediatric Hospital, Inc.	Mt. Washington Pediatric Foundation, Inc.	Mt. Washington Pediatric Community Health Services, LLC	Elimination entries	Consolidated total
Operating revenue, gains, and other support:						
Net patient service revenue Other revenue	\$	61,906,797 980,540		103,341	<u> </u>	62,010,138 331,678
Total operating revenue, gains, and other support	_	62,887,337		103,341	(648,862)	62,341,816
Operating expenses: Salaries, wages, and benefits Purchased services Interest expense Depreciation	_	40,084,274 14,745,860 121,266 3,678,036	_ _ 	58,951 22,047 — —	_ _ 	40,143,225 14,767,907 121,266 3,678,036
Total operating expenses	_	58,629,436		80,998		58,710,434
Operating income	_	4,257,901		22,343	(648,862)	3,631,382
Nonoperating income and expenses, net: Contributions Investment income, net Change in unrealized gains of trading securities Other income and expenses, net Support from Mt. Washington Pediatric Foundation, Inc.	_	570,721 896,540 1,229,324 11,101	65,393 788,171 — — — (648,862)			636,114 1,684,711 1,229,324 11,101
Total nonoperating income and expense	_	2,707,686	204,702		648,862	3,561,250
Excess of revenues over expenses		6,965,587	204,702	22,343	_	7,192,632
Net unrealized gains on other-than-trading securities Change in funded status of defined benefit plan Change in economic interest in the Foundation	_	234,861 541,017	336,315 			336,315 234,861 —
Increase in net assets without donor restrictions	_	7,741,465	541,017	22,343	(541,017)	7,763,808
Changes in net assets with donor restrictions: Contributions Investment income, net Net unrealized gains on investments with donor restrictions		1,428,327 — —	 1,293,356 571,988	_ _ _	(648,862) — —	779,465 1,293,356 571,988
Change in economic interest in the Foundation		1,865,344	-	_	(1,865,344)	— — —
Net assets released from restrictions used for operations	_	(648,862)			648,862	
Increase in net assets with donor restrictions	_	2,644,809	1,865,344		(1,865,344)	2,644,809
Total increase in net assets		10,386,274	2,406,361	22,343	(2,406,361)	10,408,617
Net assets, beginning of year	_	96,599,084	19,027,369	11,658	(19,027,369)	96,610,742
Net assets, end of year	\$_	106,985,358	21,433,730	34,001	(21,433,730)	107,019,359