# COHEN RUTHERFORD + KNIGHT.

Certified Public Accountants

# Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries

June 30, 2013 and 2012

## Audited Consolidated Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

## Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries

June 30, 2013 and 2012

## -Contents-

#### Audited Consolidated Financial Statements

Report of Independent Auditor	1
Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
Consolidated Statements of Operations	5
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets	6
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	9
Other Financial Information	
Report of Independent Auditor on Other Financial Information	62
Consolidating Balance Sheet Information	633
Consolidating Statement of Operations Information	65





#### Report of Independent Auditor

The Board of Trustees Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Baltimore, MD

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, and the related consolidated statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

Tel: 301.828.1000 Fax: 301.530.3625

CR+K

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, and the consolidated results of its operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cohen, Rutherford + Knight, P.C.

October 10, 2013

## Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets (Dollars in thousands)

	June 30,			,
		2013		2012
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS				
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$	81,451	\$	85,391
Current portion of funds held by trustee or authority Note E		12,049		11,128
Resident prepayment deposits		637		710
Patient accounts receivable, net Note B		43,660		35,683
Other amounts receivable, net		3,319		3,829
Current pledges receivable, net Note C		4,907		6,426
Inventory		7,527		7,352
Other current assets		4,548		5,192
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		158,098		155,712
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net Note D		548,626		554,769
INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS				
Funds held by trustee or authority, less current portion $N$ ote $E$		24,101		24,781
Board designated and donor restricted investments Note F		130,506		119,398
Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments		62,048		48,691
Long-term investments		15,976		27,314
Long-term pledges receivable, net Note C		10,175		11,639
Investments in and advances to affiliates Note G		329		329
Reinsurance balances receivable or recoverable Note I		10,018		2,555
Other assets $Note H$		16,433		13,931
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	976,311	\$	959,118

## Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Balance Sheets - Continued (Dollars in thousands)

	June		
	 2013		2012
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current maturities of long-term debt Note J	\$ 8,597	\$	8,468
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	75,915		74,784
Resident prepayment deposits	636		710
Construction retainage	2,042		1,802
Line of credit	8,000	_	0
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	95,190		85,764
Long-term debt Note J	441,523		448,900
Accrued interest	17		3,372
Provision for outstanding losses Note I	58,205		37,258
Post-retirement obligation Note M	5,575		7,509
Other long-term liabilities Note W	40,269		54,781
TOTAL LIABILITIES	640,779		637,584
NET ASSETS			
Unrestricted	303,625		287,987
Temporarily restricted Note P	29,729		31,369
Permanently restricted Notes P and V	2,178		2,178
TOTAL NET ASSETS	 335,532		321,534
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES</b> Notes I, J, L, $M$ , $N$ , $R$ and $U$			
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 976,311	\$	959,118

## Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Operations (Dollars in thousands)

	Year Ended June 30, 2013 2012			
REVENUE				
Patient service revenue				
(net of allowances and discounts) Notes B and S	\$	603,249	\$	585,355
Provision for bad debts		(30,285)		(31,999)
Net patient service revenue		572,964		553,356
Other operating revenue		25,990		28,145
Net assets released from restriction used for operations		3,394		2,673
TOTAL REVENUE		602,348		584,174
EXPENSES Note Q				
Salaries and benefits		330,572		321,009
Medical and surgical supplies		54,336		49,990
Pharmacy supplies		32,848		33,125
Other expendable supplies		26,627		27,361
Professional fees		15,324		15,516
Insurance		25,397		12,218
Other purchased services		53,392		47,374
Interest expense		19,617		20,114
Repairs		10,976		10,112
Depreciation and amortization		37,545		36,726
TOTAL EXPENSES		606,633		573,544
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(4,285)		10,630
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)				
Investment income Note F		4,010		228
Net unrealized gains (losses) on trading securities Note F		1,334		(2,073)
Gain (loss) on early extinguishment of debt		2,649		(1,290)
Unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swaps		13,497		(19,551)
Equity in joint ventures $Note G$		546		571
Loss on asset disposal		(17)		0
Asset abandonment Note X		(7,826)		0
Other		(652)		54
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)		13,540		(22,061)
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES				
(EXPENSES OVER REVENUE)		9,255		(11,431)
Changes to post retirement plans obligations $Notes M$ and $N$		2,939		(1,680)
Net assets released from restrictions for the purchase of				
property and equipment		3,444		6,810
Reclassification of net assets		0		(300)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN				
UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS	\$	15,638	\$	(6,600)

Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets (Dollars in thousands)

	Unrestricted		Unrestricted				Temporarily restricted				Permanently restricted		Total
Net assets, June 30, 2011	\$	294,587	\$	35,689	\$	2,178	\$ 332,454						
Excess of expenses over revenue  Net assets released from  restrictions for the purchase		(11,431)		0		0	(11,431)						
of property and equipment Restricted gifts, bequests,		6,810		(6,810)		0	0						
and contributions Changes to post retirement plans		0		4,790		0	<b>4,</b> 790						
obligations Notes $M$ and $N$		(1,680)		0		0	(1,680)						
Reclassification of net assets Net assets released from		(300)		374		0	74						
restrictions used for operations		0		(2,673)		0	 (2,673)						
Change in net assets		(6,600)		(4,320)		0	 (10,920)						
Net assets, June 30, 2012	\$	287,987	\$	31,369	\$	2,178	\$ 321,534						
Excess of revenue over expenses  Net assets released from  restrictions for the purchase		9,255		0		0	9,255						
of property and equipment Restricted gifts, bequests,		3,444		(3,444)		0	0						
and contributions Changes to post retirement plans		0		5,198		0	5,198						
obligations <i>Notes M and N</i> Net assets released from		2,939		0		0	2,939						
restrictions used for operations		0		(3,394)		0	(3,394)						
Change in net assets		15,638		(1,640)		0	 13,998						
Net assets, June 30, 2013	\$	303,625	\$	29,729	\$	2,178	\$ 335,532						

## Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Dollars in thousands)

	Year Ended June 2013 20		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Change in net assets	\$ 13,998	\$	(10,920)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash and			
cash equivalents provided by operating activities			
Depreciation and amortization	37,545		36,726
Loss (gain) on interest rate swaps	(13,497)		19,551
Loss on asset disposal.	17		0
Gain in equity of joint ventures	(546)		(571)
Realized and unrealized losses (gains) on board designated			
and donor restricted investments	(3,983)		3,072
Restricted gifts, bequests, contributions, and restricted	, ,		
investment income	(8,181)		(9,896)
Loss (gain) on early extinguishment of debt	(2,649)		1,290
Provision for bad debts	30,285		31,999
Decrease (increase) in:			
Patient accounts receivable, net	(38,262)		(31,448)
Other amounts receivable and investments in and advances to affiliates	(6,953)		(1,725)
Pledges receivable	2,984		5,106
Inventory	(175)		(433)
Other current assets	643		(1,418)
Increase (decrease) in:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,223)		4,275
Provision for outstanding losses	20,947		4 <b>,</b> 671
Post-retirement obligation	(1,934)		690
Other long-term liabilities	(1,015)		1,206
NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	27,001		52,174
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Net increase in short-term investments	(197)		(1,207)
Net purchases of property and equipment	(30,712)		(46,807)
Net increase in restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments	(13,357)		(7,472)
Net decrease (increase) in funds held by trustee or authority	(241)		1,043
Net increase in board designated and donor			
restricted investments	(7,126)		(27,171)
Net decrease in long term investments	11,338		21,420
Increase in other assets	1,379		(385)
NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(38,917)		(60,577)
(continued)			

(continued)

## Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows - Continued (Dollars in thousands)

	Year Ended June 30,			
		2013		2012
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from restricted gifts, bequests, contributions,				
and restricted investment income	\$	8,181	\$	9,896
Net borrowing under line of credit agreement		8,000		0
Debt retirement		(55,036)		(49,480)
Proceeds from issuance of long term debt		55,412		51,737
Repayment of long term debt		(8,347)		(5,457)
Deferred financing cost		(431)		(867)
NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		7,779		5,829
NET DECREASE IN				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(4,137)		(2,574)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		82,930		85,503
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
AT END OF YEAR	\$	78,793	\$	82,930

#### Note A - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization, Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

Mercy Health Services, Inc. (MHS) was formed for the purpose of supporting, benefiting, or carrying out some or all of the purposes of Mercy Medical Center, Inc. (Medical Center or MMC), Stella Maris, Inc. (SMI), the physician practice groups comprising the Physician Enterprise (as further described below) and Mercy Health Foundation (MHF). MHS is the sole member of the Medical Center, SMI, the Physician Enterprise and MHF. MHS prepares its consolidated financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting. The accompanying consolidated financial statements include MMC, SMI, the Physician Enterprise and MHF. All material intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

#### 1. Mercy Medical Center, Inc.

The Medical Center, a subsidiary of MHS, provides inpatient, outpatient, and emergency care services primarily for the citizens of the Baltimore metropolitan area. In addition, the following entities are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Medical Center:

Name of Subsidiary	Tax Status
Mercy Transitional Care Services, Inc (MTC)  Provider of subacute services	Tax exempt
Greenleaf Insurance Company, Ltd. (GIC)	
Provider of self-insured general and	
malpractice coverage to MHS	Foreign subsidiary

#### 2. Stella Maris, Inc.

SMI, a subsidiary of MHS, is the sole member of the Stella Maris Operating Corporation, as well as the Cardinal Sheehan Center, Incorporated (CSC). SMI provides sub-acute, hospice, long-term care and adult day care to patients in the central Maryland service area, within its 412-bed long-term care facility.

CSC is engaged in maintaining and providing care and housing of aged and infirmed persons. CSC owns St. Elizabeth Hall, a 200-unit apartment complex for the elderly.

#### Note A - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### 3. Physician Enterprise

The Physician Enterprise includes Maryland Family Care, Inc. (MFC), St. Paul Place Specialists, Inc. (SPPS), and Maryland Specialty Services, LLC (MSS). MSS is the sole member of Lutherville Hematology and Oncology, LLC and is the sole stockholder of Vascular Specialty Services, Inc. These entities provide primary care and specialty services within the Baltimore area. MFC, SPPS and MSS are wholly owned/controlled subsidiaries of MHS.

#### 4. Mercy Health Foundation, Inc.

MHF, a subsidiary of MHS, was formed to coordinate and strengthen the fundraising function on behalf of MHS.

#### Income Taxes

MHS, MMC, SMI, MFC, SPPS, MHF, and MSS are not-for-profit organizations exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and are therefore not subject to federal income tax under current income tax regulations. MHS subsidiaries otherwise exempt from federal and state taxation are nonetheless subject to taxation at corporate tax rates at both the federal and state level on their unrelated business income.

Current accounting standards define the threshold for recognizing uncertain income tax return positions in the financial statements as "more likely than not" that the position is sustainable, based on its technical merits, and also provide guidance on the measurement, classification and disclosure of tax return positions in the financial statements. Management believes there is no impact on MHS' accompanying consolidated financial statements related to uncertain income tax positions.

#### Note A - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Unrestricted, Temporarily Restricted, and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Unrestricted net assets represent contributions, gifts, and grants which have no donor-imposed restrictions or which arise as a result of operations. Temporarily restricted net assets are subject to donor-imposed stipulations that may or will be met either by satisfying a specific purpose and/or the passage of time. Permanently restricted net assets are subject to donor-imposed stipulations that they be maintained in perpetuity. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the use of all or part of the income earned on related investments for specific purposes (see *Notes P and V*).

#### Cash Equivalents and Short-Term Investments

MHS and certain of its subsidiaries invest in money market funds and U.S. Treasury Bills, which are highly liquid and have an original maturity of ninety days or less. These financial instruments are considered cash and cash equivalents and are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value. Short-term investments are highly liquid assets that have an original maturity between three months and one year.

#### Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments represent funds required for interest rate swap collateral, funds that have been set aside to cover a portion of GIC's estimated outstanding claims, and donor restricted funds from permanently and temporarily restricted net assets. Collateral posting requirements for interest rate swaps are based on credit ratings and the net liability position of the interest rate swap agreements outstanding. At June 30, 2013, restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments of \$1,035 was set aside for interest rate swap collateral and \$61,013 was set aside to cover estimated outstanding claims and donor restricted funds. At June 30, 2012, restricted cash, cash equivalents and investments of \$13,951 was set aside for interest rate swap collateral and \$34,740 was set aside to cover estimated outstanding claims and donor restricted funds.

#### Investments

Investments include marketable equity securities with readily determinable fair values based on quoted market prices. Unrestricted investment income or losses are reported in the consolidated statements of operations as part of excess of revenues over expenses unless the income is restricted by donor or law. Investments received by gift or bequest are reported at fair value at the date of the donation. Investment income and changes in the fair value of temporarily restricted and permanently restricted investments are recorded as increases or decreases in unrestricted, temporarily restricted or permanently restricted net assets in accordance with the terms of the donor's original gift or bequest.

#### Note A - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Investments - Continued

Investments also include investments in limited partnerships and other alternative investments, which are made in accordance with the investment policies of MHS and are monitored through quarterly performance reviews. The limited partnerships acquire, hold, invest, manage, dispose of, and otherwise deal in and with securities of all kinds and descriptions. Publicly traded securities are valued using generally accepted pricing services selected by the fund managers of the limited partnerships. Securities not valued by such pricing services will be valued upon bid quotations obtained from independent dealers in the securities. In the absence of any independent quotations, securities will be valued by the fund managers on the basis of data obtained from the best available sources.

Although the various fund managers use their best judgment at estimating the fair value of the alternative investments, there are inherent limitations in any valuation technique. Therefore, the value is not necessarily indicative of the amount that could be realized in a current transaction. Future events will also affect the estimates of fair value, and the effect of such events on the estimates of the fair value could be material (see *Note K*).

#### Donor-Restricted Gifts

Unconditional promises to give cash and other assets are reported at fair value at the date the promise is received. Conditional promises to give and indications of intentions to give are reported at fair value at the date the gift is received. The gifts are reported as either temporarily or permanently restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the accompanying statements of operations as net assets released from restrictions.

#### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost, determined by the first-in, first-out method, or market.

#### Deferred Financing Costs

Costs incurred in obtaining and issuing the Maryland Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority bonds have been capitalized. These expenses are being amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Accumulated amortization amounted to \$2,273 and \$2,125 at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

### Note A - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Net Patient Service Revenue and Allowances

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers, and others for services rendered. MMC charges are based on rates established by the State of Maryland Health Services Cost Review Commission; accordingly, revenue reflects actual charges to patients based on rates in effect during the period in which the services are rendered (see *Note S*). SMI and Physician Enterprise are paid for services based on negotiated contracts with commercial payers and fee schedules with Medicare and Medicaid.

Contractual adjustments represent the difference between amounts billed as patient service revenue and amounts allowed by third-party payers, and are accrued in the period in which the related services are rendered.

The provision for bad debts is based upon management's assessment of historical and expected net collections. This estimate considers business and general economic conditions, trends in healthcare coverage and other collection indicators. Throughout the year, management assesses the adequacy of the allowance for uncollectible accounts based upon its review of accounts receivable and collections to date. Other factors, such as payer mix, account aging, approved discounts, denial rates, and payment cycles are considered when estimating the allowances. The results of these assessments are used to determine the provision for bad debts and to estimate an appropriate allowance for uncollectible accounts. MHS follows established guidelines for placing its self-pay patient accounts with an outside collection agency. After collection efforts are exhausted, the uncollected balances are returned to the appropriate MHS entities to be written off to bad debts. MHS does not maintain a material allowance for uncollectible accounts from third-party payers, nor did it have significant write offs from third-party payers.

#### Note A - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Net Patient Service Revenue and Allowances - Continued

Medicare reimburses MTC and SMI under a prospective payment system (PPS) for skilled nursing facility services, under which facilities are paid a fixed fee for virtually all covered services. Under PPS, each patient's clinical status is evaluated and placed into a payment category. The patient's payment category dictates the amount that the provider will receive to care for the patient on a daily basis. The per diem rate covers (i) all routine inpatient costs currently paid under Medicare Part A; (ii) certain ancillary and other items and services previously covered separately under Medicare Part B on a "pass-through" basis; and (iii) certain capital costs.

The composition of patient service revenue (net of contractual allowances and discounts) as of June 30 is as follows:

2012

	 2015	2012
Federal programs (Medicare/Medicaid)	\$ 297,894	\$ 290,218
Other third party payers	280,737	271,639
Self pay	 24,618	 23,498
	\$ 603,249	\$ 585,355

#### Charity Care

The Medical Center provides medically necessary services without charge, or at amounts less than its established rates, to patients who qualify for charity care under its financial assistance policy. Because the Medical Center does not pursue collection of those amounts determined to qualify as charity care, they are not reported as a component of net patient service revenue or patient accounts receivable (see *Note B*).

The criteria for qualifying for charity care applied by the Medical Center include family income, net assets, and the size of the patient's bill relative to the patient's ability to pay. Discounts are provided to patients who are unable to pay based on a sliding scale that is applied for family incomes up to approximately 400% above the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) Poverty Guidelines. Free care is provided to patients with family incomes up to approximately 200% above the HHS Poverty Guidelines.

Charity care will be provided to patients who qualify under the Medical Center's financial assistance policy at any time. Once the Medical Center determines that the patient qualifies for charity care, the Medical Center makes no further attempt to collect on the amount qualifying for charity care.

Certain other controlled subsidiaries of MHS also provide services without charge, or at amounts less than their established rates, to patients who qualify for charity care under their respective financial assistance policies.

#### Note A - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

MHS accounts for long-lived assets in accordance with the FASB's guidance on accounting for impairment or disposal of long-lived assets. Such guidance requires that long-lived assets be reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future net cash expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell. Management believes that no asset impairment existed at June 30, 2013 and 2012.

#### Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Donated property and equipment are recorded at fair value at the date of the donation. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which is forty years for buildings and the parking center and ranges from three to ten years for machinery and equipment.

The cost of software is capitalized provided the cost of the project is at least \$5 and the expected life is at least 3 years. Costs include payment to vendors for the purchase and assistance in its installation, payroll costs of employees directly involved in the software installation, and interest costs of the software project if financed by debt. Preliminary costs to document system requirements, vendor selection, and any costs before software purchase are expensed. Capitalization of costs will generally end when the project is completed and the software is ready to be used. Where implementation of the project is in phases, only those costs incurred which further the development of the project will be capitalized. Costs incurred to maintain the system are expensed.

#### Resident Prepayment Deposits

SMI's private pay residents are required to make a non-interest bearing prepayment of two months' room and board at the time of admission. At the time of discharge or acceptance by Medical Assistance or similar government assistance programs, any prepayment remaining after application to the resident's outstanding bill will be refunded. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, resident prepayment deposits of approximately \$637 and \$710, respectively, were invested in short-term investments.

#### Note A - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

#### Derivative Instruments

Current accounting standards require that an entity recognize all derivative instruments as either assets or liabilities in the statement of financial position and measure those instruments at fair value. MHS has entered into interest rate swap agreements to manage its interest rate risk (see Notes J and K). The interest rate swaps do not qualify for hedge accounting under current accounting standards; therefore, management accounts for the derivative instruments as speculative derivative instruments with the change in the fair value reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations as a component of other non-operating income. Net settlement payments are reported as a component of interest cost, with the exception of the payments associated with construction activities that are capitalized. Entering into interest rate swap agreements involves to varying degrees elements of credit, default, prepayment, market and documentation risk in excess of the amounts recognized on the consolidated balance sheets. Such risks involve the possibility that there will be no liquid market for these agreements, the counterparty to these agreements may default on its obligation to perform, and there may be unfavorable changes in interest rates.

#### Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note A - Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

Excess of Revenue Over Expenses (Expenses over Revenue)

The consolidated statements of operations include excess of revenue over expenses (expenses over revenue). Changes in unrestricted net assets which are excluded from excess of revenue over expenses (expenses over revenue), consistent with industry practice, include unrealized gains and losses on investments other than trading securities, permanent transfers of assets to and from affiliates for other than goods and services, and contributions of long-lived assets (including assets acquired using contributions which by donor restriction were to be used for the purposes of acquiring such assets).

Activities that result in gains or losses unrelated to the primary operations of MHS are considered to be nonoperating.

#### Note B – Patient Accounts Receivable, Allowances, and Charity Care

Patient accounts receivable consist of the following at June 30:

	 2013	2012		
Gross patient accounts receivable	\$ 150,537	\$	139,944	
Less:				
Allowance for doubtful accounts and				
contractual adjustments	(75,705)		(71,462)	
Third party advances	 (31,172)		(32,799)	
	\$ 43,660	\$	35,683	

Approximately 30% and 32% of gross patient accounts receivable were due from Medicare and Medicaid at both June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The net cost of charity care provided by MHS totaled \$19,365 and \$17,148 for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The cost of charity care was calculated by applying the cost-to-charge ratio to the total amount of charges foregone for each of the controlled subsidiaries of MHS that provide charity care. The net cost of charity care was determined net of any patient-related revenue due to sliding scale payments or other patient-specific sources, and includes both direct and indirect cost of rendering care. The net cost of charity care is not net of the uncompensated care fund net receipts (see *Note S*).

Additionally, MHS and certain of its controlled subsidiaries provide structured repayment plans to patients without collateral.

## Note C - Pledges Receivable, Net

At June 30, 2013, pledges receivable were \$16,530 less an allowance for uncollectible pledges of \$529 and a discount of \$919. The expected payment of the pledges receivable less the uncollectible pledges at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

2014		\$ 4,907
2015		3,096
2016		2,312
2017		<b>4,3</b> 00
2018		55
Thereafter		 412
		15,082
Less current portion		4,907
	Long-term portion	\$ 10,175

## Note D - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, at cost, consists of the following at June 30:

	2013		 2012
Buildings and improvements	\$	555,096	\$ 530,806
Machinery and equipment		222,073	204,952
Parking center		41,221	41,221
Construction-in-progress		28,538	40,575
Land		11,181	10,772
		858,109	828,326
Accumulated depreciation		(309,483)	 (273,557)
	\$	548,626	\$ 554,769

#### Note E - Funds Held by Trustee or Authority

Funds held by trustee or authority, which consist primarily of cash and government obligations (at fair value), are limited as to use as follows at June 30:

		2013	 2012
Debt service reserve	\$	22,817	\$ 22,991
Debt service fund		12,049	11,128
Reserve for replacements and residual receipt	s	1,284	1,790
		36,150	35,909
Less current portion		12,049	 11,128
Long-term portion	\$	24,101	\$ 24,781

#### Note F - Board Designated and Donor Restricted Investments

Board designated investments are set aside by the board of trustees for costs relating to replacement or improvement of existing assets, or to cover the cost of services rendered as charity care and other programs. All board designated investments are unrestricted, as the board at its discretion may undesignate the use of such funds. Donor restricted investments have been limited by donors to a specific purpose.

Board designated and donor restricted investments consist of the following at June 30:

	 2013		
Equity	\$ 57,540	\$	48,918
Fixed maturity	34,715		49,538
Cash	31,217		18,578
Alternatives	 7,034		2,364
	\$ 130,506	\$	119,398

Each of the alternative investments owned by MHS represents less than one-half of one percent of each respective alternative investment fund as of June 30, 2013 and 2012.

#### Note F - Board Designated and Donor Restricted Investments - Continued

The investments above have been allocated, by source, as follows at June 30:

	 2013		
Board designated	\$ 115,860	\$	106,095
Donor restricted (temporary)	 14,646	4	13,303
	\$ 130,506	\$	119,398

Permanently restricted donor investments at June 30, 2013 and 2012 of \$2,178 are reported as restricted cash.

Earnings on investments are as follows for the years ended June 30:

	2013		2012	
Unrestricted:				
Interest and dividends	\$	1,361	\$	1,227
Net realized gains (losses)		2,649		(999)
Unrealized gains (losses) on trading securities		1,334		(2,073)
	\$	5,344	\$	(1,845)

#### Note G - Investments In and Advances to Affiliates

Investments in and advances to affiliates include a joint venture in which the Medical Center has an ownership interest of 50%. Investments in which the ownership interest is less than 20% are carried at cost, and investments in which the ownership interest is at least 20% and less than 51% are generally carried on the equity method.

#### Note G - Investments In and Advances to Affiliates - Continued

MHS has investments totaling \$329 at June 30, 2013 and 2012, in the following joint ventures:

		Percentage of ownership			Inves	tment	t
Joint venture	Business purpose	2013	2012	2	013	2	012
Premier Purchasing Partners, Inc	Capital balanæ in group purchasing organization	n/a	n/a	\$	329	\$	329
Mercy Ridge, Inc	Continuing are retirement community	50%	50%		0		0_
				\$	329	\$	329

MHS recorded non-operating income of \$546 and \$571 related to the operations of the investments in joint ventures for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. MHS receives rebates from Premier Purchasing Partners, Inc. which are netted with associated supplies expense.

#### Note H - Other Assets

Other assets consist of the following at June 30:

	2013		 2012
Amortizable assets, net	\$	8,926	\$ 6,251
Deferred compensation plan assets (see Note L)		5,738	6,225
Health insurance prepayment		944	810
Other investments		657	599
Notes receivable	-	168	 46
	\$	16,433	\$ 13,931

#### Note I - Reinsurance Receivable/Recoverable and Provision for Outstanding Losses

GIC management based the provision for losses at June 30, 2013 on a report dated July 2013 prepared by GIC's independent actuaries, Complete Actuarial Solutions Co. of Bethesda, Maryland. In their report, the actuaries estimate outstanding losses at an expected confidence level, on an undiscounted basis, to be \$47,126 and \$33,488 net of reinsurance as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. As of June 30, 2013 and 2012, GIC's provision for outstanding losses was \$58,205 and \$37,258, respectively, and the reinsurance receivable for such losses was \$10,018 and \$2,555 respectively, after factoring in actual losses paid to June 30th. The estimates provided by the actuaries are based on the historical data of the program blended together with relevant insurance industry loss development statistics.

## Note I - Reinsurance Receivable/Recoverable and Provision for Outstanding Losses - Continued

In the opinion of the GIC management, the provision for outstanding losses relating to losses reported and losses incurred but not reported at the consolidated balance sheet dates is adequate to cover the expected ultimate liability of GIC. However, due to the nature of the insurance risks assumed, these provisions are necessarily estimates, and could vary from the amounts ultimately paid.

Consistent with most companies with similar insurance operations, GIC's provision for outstanding losses is ultimately based on management's reasonable expectations of future events. It is reasonably possible that the expectations associated with these amounts could change in the near term (i.e., within one year) and that the effect of such changes could be material to the consolidated financial statements.

GIC's estimated provision for outstanding losses exceeds GIC's retention limits by \$10,018 and \$2,555 for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. These losses are reinsured with reinsurers as described in *Note R*, Self Insurance Program section, and accordingly are recorded as reinsurance balances recoverable in the consolidated balance sheets.

In the event that GIC's reinsurers are unable to meet their obligations under the reinsurance agreements, GIC would still be liable to pay all losses under the insurance policies it issues, but would only receive reimbursement to the extent the reinsurers could meet their above mentioned obligations. GIC considers that all amounts included in reinsurance balances receivable and recoverable in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets will be collected in full from the reinsurers.

## Note J-Long - Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following at June 30:

	2013	2012
MHIHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series A 2007, interest rate ranging from $4\%$ to $5.50\%$ , due July 1, $2042$	\$ 149,755	\$ 151,120
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2013, interest rate ranging from 2.50%, due July 1, 2042	50,210	0
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2012, interest rate ranging from 4% to 5%, due July 1, 2031	49,995	49,995
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2011, interest rate ranging from $3.00\%$ to $6.25\%$ , due July 1, $2031$	39,870	40,770
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2011B, variable interest rate (1.62% and 1.65% at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively), due July 1, 2037	24.800	24.000
	34,890	34,890
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2006; interest rate 5.69%; due July 1, 2036	32,685	33,315
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2007 B and C (converted); interest rate 3.87%; due July 1, 2024	29,000	30,000
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2008 (converted); interest rate 3.99%; due July 1, 2022	27,570	29,825
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 1996; interest rate ranging from 4.55% to 6.50%; due July 1, 2026	19,195	20,135
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Stella Maris Issue, Scries 1997; variable interest rate		
(0.11% and 0.18% at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively); due 2021	12,200	13,255
HUD mortgage loan; interest rate 2.64%; due 2046	5,160	4,459
MHHEFA Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series D 2007, variable interest rate (0.18% at June 30, 2012), due July 1, 2042	0	50,000
Other	169	197
Total long-term debt	450,699	457,961
Less:		
Net unamortized discount	579	593
Current portion	 8,597	8,468
Long -term portion	\$ 441,523	\$ 448,900

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Principal payments on long-term debt are as follows for the years ended June 30:

	\$ 450,699
Thereafter	404,180
2018	10,003
2017	9,610
2016	9,247
2015	9,062
2014	\$ 8,597

Pursuant to an amended and restated Master Loan Agreement, as supplemented (the "Loan Agreement"), the Obligated Group members have issued debt through Maryland Health and Higher Educational Facilities Authority ("MHHEFA"). Currently the Medical Center, MHS and MHF comprise the Obligated Group. Each Obligated Group member is jointly and severally liable for the repayments under the obligations of the loan agreement. As security for the performance of the obligations of the Obligated Group members under the Loan Agreement, the Obligated Group members have granted to MHHEFA a security interest in their receipts, subject to certain permitted encumbrances. In addition, the Medical Center has mortgaged to MHHEFA certain real and personal property of the Medical Center under a Mortgage from the Medical Center to MHHEFA, as amended and supplemented. The Loan Agreement contains certain restrictive, financial and nonfinancial covenants. Under the terms of the Loan Agreement and other loan agreements, certain funds are required to be maintained on deposit with the trustee or MHHEFA to provide for repayment of the obligations of the Obligated Group (see Note E).

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2007 (A, B, C, and D) Bonds and Series 2007 B, C (Converted)

In October 2007, MHHEFA authorized the issuance, sale and delivery of its \$305,000 Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2007 (A, B, C and D). The proceeds were loaned by MHHEFA to MMC to finance the construction of a new replacement hospital facility. The proceeds were also used to refinance the MHHEFA Pooled Loan Revenue Bond.

On April 1, 2010, \$30,000 of the Revenue Bonds Series 2007 B and C was converted to Bank Qualified Revenue Bonds held by a commercial bank. The 2007 B and C (converted) Bonds refinanced \$18,080 of the \$50,000 2007 Series B and \$11,920 of the \$50,000 2007 Series C. Principal repayment on the converted bonds series begins July 1, 2012 and is paid annually through the termination date. The termination date is July 1, 2024. The converted bonds will be subject to mandatory purchase by MMC on April 1, 2020 at their par value, unless the bank and MMC agree to an extension. Interest accrues at a fixed rate of 3.87%. The monthly interest payments are made directly to the bank. During 2011, the remaining \$70,000 of the Series 2007 B and C Revenue Bonds were refunded with proceeds from two separate Revenue Bond issues; MMC Issue, Series 2011 and MMC Issue Series 2011B.

Principal repayment of the MMC issue Series 2007 Bonds began July 1, 2008 and is scheduled to be paid annually through July 1, 2042. On the Series 2007 A Bonds (\$155,000 Revenue Bonds), interest accrues at a fixed rate ranging from 4.0% to 5.50%. The Series 2007 A Bonds are net of an original issue discount of \$875, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. The Series 2007 A Bonds require a debt service reserve fund. The balance of the debt service reserve fund at June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$12,520 and \$12,604, respectively (see *Note E*). Interest is payable semi-annually on January 1st and July 1st. Prior to redemption the \$50,000 Series 2007 D Bonds accrued interest at a variable rate based on the prevailing interest rate in effect as determined by the Remarketing Agent on each Calculation Date.

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2007 (A, B, C, and D) Bonds and Series 2007 B, C (Converted) - Continued

During 2013 the Series 2007D Bonds were refunded with proceeds from the 2013 Bond issue. The variable rate of interest was set to be the lower of the Maximum Rate as defined by the Indenture and the minimum rate that would enable the Remarketing Agent to sell all of the bonds. The Series 2007 D Bonds was net of an original issue discount of \$225, which was being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Payment on the Series 2007 D Bonds was secured by a \$50,000 irrevocable letter of credit from Wells Fargo Bank. An annual letter of credit fee equal to 0.38% was payable quarterly by MMC. The letter of credit was terminated when the Series 2007D Bonds were refunded.

To lower the cost of capital of the hospital replacement project, MMC entered into two interest rate swap agreements. In August 2007, a fixed spread basis swap was entered into with a notional amount of \$210,000. Pursuant to the swap agreement, MMC pays the counter party a fixed interest rate equal to the USD-SIFMA Municipal Swap Index and receives interest at a variable rate equal to the sum of 67% of the USD-LIBOR-BBA and 0.54%. The interest rate swap agreement terminates on August 20, 2037. The interest rate swap does not qualify for hedge accounting under generally accepted accounting principles. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the interest rate swap was (\$6,779) and (\$5,507), respectively, and is included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. For the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, an unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swap totaling (\$1,271) and \$1,190, respectively, is reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.

During October 2007, MMC entered into a fixed payer swap with a notional amount of \$65,000. Pursuant to the swap agreement, MMC pays the counter party a fixed rate of 4.093% and receives a variable rate equal to the USD-SIFMA Municipal Swap Index. The interest rate swap agreement terminates on July 1, 2042. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the interest rate swap was (\$12,292) and (\$22,621), respectively, and is included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. An unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swap totaling \$10,329 and (\$15,282) is reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The interest rate swap does not qualify for hedge accounting under generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2013 Bonds

In January, 2013, MHHEFA authorized the issuance, sale and delivery of its \$50,210 Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center, Series 2013. The proceeds were loaned by MHHEFA to MMC to refund the \$50,000 Series 2007D Bonds. The bonds were issued as non-bank qualified revenue bonds and directly purchased by a commercial bank. The direct bank purchase terminates on January 16, 2020 at which time the bonds will be subject to a mandatory purchase at their par value by Mercy Medical Center unless the bank and Mercy Medical Center agree to an extension.

The bonds bear interest at a variable rate equal to 30 day LIBOR times 70%, plus 1.10%. Interest is paid monthly. Principal repayment of the Series 2013 begins July 1, 2014 and is scheduled to be paid annually through July 1, 2042.

Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2012 Bonds

In April 2012, MHHEFA authorized the issuance, sale and delivery of its \$49,995 Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2012. The proceeds were loaned by MHHEFA to MMC to refund \$49,480 aggregate principal amount of the Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2001 Bonds. The bonds include an original issue premium of \$1,742, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. The bonds require a debt service reserve fund. The balance of the debt service fund at June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$5,467 and \$5,478, respectively (see *Note E*).

Principal repayment of the MMC Issue, Series 2012 begins July 1, 2023 and is scheduled to be paid annually through July 1, 2031. Interest accrues at a rate varying from 4.0% to 5.0%. The interest is paid semi-annually on January 1<sup>st</sup> and July 1<sup>st</sup>.

On December 1, 2004, the Medical Center entered into a fixed spread basis swap agreement in order to reduce the cost of capital with respect to the Series 2001 Bonds by removing the tax risk to bond holders and transferring the risk to the Medical Center. The fixed spread basis swap matures on December 1, 2024 and the exchanges of cash flows with the counter party began March 1, 2005. The notional amount of the swap is \$50,000. Pursuant to the swap agreement, the Medical Center pays the counter party a variable rate equal to the USD-SIFMA Municipal Swap Index and receives interest at a variable rate equal to the sum of 67% of USD-LIBOR-BBA and 0.60%. The interest rate swap does not qualify for hedge accounting under generally accepted accounting principles.

At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the interest rate swap was \$781 and \$995, respectively and is included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. An unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swap totaling (\$214) and \$732 is reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2011 Bonds

In February 2011, MHHEFA authorized the issuance, sale and delivery of its \$40,770 Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2011. The proceeds were loaned by MHHEFA to MMC to refund \$35,110 aggregate principal amount of the MMC Issue, Series 2007 B and C Bonds. The bonds are net of an original issue discount of \$881, which is being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. The bonds require a debt service reserve fund. The balance of the debt service reserve fund at June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$3,930 and \$4,008, respectively (see *Note E*).

Principal repayment of the MMC Issue, Series 2011 Bonds begins July 1, 2012 and is scheduled to be paid annually through July 1, 2031. Interest accrues at a rate varying from 3.0% to 6.25%. The interest is payable semi-annually on January 1<sup>st</sup> and July 1<sup>st</sup>.

Mercy Medical Center Issue Series 2011B Bonds

In June 2011, MHHEFA authorized the issuance, sale and delivery of its \$34,890 Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2011B. The proceeds were loaned by MHHEFA to MMC to refund \$34,890 aggregate principal amount of the MMC Issue, Series 2007 B and C Bonds. The bonds were issued as non-bank qualified revenue bonds and directly purchased by a commercial bank. The direct bank purchase terminates on June 9, 2021 at which time the bonds will be subject to a mandatory purchase at their par value by MMC unless the bank and MMC agree to an extension.

The bonds bear interest at a variable rate equal to 30 day LIBOR plus 1.5% times 69%, plus 0.45%. Interest is paid monthly. Principal repayment of the Series 2011B Bonds begins July 1, 2032 and is scheduled to be paid annually through July 1, 2037.

Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2006 Bonds

In August 2006, MHHEFA authorized the issuance, sale and delivery of \$35,000 of Mercy Medical Center Series 2006 Revenue Bonds. The proceeds were loaned by MHHEFA to MMC in order to finance the construction of a new parking garage as well as the financing of certain routine capital expenditures.

Principal repayment of these bonds began on July 1, 2009 and is paid annually through July 1, 2036. Interest is paid semiannually on January 1<sup>st</sup> and July 1<sup>st</sup>. Interest accrues at a fixed rate of 5.69%.

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2006 Bonds - Continued

Simultaneously with the issuance of the bonds, MMC entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a counter party with a notional amount of \$35,000 to convert the fixed rate structure to a variable rate. Under this agreement, MMC will receive a fixed interest rate of 5.14% and pay to the counter party the USD-SIFMA Municipal Swap Index. The interest rate swap agreement terminates on August 3, 2016. The interest rate swap does not qualify for hedge accounting under generally accepted accounting principles. The value of this contract is based on two components: (i) the accrued but unpaid periodic cash flows and (ii) the termination value as defined in the agreement. By definition, the termination value is equal to the bond amount multiplied by the difference between highest price in the marketplace and the bonds base price (100%). The bonds are currently callable at par (100%) and the call price would be the highest price in the marketplace on the valuation date. This is due to the fact that MHS would be economically inclined to call the bonds at par versus paying any termination payment on the swap and the bonds are carried on MHS' books at par. With MHS prepared to call the bonds at par, the market price should immediately converge on the call price. Additionally, MHS has the right to optionally terminate the contract. The counter party does not have the right to optionally terminate the agreement. The counter party can only terminate the agreement prior to its stated maturity if an event of default or an additional termination event exists. Therefore, as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the swap was zero.

In anticipation of the transaction, MMC entered into a forward interest rate swap agreement on June 28, 2006 with a notional amount of \$35,000 in order to convert the variable swap rate to a fixed rate. Pursuant to the swap agreement, MMC pays the counter party a fixed interest rate of 3.976% and receives a variable rate equal to 67% of the USD-LIBOR-BBA. The interest rate swap agreement terminates on July 1, 2036. The interest rate swap does not qualify for hedge accounting under generally accepted accounting principles. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the interest rate swap was (\$7,238) and (\$10,619), respectively and is included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. An unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swap totaling \$3,381 and (\$4,655) is reflected in the accompanying statements of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2008 (Converted)

In July 2008, MHHEFA authorized the issuance, sale and delivery of its \$35,325 Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2008, the proceeds of which were loaned by MHHEFA to MMC in order to refund the MMC Series 2003 Bonds. On December 16, 2009, \$30,000 of the Series 2008 Bonds was converted to Bank Qualified Revenue Bonds with a fixed interest rate period of approximately twelve years. The bank at its discretion has the right to call the converted bonds at the seventh and tenth year anniversary. Principal repayment of the converted bonds began July 1, 2011 and is paid annually through July 1, 2022. Interest accrues at a fixed rate of 3.9932%.

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 2008 (Converted) - Continued

The monthly interest payments on the Series 2008 Bonds were made directly to the bank. Principal repayment of the Series 2008 Bonds began on July 1, 2009, and the portion of those bonds that were not converted to Bank Qualified Bonds was fully paid on July 1, 2011.

Mercy Medical Center Issues, Series 1996

In May 1996, MHHEFA authorized the issuance, sale and delivery of its \$30,000 Revenue Bonds, Mercy Medical Center Issue, Series 1996, the proceeds of which were loaned by MHHEFA to MMC in order to finance and refinance the costs of the 1996 project. The 1996 project consisted of the construction, acquisition, renovation, and equipping of certain hospital facilities including certain inpatient upgrades, ambulatory care facilities, operating rooms, building infrastructure, and administrative and support service facilities.

The Series 1996 Bonds are net of original issue discounts of \$302, which are being amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Interest is payable semi-annually on January 1st and July 1st. Principal repayment of these bonds began on July 1, 2004 and is paid annually through July 1, 2022.

In 2006, MMC entered into an agreement with a third party to run a tender process for the entire balance of the callable Series 1996 Bonds that totaled \$19,700. MMC gave investors the choice of accepting a 1% incremental premium over the existing call premium in exchange for tendering their bonds. Any investor not tendering their bonds had their bonds redeemed at the applicable redemption price. Through the execution of a traditional bond agreement, the third party agreed to purchase the bonds from those investors who tendered their bonds.

To convert the underlying fixed rate structure to a variable rate, simultaneously with the purchase of the bonds, MMC entered into two interest rate swap agreements with a counter party with notional amounts of \$13,840 and \$4,355. The two interest rate swap agreements with the counterparty were amended on July 25, 2011. Pursuant to the amended swap agreements, the counter party pays to MMC a fixed interest rate of 5.75% and 5.625% and receives a variable rate equal to the USD-SIFMA Municipal Swap Index and 1.55%. The interest rate swap agreements terminate on July 25, 2014. The interest rate swaps did not qualify for hedge accounting under generally accepted accounting principles. The value of this contract was based on two components: (i) the accrued but unpaid periodic cash flows and (ii) the termination value as defined in the agreement. By definition, the termination value was equal to the bond amount multiplied by the difference between highest price in the marketplace and the bonds base price (100%).

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Mercy Medical Center Issues, Series 1996 - Continued

The bonds are currently callable at par (100%) and the call price would be the highest price in the marketplace on the valuation date. This is due to the fact that MHS would be economically inclined to call the bonds at par versus paying any termination payment on the swap and the bonds are carried on MHS' books at par. With MHS prepared to call the bonds at par, the market price should immediately converge on the call price. Additionally, MHS has the right to optionally terminate the contract. The counter party does not have the right to optionally terminate the agreement. The counter party can only terminate the agreement prior to its stated maturity if an event of default or an additional termination event exists. Therefore, as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the swap was zero.

On June 28, 2006, to convert the structure back to a fixed rate, MMC entered into a forward rate swap agreement with a notional amount of \$18,741. Pursuant to the swap agreement, MMC pays the counter party a fixed interest rate of 4.031% and receives a variable rate of 67% of the USD-LIBOR-BBA. The interest rate swap agreement terminates on July 1, 2026. The interest rate swap does not qualify for hedge accounting under generally accepted accounting principles. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of the interest rate swap was (\$3,315) and (\$4,587) respectively and is included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. An unrealized gain (loss) on interest rate swap totaling \$1,272 and (\$1,536) is reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Stella Maris Issue, Series 1997 Bonds

The Series 1997 Bonds were issued to finance the acquisition by SMI of Stella Maris Operating Corporation and CSC; to advance refund certain nursing home revenue bonds previously issued by MHHEFA, Stella Maris Issue, Series 1991; and to refinance certain outstanding indebtedness of the acquired corporations.

Principal repayment of these bonds began on July 1, 2001 and is paid annually through July 1, 2021. All bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity beginning March 1, 2001. Interest is accrued at a variable rate based on the prevailing interest rate in effect as determined by the Remarketing Agent on each Calculation Date. Interest on the bonds is payable monthly.

Under the provisions of the bond agreement, SMI has granted to MI-HEFA a security interest in all of its real property and the assignment of its leases. In addition, payments on the bonds are secured by an irrevocable letter of credit provided by M&T Bank. An annual letter of credit fee, equal to 0.9% of the letter of credit amount, is payable quarterly by SMI. The letter of credit expires June 30, 2015.

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Stella Maris Issue, Series 1997 Bonds - Continued

Under the terms of the bond indenture, SMI is required to maintain certain deposits with a trustee. The bond indenture agreement also requires SMI to satisfy certain measures of financial performance as long as the bonds are outstanding. As of June 30, 2013 and 2012, SMI was in compliance with the financial covenant requirements of the bond indenture.

#### HUD Mortgage Loan

The mortgage loan from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) was used by CSC to construct St. Elizabeth Hall. This original note was refinanced during FY13. The original terms of the note reflected an interest rate of 6.875% per annum with monthly installments of \$43, including interest, with the final payment due November 1, 2020.

From July 1997 through December 2005, CSC received authorization from HUD to suspend its monthly principal and interest payments of \$43. The unpaid interest during this deferral period was accrued. On December 21, 2012 the original outstanding debt was refinanced with a new outstanding face amount of \$5,202 and the unpaid interest accrued during the deferral period was forgiven, resulting in a gain on extinguishment of debt of \$2,649. The new note reflects an interest rate of 2.64% per annum with monthly installments of \$20, including interest, with the final payment due January 1, 2046. The new note requires mortgage insurance of 0.45% of the average annual outstanding principal balance determined annually for the duration of the note. Concurrent with these monthly mortgage payments, St. Elizabeth Hall is required to make monthly payments of \$23 derived from the savings of the new note to a Debt Service Savings Reserve Fund through May 2029 for purposes stipulated by a Debt Service Savings Agreement. Also concurrent with these monthly payments, St. Elizabeth Hall is required to make monthly payments of \$8 to a reserve fund for the replacement of property and equipment. These payments are required until the mortgage matures and are included in Board designated and donor restricted investments. All disbursements from this fund are contingent upon HUD's prior approval.

The liability of CSC under the mortgage note is limited to the underlying value of the real estate collateral plus other amounts deposited with the lender.

#### Note J - Long-Term Debt - Continued

Line-of-Credit

The Medical Center has a \$20,000 operating line of credit and an additional \$1,000 operating line of credit (for leases) with M&T Bank, and a \$15,000 line of credit for equipment and construction with PNC Bank which was terminated January 2013. At June 30, 2013, the \$20,000 and \$1,000 operating lines of credit had \$8,000 and \$0 outstanding, respectively. As of June 30, 2013, the interest rate on the outstanding \$8,000 loan draw was 2.34% and was based on two hundred and fifteen basis points above the greater of one-month LIBOR, with an interest period duration of one day. The \$20,000 operating line of credit agreement shall remain in effect until all obligations are paid in full or terminated by the Bank. No amounts were outstanding on any of these lines of credit at June 30, 2012.

#### Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following methods and assumptions were used by MHS in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments:

Cash and cash equivalents, patient accounts receivable, other amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses, due to third party payers and construction retainage: The carrying amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets approximate fair value.

Short-term investments, funds held by trustee or authority and board designated and donor restricted investments: Fair values, which are the amounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets, are based on quoted market prices, if available, or estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities.

Long-term debt: Fair values of revenue bonds and other debt are based on current traded values. At June 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair value of long-term debt was approximately \$456,290 and \$469,338, respectively.

#### Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Continued

Current accounting standards define fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, and establish a three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of an asset or liability as of the measurement date. The three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value are:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 1 assets and liabilities include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market, as well as U.S. Treasury securities.

Level 2: Observable input other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. Level 2 assets and liabilities include debt securities with quoted market prices that are traded less frequently than exchange-traded instruments. This category generally includes certain U.S. government and agency mortgage-backed debt securities, corporate-debt securities, and alternative investments.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation. This category generally includes certain private debt and equity instruments and alternative investments.

The following discussion describes the valuation methodologies used for financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value. The techniques utilized in estimating the fair values are affected by the assumptions used, including discount rates and estimates of the amount and timing of future cash flows. Care should be exercised in deriving conclusions about the business, value, or financial position of MHS based on the fair value information of financial assets and liabilities presented below.

#### Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Continued

Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time, based on available market information and judgments about the financial asset or liability, including estimates of the timing, amount of expected future cash flows, and the credit standing of the issuer. In some cases, the fair value estimates cannot be substantiated by comparison to independent markets. In addition, the disclosed fair value may not be realized in the immediate settlement of the financial asset or liability. Furthermore, the disclosed fair values do not reflect any premium or discount that could result from offering for sale at one time an entire holding of a particular financial asset or liability. Potential taxes and other expenses that would be incurred in an actual sale or settlement are not reflected in the amounts disclosed.

MHS uses techniques consistent with the market approach for measuring fair value of its Level 2 and Level 3 assets and liabilities. The market approach is a valuation technique that uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities. Fair values of equity securities and fixed maturity securities have been determined by MHS from observable market quotations, when available. Private placement securities and other equity securities where a public quotation is not available are valued by using broker quotes. Cash equivalents comprise short-term fixed maturity securities and carrying amounts approximate fair values, which have been determined from public quotations, when available. Money markets and certificates of deposit comprise short-term fixed maturity securities. The carrying amounts approximate fair values, which have been determined from public quotations, when available.

MHS holds alternative investments that are not traded on national exchanges or over-the-counter markets. MHS is provided information on a net asset value per share for these investments that has been calculated by the funds of funds' managers (who are investment advisors registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission) based on information provided by the managers of underlying funds. These investments are accounted for under the equity method which approximates fair value.

Fair value of the interest rate swaps represent, or are derived from, mid-market values. Mid-market prices and inputs may not be observable, and instead valuations may be derived from proprietary or other pricing models based on certain assumptions regarding past, present and future market conditions. Some inputs may be theoretical, not empirical, and require subjective assumptions and judgments. Valuations may be based on assumptions as to the volatility of the underlying security, basket or index, interest rates, exchange rates, dividend yields, correlations between these or other factors, the impact of these factors upon the value of the security (including any embedded options), as well as issuer funding rates and credit spreads (actual or approximated) or additional relevant factors.

Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Continued

The following table presents MHS' fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2013.

							$\mathbf{To}$	tal Fair
Assets	Lev	el 1	Leve	e1 2	Lev	el 3		Value
Board designated and donor								
restricted investments:								
Cash and cash equivalents								
Cash	\$	194	\$	0	\$	0	\$	194
Money market funds		0	2	27,173		0		27,173
Commercial paper		0		300		0		300
Long term investments								
Certififcate of deposit		0		245		O		245
Equity securities								
Mutual funds								
International large cap core		8,050		0		0		8,050
International emerging markets		9,016		0		0		9,016
Domestic mutual fund-equity income		7,874		0		0		7,874
Common stocks								
Healthcare		3,477		O		O		3,477
Utilities		172		О		O		172
Financials		4,554		O		0		4,554
Consumer staples		1,794		0		O		1,794
Consumer discretionary		3,703		0		0		3,703
Materials		1,071		O		0		1,071
Energy		1,655		0		0		1,655
Information technology		7,065		0		0		7,065
Industrials		5,217		0		0		5,217
Miscellaneous		56		0		0		56
Foreign stocks/American deposit receipt		2,793		0		О		2,793
Fixed maturity								
US treasury notes		7,224		0		0		7,224
US government and agencies								.,
U.S. treasury bonds		0		810		0		810
Government agency bonds		0		3,028		0		3,028
Government agency mortgage backed securities		0		1,611		0		1,611
Government agency pools		0		5,098		0		5,098
Corporate bonds				•				
Strip and zero coupon		0		19		0		19
Banking		0		351		0		351
Financial		0		2,134		0		2,134
Industrial		0		4,979		o		4,979
International (other global corp bonds)		0		1,259		O		1,259
Asset backed securities		0		1,172		О		1,172
Collaterized mortgage backed securities		0		155		0		155
Fixed maturity loan fund		0		7,265		О		7,265
Bond fund		548		0		0		548
Municipal bonds		O		3,410		0		3,410
Alternative		0		0		7,034		7,034
Total board designated and donor								
restricted investments	Ó	54,463	5	9,009		7,034		130,506

Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Continued

Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Restricted funds	Leveli		Level 5	Yaruc
Cash	\$ 6,91	5 \$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 6,915
Certififcate of deposit		0 <b>5,39</b> 7	. 0	\$ 5,397
Equity		7 د دود	O	Ψ <i>5,571</i>
Mutual fund				
Exchange traded	7,13	1 0	0	7,131
Emerging markets	4,84'		0	4,847
Domestic mutual fund	1,73		0	1,735
	1,75	, ,	V	1,755
Fixed maturity	15.20	1 0	0	15 201
U.S. treasury notes	15,39	1 0	U	15,391
U.S. government and agencies	,	0 10.242	0	10010
Mortgage backed securities	(	0 10,242	0	10,242
Corporate and foreign bonds			45	
Financial		1,958	0	1,958
Industrial		1,949	0	1,949
Other		589	0	589
Municipal bonds		5,894	0	5,894
Total restricted funds	36,019	9 26,029	0	62,048
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash	63,011		0	63,011
Money market fund		14,075	0	14,075
Certificate of deposit		1,342	0	1,342
Fixed maturity-mutual funds	221 77	0	0	221
Equities-exchage traded Equities-domestic mutual equity funds	6		0	77 67
	63,370			
Total cash and cash equivalents	03,370	5 15,417	U	78,793
Short term investments	,			4.04.4
Money market	(		0	1,014
Money market fund	(		0	383
Certificate of deposit	(			1,261
Total short term investments		2,658	0	2,658
Total cash, cash equivalents and				
short term investments	63,370	18,075	0	81,451
Long term investments				
Foreign currency	(	381	0	381
Fixed maturity				
U.S. treasury notes	5,542	2 0	0	5,542
U.S. government and agencies	,			
U.S. treasury bonds	(	0	0	0
Government agency bonds	C	880	0	880
Government agency mortgage backed securities	Č		0	662
Government agency pools	Č		0	1,157
Corporate Bonds		, 1,15,	· ·	1,131
Financial	(	1,545	0	1,545
rmanciai Industrial	(		0	1,545 4,168
	C	,	0	4,108 494
International (other global corp bonds)	(			
Mortgage backed securities	_		0	124
Municipal bonds			0	1,023
Total long term investments	5,542	2 10,434	0	15,976

Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Continued

Assets	I	evel 1	I	Level 2	1	Level 3		otal Fair Value
Funds held by trustee (current)								
Money market	\$	O	\$	8,067	\$	0	\$	8,067
Fixed maturity								
Government agency notes		0		3,982		0		3,982
Total funds held by trustee (current)		0		12,049		O		12,049
Funds held by trustee (non-current)								
Money market		0		1,438		0		1,438
Fixed maturity								
U.S. government and agencies		0		22,531		O		22,531
Certificate of deposit		0		132		0		132
Funds held by trustee (non-current)		0		24,101		0		24,101
Total funds held by trustee		0		36,150		0		36,150
Total assets fair value	\$	169,400	\$	149,697	\$	7,034	\$	326,131
Liabilities								
Interest rate swaps	-\$	0	\$	0	\$	28,843	_\$_	28,843
Total liabilities at fair value	\$	0	\$	0	\$	28,843	\$	28,843

#### Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Continued

The following table presents MHS' fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2012.

Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Board designated and donor				
restricted investments:				
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash	\$ 249	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 249
Money market funds	0	32,028	0	32,028
Commercial paper	0	200	0	200
Long term investments				
Certificate of deposit	0	294	0	294
Equity securities				
Mutual funds				
International large cap core	9,118	0	0	9,118
Emerging markets	6,005	0	0	6,005
Domestic mutual fund	6,495	0	0	6,495
Common stocks	-,		-	•,
Healthcare	2,635	0	0	2,635
Utilities	154	0	0	154
Financials	3,003	0	0	3,003
Consumer staples	1,533	o	0	1,533
Consumer discretionary	2,303	0	0	2,303
Materials	541	0	0	541
		_	_	
Energy	1,624	0	0	1,624
Information technology	7,898	0	0	7,898
Industrials	4,064	0	0	4,064
Miscellaneous	58	0	0	58
Foreign stocks/American deposit receipt	2,788	O	0	2,788
Equity alternative	0	0	294	294
Fixed maturity				
US treasury notes	2,633	0	0	2,633
US government and agencies				
U.S. treasury bonds	0	667	0	667
Government agency bonds	0	3,423	0	3,423
Government agency mortgage backed securities	0	3,360	-0	3,360
Government agency pools	0	6,469	0	6,469
Corporate bonds				
Strip and zero coupon	0	48	0	48
Banking	0	445	0	445
Financial	0	2,017	0	2,017
Industrial	O	3,181	0	3,181
International (other global corp bonds)	0	857	0	857
Asset backed securities		1,365		1,365
Collaterized mortgage backed	0	162	0	162
Bond fund	7,550	0	0	7,550
Municipal bonds	0	3,868	0	3,868
Fixed income alternative	0	0	2,069	2,069
Total board designated and donor				
restricted investments	58,651	58,384	2,363	119,398

Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Continued

Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Fair Value
Restricted funds				
Cash	\$ 2,469	\$ O	\$ 0	\$ 2,469
Equity				
Mutual fund				
Exchange traded	2,655	O	0	2,655
International exchange traded	983	0	0	983
Real estate exchange traded	1,690	0	0	1,690
Fixed maturity				
U.S. treasury notes	20,095	0	0	20,095
U.S. government and agencies				
Government agency pools	0	12,589	0	12,589
Corporate and foreign bonds				
Financial	0	1,538	O	1,538
Industrial	0	1,107	0	1,107
International	0	109	0	109
Asset backed	0	256	0	256
Municipal bonds	0	5,200	0	5,200
Total restricted funds	27,892	20,799	0	48,691
Cash and cash equivalents	_,,	,,	*	,
Cash	70,558	0	0	70,558
Money market fund	0	12,017	О	12,017
Fixed income mutual funds	218	0	O	218
Exchange traded fund	68	0	0	68
Domestic mutual equity funds	69	0	0	69
Total cash and cash equivalents	70,913	12,017	0	82,930
Short term investments				·
Money market fund	0	1,203	0	1,203
Certificate of deposit	0	1,258	0	1,258
Total short term investments	0	2,461	0	2,461
Total cash, cash equivalents and			-	
short term investments	70,913	14,478	0	85,391
Long term investments				
Cash				
Foreign currency	O	101	0	101
Equity				
Real estate exchange traded	143	O	0	143
Commodity exchange traded	1,747	0	0	1,747
Fixed maturity				
U.S. treasury notes	6,739	0	0	6,739
U.S. government and agencies	-			,
Government agency bonds	0	2,113	0	2,113
Government agency mortgage backed securities	0	5,274	Ö	5,274
Government agency pools	Ö	2,333	ō	2,333
Corporate Bonds			· ·	_,500
Financial	0	2,447	0	2,447
Industrial	0	3,530	0	3,530
International (other global corp bonds)	0	579	0	579
Asset backed securities	o	97	0	97
Municipal bonds	0	2,211	0	2,211
Total long term investments	8,629	18,685	0	27,314
rotariong term investments	0,049	10,003	U	41,314

Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Continued

Assets	I	evel 1	I	Level 2	1	Level 3	otal Fair Value
Funds held by trustee (current)							
Money market	\$	0	\$	9,475	\$	O	\$ 9,475
Fixed maturity							
Government agency notes		0		1,653		O	1,653
Total funds held by trustee (current)		0		11,128		0	11,128
Funds held by trustee (non-current)							
Money market		O		2,149		0	2,149
Fixed maturity							
U.S. government and agencies		0		22,272		О	22,272
Certificate of deposit		0		360		0	360
Funds held by trustee (non-current)		0		24,781		0	 24,781
Total funds held by trustee		0		35,909		0	 35,909
Total assets fair value	\$	166,085	\$	148,255	\$	2,363	\$ 316,703
Liabilities							
Interest rate swaps	\$	0	\$	0	\$	42,340	\$ 42,340
Total liabilities at fair value	\$	0	\$	0	\$	42,340	\$ 42,340

During fiscal year 2013, MHS transferred \$7,000 from level 1 fixed maturity and money market fund securities to level 2 fixed maturity securities, and transferred \$5,000 from level 1 securities money market fund securities to level 3 securities in accordance with MHS investment committee decision to reallocate the portfolio. During fiscal year 2012, there were no significant transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value investments.

Included in alternative investments as of June 30, 2013 are three classes of hedge funds of funds with fair values of \$1,249 (Fund A), \$480 (Fund B) and \$5,304 (Fund C). Fund A and B are in liquidation and redemptions are suspended until the fund can liquidate its underlying holding. Fund C is redeemable calendar quarterly with 65 days advance notice. Included in alternative investments as of June 30, 2012 are two classes of hedge funds of funds with fair values of \$1,494 (Fund A) and \$867 (Fund B). Fund A is redeemable semiannually with one hundred twenty days notice (receipt of proceeds in seven to fifteen days of notice), and Fund B is redeemable at the manager's discretion (receipt of proceeds in seven to fifteen days of notice). There are no unfunded commitments for any of the hedge fund of funds for either 2013 or 2012.

#### Note K - Fair Value of Financial Instruments - Continued

The following table is a rollforward of the consolidated statements of financial position amounts for financial instruments classified by MHS within level 3 of the valuation hierarchy defined above:

			Int	erest rate
	Investments			swaps
Fair value June 30, 2011	\$	3,570	\$	(22,789)
Unrealized losses, net		(95)		(19,551)
Redemptions		(1,112)		0
Fair value June 30, 2012		2,363		(42,340)
Unrealized gains, net		356		13,497
Purchases		5,000		0
Redemptions		(685)		0
Fair value June 30, 2013	\$	7,034	\$	(28,843)

#### Note L - Pension and Profit Sharing Plans

MHS has a qualified 401(k) plan covering substantially all employees of the Medical Center and SMI who have completed at least one year of service and are at least twenty-one years of age. MHS makes an annual contribution on behalf of all eligible employees based on either the employee's contributions to the 401(k) plan or their annual compensation. MHS will match, on a dollar for dollar basis (based on age and years of service thresholds) the amount contributed by the employee, not to exceed 6% of the employee's salary. MHS' contributions to the 401(k) plan for all participants employed prior to April 1, 1997 for Medical Center employees or July 1, 1997 for SMI employees, vest at a rate of 25% annually and completely vested on April 1, 2001 for Medical Center employees and July 1, 2001 for SMI employees. MHS' contributions for all participants employed on or after April 1, 1997 for Medical Center employees or July 1, 1997 for SMI employees vest after four years of service, with no vesting prior to four years of service. Contributions under this plan totaled approximately \$4,292 and \$4,281 for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The Medical Center has a nonqualified deferred compensation plan for certain executives and physicians. The deferred compensation plan provides for severance and supplemental retirement benefits as defined in the plan. Compensation expense related to the deferred compensation plan was \$954 and \$1,065 for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Total deferred compensation obligations of \$5,738 and \$6,225 are included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively (see *Note W*).

#### Note L - Pension and Profit Sharing Plans - Continued

The fair values of deferred compensation plan assets fair value on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2013 by asset category are as follows (see *Note H and K*):

Assets	· L	evel 1	L	evel 2	Lev	vel 3	 tal Fair <sup>7</sup> alue
Equity							
Mutual funds							
International large cap core	\$	388	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 388
Emerging markets		37		0		0	37
Domestic mutual fund-equity income		3,358		0		0	3,358
Fixed maturity							
Bond fund		0		1,955		0	 1,955
Total assets fair value	\$	3,783	\$	1,955	\$	0	\$ 5,738

The fair values of deferred compensation plan assets on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2012 by asset category are as follows:

Assets	L	evel 1	L	evel 2	Lev	el 3	tal Fair Value
Equity							 
Mutual funds							
International large cap core	\$	332	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 332
Emerging markets		57		0		0	57
Domestic mutual fund-equity income		4,404		0		O	4,404
Fixed maturity							
Bond fund		0		1,432		0	 1,432
Total assets fair value	\$	4,793	\$	1,432	\$	0	\$ 6,225

There were no significant transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value investments for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

#### Note M - Post-Retirement Benefit Plan

MHS has an unfunded contributory health and medical post-retirement benefit plan available to all eligible employees who meet certain age and length of service requirements. The plan provides for health and medical benefits including primary care physician and specialist visits, hospitalization and emergency care, prescription drugs, vision care, and Medicare supplemental coverage.

The following table sets forth the components of the MHS obligation at June 30:

	 2013	2012
Change in Benefit Obligation		
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 7,741	\$ 7,035
Service cost	95	174
Interest cost	240	314
Actuarial (gain) loss	(2,066)	419
Employer portion of benefits paid	 (255)	 (201)
Benefit obligation at end of year	5,755	7,741
Change in Plan Assets		
Employer contribution	255	202
Plan participants' contribution	381	355
Medicare Part D reimbursement	70	96
Benefits paid	(706)	(653)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	 0	 0
Fund status	 (5,755)	 (7,741)
Accrued post-retirement benefit cost	(5,755)	(7,741)
Less current portion, included in accounts payable		
and accrued expenses	(180)	 (232)
Total accrued post-retirement benefit cost, long-term portion	\$ (5,575)	 (7,509)

#### Note M - Post-Retirement Benefit Plan - Continued

Net periodic post-retirement benefit cost included the following for the years ended June 30:

	2	2013	 2012
Service cost - benefits attributed to service during the period	\$	95	\$ 174
Interest cost on accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation		240	314
Net amortization		(128)	(101)
Net post-retirement benefit cost	\$	207	\$ 387

The weighted average discount rate used in determining the accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation (APBO) for the plan was 4.5% and 4.00% for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. For measurement purposes, the health care cost trend rates used in determining the APBO for the plan were 7.5% and 8.0% in 2013 and 2012, respectively. Increasing the health care cost trend rates by 1% would increase the APBO by \$1,126 and aggregate service and interest cost by \$75 at June 30, 2013.

#### Note N - Retirement Annuity Plan

MHS had a pension plan that was terminated on April 1, 1997 and established a retirement annuity plan under which certain participants of the terminated plan were entitled to annuity payments. Participants in the plan include (a) the retirees and beneficiaries entitled to benefits from the terminated plan on April 1, 1997 and (b) other participants with benefits worth more than \$4 that elected an annuity. All benefits are vested and based on the frozen accrued benefits at April 1, 1997.

#### Note N - Retirement Annuity Plan - Continued

The measurement dates for fiscal years 2013 and 2012 were June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012, respectively. The following table sets forth the funded status of the retirement annuity plan and amounts recognized in accompanying consolidated financial statements:

	 2013	2012
Change in Benefit Obligation		
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$ 10,119	\$ 10,057
Interest cost	375	502
Actuarial loss (gain)	(407)	858
Benefits paid	 (1,210)	 (1,299)
Benefit obligation at end of year	8,877	10,118
Change in Plan Assets		
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	5,434	6,927
Actuarial return on plan assets	477	(195)
Benefits paid	 (1,210)	(1,299)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	4,701	 5,433
Funded status/accrued benefit cost	\$ (4,176)	\$ (4,685)

The discount rate was 4.50% and 4.00% for 2013 and 2012, respectively. The expected rate of return on plan assets was 6.50% for 2013 and 2012. The accompanying consolidated net pension cost was \$364 in 2013 and \$294 in 2012.

MHS' expected rate of return is evaluated annually and is based on the current interest rate environment, rate of inflation, allocation of the plan assets among various investment options and other market conditions.

### Note N - Retirement Annuity Plan - Continued

The weighted-average asset allocations in the plan as of June 30, 2013 and 2012, by asset category were as follows:

	June 30,		
	2013	2012	
Asset Category			
Equity securities	45%	59%	
Fixed income bond fund	29%	20%	
Fixed income alternatives	13%	13%	
Cash and cash equivalents	10%	5%	
Equity alternatives	3%	3%	
Total	100%	100%	

MHS' asset allocation guidelines at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	Ranges	Target Allocation
TOTAL EQUITY	30-65%	50%
Domestic equity	30-65%	40%
International equity	0-15%	10%
EQUITY ALTERNATIVES	0-50%	0%
FIXED MATURITY ALTERNATIVES	0-40%	35%
CASH	5-25%	15%

Note N - Retirement Annuity Plan - Continued

The fair values of plan assets on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2013 by asset category are as follows:

	¥ 1.4			Total Fair
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Value
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash	\$ 0	\$ 1	\$ O	\$ 1
Money market funds	0	<b>4</b> 77	0	477
Equity alternative	0	0	151	151
Fixed maturity alternative	0	0	603	603
Fixed maturity				
Bond fund	0	1,060	0	1,060
International mutual fund	0	298	0	298
Equity securities				
Mutual funds				
International mutual funds				
Large cap core	322	0	0	322
Emerging markets	275	0	0	275
Global	92	0	0	92
Domestic mutual funds	1,042	0	0	1,042
Common stocks				
Healthcare	29	0	0	29
Utilities	12	0	0	12
Financials	95	0	0	95
Consumer staples	8	0	0	8
Consumer discretionary	55	0	0	55
Materials	19	0	0	19
Energy	13	0	0	13
Information technology	40	0	0	40
Industrials	83	0	0	83
Foreign stocks/American deposit receipt	26	0	0	26
Total assets fair value	\$ 2,111	\$ 1,836	\$ 754	\$ 4,701

Note N - Retirement Annuity Plan - Continued

The fair values of plan assets on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2012 by asset category are as follows:

				Total Fair
Assets	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Value
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash	\$ 0	\$ 3	\$ 0	\$ 3
Money market funds	0	279	0	279
Equity alternative	0	0	176	176
Fixed maturity alternative	0	0	723	723
Fixed maturity				
Bond fund	0	1,064	0	1,064
Equity securities				
Mutual funds				
International large cap core	519	O	0	519
Emerging markets	340	0	0	340
Domestic fund	0	0	0	0
Common stocks				
Healthcare	279	0	0	279
Utilities	14	0	0	14
Financials	263	0	0	263
Consumer staples	155	0	0	155
Consumer discretionary	164	0	0	164
Materials	67	0	0	67
Energy	144	0	0	144
Information technology	610	0	0	610
Industrials	363	0	0	363
Foreign stocks/American deposit receipt	270	0	0	270
Total assets fair value	\$ 3,188	\$ 1,346	\$ 899	\$ 5,433

There were no significant transfers between level 1 and level 2 fair value investments for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012.

#### Note N - Retirement Annuity Plan - Continued

Included in alternative investments as of June 30, 2013 and 2012 are hedge funds of funds with fair values of \$754 and \$899, respectively. The funds are redeemable semiannually with no prior required redemption notice. There are no unfunded commitments for any of the hedge fund of funds for either 2013 or 2012.

The following table is a rollforward of the fair value amounts for financial instruments classified by the plan within level 3 of the valuation hierarchy above:

	Alternativ	
	Inve	stments
Fair value June 30, 2011	\$	1,078
Unrealized gains, net		2
Redemptions		(181)
Fair value June 30, 2012		899
Unrealized gains, net		49
Redemptions		(194)
Fair value June 30, 2013	\$	754

The following benefit payments, which reflect expected future service, as appropriate, are expected to be paid:

	Benefit Payments
2014	\$ 1,169
2015	1,106
2016	1,037
2017	967
2018	895
Next 5 years	3,418

#### Note O - Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Cash payments for interest, net of amounts capitalized and swap payments, were \$19,513 in 2013 and \$19,978 in 2012. Capitalized interest related to construction activities includes interest payments to creditors on bonds, net payments/receipts to counterparties on interest rate swap arrangements, and income received on trustee-held funds.

#### Note P - Temporarily and Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are available for the following health care services at June 30:

	 2013	2012
Capital improvements	\$ 14,737	\$ 17,152
Departmental expenses	7,442	7,182
Pastoral care	5,008	5,008
Research programs	1,187	710
Indigent care	1,117	1,047
Education programs	187	252
Other	51	 18
	\$ 29,729	\$ 31,369

Permanently restricted net assets consist of the following at June 30:

	2	2013	 2012
SMI Hospice Endowment	\$	1,055	\$ 1,055
Weinberg Endowment		1,000	1,000
Dr. Goodman Endowment		123	123
	\$	2,178	\$ 2,178

#### Note Q - Functional Expenses

MHS and its subsidiaries provide general health care services to patients within their geographic location. Expenses related to providing these services are as follows for the years ended June 30:

	 2013	 2012
Health care services	\$ 455,250	\$ 430,158
Administrative and support services	151,383	 143,386
	\$ 606,633	\$ 573,544

#### Note R - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities

#### Litigation

MHS has outstanding litigation involving claims brought against it in the normal course of business. Litigation in the normal course of business, as well as responses to claims and investigations described below, can be expensive, lengthy and disruptive to normal business operations. Moreover, the results of complex legal proceedings and government investigations are difficult to predict. Attorneys for MHS are representing MHS in all of these matters. Management is currently unable to estimate, with reasonable certainty, the possible loss, or range of loss, if any, for such lawsuits and investigations. Management of MHS is unable to determine the amount of any possible settlements for such lawsuits and investigations, but is of the opinion that all of the lawsuits are covered by applicable MHS insurance.

MHS is subject to asserted and unasserted claims (in addition to litigation) encountered in the ordinary course of business. As a result of the current level of governmental and public concerns with health care fraud and abuse, management recognizes that additional investigative activity could occur in the future. In the opinion of management and after consultation with legal counsel, management believes it has established adequate accrued reserves related to all known matters. The outcome of any potential investigative, regulatory or prosecutorial activity that may occur in the future cannot be predicted with certainty, however, and any associated potential future losses resulting from such activity could have a material adverse effect on the future financial position, results of operations and liquidity of MHS.

#### Self-Insurance Programs

As discussed in *Notes A* and *I*, GIC provides general and professional liability coverage to MHS and its subsidiaries. GIC's policies provide primary and certain excess liability coverage. GIC retains the risk related to the primary policy and reinsures the whole of the excess policies. While insurance policy limits vary by year, management believes the amounts are appropriate.

#### Note R - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities - Continued

GIC's primary coverage limits for the periods ending June 30 are:

	2013	2012
Healthcare Professional Liability (HPL)	\$2,000 per loss event \$5,000 per related loss event \$16,500 aggregate	\$2,000 per loss event \$5,000 per related loss event \$16,500 aggregate
Managed Care Organization Liability (MCO)	\$2,000 per loss event \$16,500 aggregate	\$2,000 per loss event \$16,500 aggregate
Commercial General Liability (CGL)	\$5,000 per occurrence \$16,500 aggregate	\$5,000 per occurrence \$16,500 aggregate

GIC's primary coverage for HPL is \$2,000 per loss event and MHS does not have any excess liability insurance for HPL on a per loss event basis. GIC provides excess coverage for HPL in the aggregate amount of \$75,000 in excess of \$5,000 for related loss events and in excess of \$16,500 aggregate. GIC provides excess coverage for CGL in the aggregate amount of \$75,000 in excess of \$5,000 per occurrence and in excess of \$16,500 aggregate. All excess coverage is reinsured by commercial insurance companies.

In management's opinion, the assets of GIC are sufficient to meet its obligations as of June 30, 2013. If the financial condition of GIC were to materially deteriorate in the future, and GIC were unable to pay its claim obligations, the responsibility to pay those claims would return to MHS.

MHS and certain of its subsidiaries are self-insured against employee medical claims. Plan expenses include claims incurred and provisions for unreported claims. However, the program has an annual aggregate stop loss provision per employee.

MHS and certain of its subsidiaries are self-insured against workers compensation claims and have surety bonds of \$2,200 (for claims arising after June 2004) as collateral for such claims. For claims that occurred between December 18, 2002 and June 2004, the surety coverage is limited to \$1,950. For claims that occurred prior to December 18, 2002, the surety coverage is limited to \$1,400.

MHS and certain of its subsidiaries are self-insured against unemployment claims and have surety bonds of \$1,475 for the Medical Center and \$350 for SMI. The amounts change each October 1<sup>st</sup> as dictated by the Maryland Department of Licensing and Regulation.

#### Note R - Commitments and Contingent Liabilities - Continued

#### Lease Commitments

The Medical Center and MFC have entered into separate long term leases for commercial space. The leases contain escalation clauses and charges for other costs related to the leased space. Future minimum payments for these leases for each of the years ended June 30 are as follows:

2014	\$ 2,665
2015	2,630
2016	2,585
2017	1,909
2018	1,722
Thereafter	59,699
	\$ 71,210

MHS and certain of its subsidiaries have other office space leases. Rent expense for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$5,047 and \$5,109, respectively.

The Medical Center and MFC have entered into separate long term operating leases for equipment. The leases contain escalation clauses and charges for other costs related to the leased space. Future minimum payments for these leases for each of the years ended June 30 are as follows:

2014	\$ 3,809
2015	3,803
2016	3,441
2017	1,606
2018	971
Thereafter	953
	\$ 14,583

MFIS and certain of its subsidiaries have other operating leases for equipment. Equipment lease expense for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 was \$3,779 and \$2,846, respectively.

#### Note S - Maryland Health Services Cost Review Commission

The Medical Center's charges are subject to review and approval by the State of Maryland Health Services Cost Review Commission (the Commission). Management has made the required filings with the Commission and believes the Medical Center to be in compliance with the Commission's requirements. The Commission has jurisdiction over hospital reimbursement in Maryland by agreement with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS). This agreement is based on a waiver from the Medicare Prospective Payment System reimbursement principles granted under Section 1814(b) of the Social Security Act. The State of Maryland and Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services are currently discussing a revision to the existing waiver methodology. If approved, Maryland would retain the waivered status, and the measures to retain the waiver would be modified. Management believes that likely outcome of these discussions will be positive, and the waiver will remain in effect for at least three to five years.

The Commission established an uncompensated care fund whereby all hospitals are required to contribute 0.75% of revenues to this fund to help provide for the cost associated with uncompensated care for certain Maryland hospitals above the State average. In December 2008, the Commission modified this mechanism to finance uncompensated care statewide. The policy implemented 100% pooling and all Maryland hospitals have the same percentage of uncompensated care in rates. High uncompensated care hospitals receive funds and low uncompensated care hospitals pay into the fund. The Medical Center had net receipts of \$210 and \$607 for 2013 and 2012, respectively, related to its participation in the uncompensated care fund mechanism.

The Commission's rate-setting methodology for service centers that provide both inpatient and outpatient services or only outpatient services consists of establishing an acceptable unit rate for these centers within the applicable facility. The actual average unit charge for each service center is compared to the approved rate on a monthly basis. The rate variances, plus penalties where applicable, are applied to decrease (in the case of overcharges) or increase (in the case of undercharges) future approved rates on an annual basis. The timing of the Commission's rate adjustments for the Medical Center could result in an increase or reduction due to the variances and penalties described above in a year subsequent to the year in which such items occur. MHS' policy is to accrue revenue based on actual charges for services to patients in the year in which the services are performed and billed.

#### Note T - Housing Assistance Payment Contract

The U.S. Federal Housing Administration (FHA) has contracted with CSC under Section 8 of Title II of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 to make housing assistance payments to CSC on behalf of certified tenants. For fiscal year 2013 and 2012, the maximum contract commitment was \$1,117 and \$1,092 per year, respectively. During the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, CSC received housing assistance payments of \$600 and \$554, respectively, which are included in patient service revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. The effective date of the contract is retroactive to April 1, 2013 and will expire on March 31, 2014. The overall contract expiration date is March 31, 2033.

#### Note U - Certain Risks and Uncertainties

Regulation and Reimbursement

MHS provides health care services primarily through an acute care hospital in Baltimore City and a long-term care facility in Baltimore County, Maryland.

MHS and other healthcare providers in Maryland are subject to certain inherent risks, including the following:

- Dependence on revenues derived from reimbursement by the federal Medicare and State Medicaid programs;
- Regulation of hospital rates by the State of Maryland Health Services Cost Review Commission;
- Government regulation, government budgetary constraints and proposed legislative and regulatory changes; and
- Lawsuits alleging malpractice and related claims.

Such inherent risks require the use of certain management estimates in the preparation of MHS' consolidated financial statements and it is reasonably possible that a change in such estimates may occur.

The Medicare and state Medicaid reimbursement programs represent a substantial portion of MHS' revenues and MHS' operations are subject to a variety of other federal, state and local regulatory requirements. Failure to maintain required regulatory approvals and licenses and/or changes in such regulatory requirements could have a significant adverse effect on MHS. Changes in federal and state reimbursement funding mechanisms and related government budgetary constraints could have a significant adverse effect on MHS.

#### Note U - Certain Risks and Uncertainties - Continued

Regulation and Reimbursement - Continued

The federal government and many states have aggressively increased enforcement under Medicare and Medicaid anti-fraud and abuse laws and physician self-referral laws. Recent federal initiatives have prompted a national review of federally funded health care programs. In addition, the federal government and many states have implemented programs to audit and recover potential overpayments to providers from the Medicare and Medicaid programs. MHS has implemented a compliance program to monitor conformance with applicable laws and regulations, but the possibility of future governmental review and enforcement action exists.

As a result of recently enacted and pending federal health care reform legislation, substantial changes are anticipated in the U.S. health care delivery system. Such legislation includes numerous provisions affecting the delivery of health care services, the financing of health care costs, reimbursement of health care providers, and the legal obligations of health insurers, providers and employers. These provisions are currently slated to take effect at specified times over the next decade. This federal health care reform legislation does not affect the consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013.

#### Investments

MHS and certain of its subsidiaries have funds on deposit with financial institutions in excess of amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

Certain alternative investments held in the MHS portfolio are exposed to potential risks in excess of the risks associated with the other investments in the MHS portfolio. These include, but are not limited to, the following potential risks:

- limited or no liquidity (including "side pocket" arrangements),
- derivative financial instruments that expose the investment funds to market risk (if the market value of the contract is higher or lower than the contract price at the maturity date) and credit risk (arising from the potential inability of counterparties to perform under the terms of the contracts),
- investment in non-marketable securities that are valued without the benefit of an active secondary market,
- · substantially less regulation, and
- no current income production.

#### Note V - Endowment

Current accounting standards provide guidance on the net asset classification of donor-restricted endowment funds for a not-for-profit organization that is subject to an enacted version of the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Act of 2006 (UPMIFA) and additional disclosures about an organization's endowment funds. In 2008, the State of Maryland adopted UPMIFA.

The MHS endowments consist of three individual funds established for a variety of purposes. The endowments include both donor-restricted endowment funds and funds designated by the board of trustees to function as endowments. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the board of trustees to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The board of trustees of MHS has interpreted the Maryland State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (SPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, MHS classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts donated to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by SPMIFA. In accordance with SPMIFA, MHS considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- (2) The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions
- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments
- (6) Other resources of the organization
- (7) The investment policies of the organization

#### Note V - Endowment - Continued

MHS has adopted an investment policy for endowment assets that attempts to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowments while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that must be held in perpetuity.

To satisfy its long term rate-of-return objectives, MHS relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). MHS targets a diversified asset allocation that places a greater emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

At June 30, 2013, the endowment net asset composition by type of fund consisted of the following:

	Unres	tricted	porarily tricted	nanently stricted	 otal
Donor-restricted funds	\$	0	\$ (19)	\$ 2,178	\$ 2,159
Total funds		0	 (19)	\$ 2,178	\$ 2,159

At June 30, 2012, the endowment net asset composition by type of fund consisted of the following:

	Unrestric	ted_	-	orarily ricted	Perma Rest	nently ricted	 <u> Total</u>
Donor-restricted funds	\$	0	\$	(131)	\$	2,178	\$ 2,047
Total funds	\$	0	\$	(131)	\$	2,178	\$ 2,047

Note V - Endowment - Continued

Changes in endowment net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, consisted of the following:

	Unrest	ricted	porarily tricted	nanently stricted	 [otal
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	0	\$ (131)	\$ 2,178	\$ 2,047
Investment return:					
Investment income		0	 186	 0	186
Total investment income		0	186	0	186
Appropriation of endowment					
asset for expenditure		0	 (74)	 0	(74)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	0	\$ (19)	\$ 2,178	\$ 2,159

Changes in endowment net assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

	Unrestric	ted	•	orarily ricted	anently cricted	,	Γotal
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$	0	<b>\$</b>	(44)	\$ 2,178	\$	2,134
Investment return:							
Investment income		0		(103)	0		(103)
Total investment loss		0		(103)	0		(103)
Contributions		0		23	0		23
Appropriation of endowment							
asset for expenditure		0		(7)	 0		(7)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$	0	\$	(131)	\$ 2,178	\$	2,047

#### Note W - Other Long-Term Liabilities

Other long-term liabilities consist of the following at June 30:

	-	2013	2012
Interest rate swaps	\$	28,843	\$ 42,340
Deferred compensation plan		5,738	6,225
Retirement annuity plan		4,176	4,685
GIC claims estimated tail		1,000	1,000
Other		512	 531
	\$	40,269	\$ 54,781

#### Note X - Asset Abandonment

During fiscal year 2013, Mercy Health Services decided to abandon its investment in the partially-completed upgrade of the Meditech hospital information system. Although management already had plans to replace the existing physician electronic health record (EHR) computer system with EPIC, significant performance issues with the previous EHR computer system accelerated its replacement. Management decided that EPIC was a better solution to achieving an integrated EHR (hospital and physician), and therefore abandoned efforts to complete the Meditech project. The first phase of the EPIC install (EPIC ambulatory for physicians) went live August 1, 2013.

#### Note Y - Subsequent Events

Management evaluated all events and transactions that occurred after June 30, 2013 and through October 10, 2013, the date the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued. Other than described below, MHS did not have any material recognizable subsequent events during the period.

In August 2013, Mercy Medical Center purchased a parcel of land that it had previously been renting under the terms of an operating lease. The land purchase was valued at \$7,795. The purchase eliminated annual operating lease costs of \$920. The land is operated as a flat lot parking facility.





## Report of Independent Auditor on Other Financial Information

The Board of Trustees Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Baltimore, MD

We have audited the 2013 and 2012 consolidated financial statements of Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of and for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated October 10, 2013, which contains an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements (see pages one and two). Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements as a whole. The consolidated balance sheets and related consolidated statements of activities, changes in net assets, and cash flows as of and for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are presented for purposes of additional analysis of the basic consolidated financial statements, and are not required parts of the basic consolidated financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairy stated in all material respects in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

October 10, 2013

Cohen, Rutherford + Knight, P.C.

Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidating Balance Sheet Information June 30, 2013 (Dollars in thousands)

	Mercy Health	Mercy Health		Mercv						
	Services,	Foundation,		Medical	Stella		Physician			
	Inc.	Inc.	Cer	Center, Inc.	Maris, Inc.	i	Enterprise	Eliminati	ons Co	Eliminations Consolidated
ASSETS										
CURRENT ASSETS										
Cash, cash equivalents and short term investments Current portion of funds held by marree	\$ 120	\$ 2,153	分	9/8,69	\$ 8,732	32 \$	570	₩.	<del>\$</del>	81,451
or authority	0	0		10.943	1.106	90	C		c	12.049
Resident prepayment deposits	0	0		0	9	637	0		0	637
Patient receivables, net	0	0		24,556	4,658	58	14,446		0	43.660
Other receivables, net	555	0		3,406	9)	(616)	725		(750)	3,319
Current pledges receivable, net	0	4,907		0		· 0	0	,	` 0	4,907
Inventory	0	0		902'9	2	223	598		0	7,527
Other aurent assets	0	0		4,282	<u> </u>	101	165		0	4,548
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	675	7,060		119,769	14,841	41	16,504		(750)	158,098
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT	0	0		518,200	23,955	55	6,471		0	548,626
INVESTMENTS AND OTHER ASSETS										,
Funds held by trustee or authority,										
less attrent portion	0	0		22,817	1,284	84	0		0	24,101
Long-tean investments	6,769	0		9,207		0	0		0	15,976
Board designated and donor restricted										
investments	9,579	10,670		94,250	16,007	70	0		0	130,506
Restricted cash	0	2,055		59,993		0	0		0	62,048
Interest in net assets of MHF	0	0		21,396	5,423	23	0	(26,819)	(16)	, (9)
Long-term pledges receivable, net	0	10,175		0		0	0	•	` O	10,175
Investments in and advances to affiliates	11,275	(2,053)	_	(4,715)	<i>L</i> )	(702)	(475)	(3,001)	(10	329
Reinsurance balances receivable	0	0		10,018		0	0		0	10,018
Other assets	138	0		12,258	5	532	3,506		0	16,434
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 28,436	\$ 27,907	<b>↔</b>	863,194	\$ 61,340	40 \$	26,006	\$ (30,571)	71) \$	976,311

Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidating Balance Sheet Information-Continued June 30, 2013 (Dollars in thousands)

		4 1	Mercy Health	4 II	Mercy Health	Mercy								
		Se	Services,	Four	Foundation,	Medical		Stella	Physician	cian				
	1		Inc.		Inc.	Center, Inc.	Ma	Maris, Inc.	Enterprise	prise	Elimi	Eliminations Consolidated	ouso	lidated
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	VET ASSETS													
URRENT LIABILITIES														
Current maturities of long-term debt	erm debt	<b>₩</b>	26	₩	0	7,365	₩	1,206	€>	0	<del>(/)</del>	0	<del>69</del>	8,597
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	kd expenses		98		19	58,135		6,244		12,283				75,915
Resident prepayment deposits	its		0		0	0		929		0		` O		636
Construction retainage			0		0	2,042		0		0		0		2,042
Line of aredit	,		0	ļ	0	8,000		0		0		0		8,000
TOTALCURR	TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		124		19	75,542		8,086		12,283		(864)		95,190
Long-term debt			143		0	425,226		16,154		0		0	4	441,523
Acrued interest			0		0	0		17		0		0		17
Provision for outstanding losses	osses		0		0	58,205		0		0		0		58,205
Post-retirement obligation			0		0	5,575		0		0		0		5,575
Other long-term liabilities	•		0		184	40,085		0		0		0		40,269
TC	TOTAL LIABILITIES		267		203	604,633		24,257		12,283		(864)	9	640,779
ET ASSETS														
Unrestricted			28,168		884	236,028		28,381		13,051		(2,887)	ι,)	303,625
Temporarily restricted			0		24,764	21,410		7,647		672		(24,764)		29,729
Permanently restricted	1		0		2,055	1,123		1,055	1	0	,	(2,055)		2,178
TC	TOTAL NET ASSETS		28,168		27,703	258,561		37,083		13,722		(29,706)	3	335,532
)I	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	↔	28,436	₩	27,907	\$ 863,194	₩	61,340	₩	26,006	<b>→</b>	(30,571)	o   ++-	976,311

Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidating Statement of Operations Information Year ended June 30, 2013 (Dollars in thousands)

	Mercy Health	Mercy Health	Mercy				
	Services,	Foundation,	Medical	Stella	Physician		
	Inc.	Inc.	Center, Inc.	Maris, Inc.	Enterprise	Eliminations Consolidated	Consolidated
REVENUES							
Patient service revenues							
(net of allowances and discounts)	0	0 ⇔	\$ 424,331	\$ 49,484	\$ 129,433	0	\$ 603.249
Provisions for bad debt	0	0	(21,787)	(592)	(7,906)		(30,285)
Net patient service revenues	0	0	402,544	48,892	\$ 121,528	0	572,964
Other operating revenues	1,722	1,486	18,422	6,129	9,936	(11,706)	25,990
Net assets released from testrictions						· ·	
used for operations	0	0	2,005	1,202	187	0	3.394
TOTAL REVENUES	1,722	1,486	422,972	56,223	131,651	(11,706)	602,348
EXPENSES							
Salaries and benefits	1,285	1,046	191,080	37,397	104,244	(4,480)	330,572
Medical and surgical supplies	0	0	52,417	862	1,057	0	54,336
Pharmacy supplies	0	0	24,038	1,093	7,717	0	32,848
Other expendable supplies	0	466	20,311	3,886	1,964	0	26,627
Professional fees	0	Ó	8,427	2,800	5,171	(1,075)	15,324
Insurance	0	0	19,763	813	4,793	28	25,397
Other purchased services	30	268	50,901	3,415	5,282	(6,505)	53,392
Interest expense	0	0	18,725	892	0	0	19,617
Repairs	0	31	9,706	637	602	0	10,976
Depredation and amortization	0	0	33,087	2,190	2,267	0	37,545
TOTAL EXPENSES	1,316	1,812	428,455	53,985	133,097	(12,032)	606,633
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	406	(325)	(5,483)	2,238	(1,446)	325	(4,285)

Mercy Health Services, Inc. and Subsidiaries Consolidating Statement of Operations Information - Continued Year ended June 30, 2013 (Dollars in thousands)

	Mercy	4	Mercy								
	Health	111	Health	Σ	Mercy						
	Services,	Fou	Foundation,	Me	Medical	Stella		Physician			
ļ	Inc.		Inc.	Cent	Center, Inc.	Maris, Inc.		Enterprise	Eliminations Consolidated	Com	solidated
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)											
Investment income \$	402	↔	190	⇔	3,018	₩,	\$ 065	0	(\$190)	↔	4,010
Equity in gains of affiliates	546		0		0		0	0	` 0		546
Net unrealized gain (loss) on trading securities	299		136		455	-	580	0	(136)		1,334
Unrealized loss on interest rate swap	0		0		13,497		0	0	,		13,497
Gain on early extinguishment of debt	0		0		0	2,0	2,649	0	0		2,649
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	0		0		(20)		0	3	0		(17)
Asset abandonment	0		0		(7,826)		0	0	0		(7,826)
Other	0		0		(652)		0	0	0		(652)
NET OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)	1,247		325	!	8,472	3,8	3,819	3	(325)		13,540
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES											•
OVER EXPENSES	1,653		0		2,989	6,0	6,057	(1,444)	0		9,255
Changes to post retirement plans obligations	0		0		2,939			0	0		2,939
Transfers of net assets	0		0		(30,650)		0	30,650	0		0
Net assets released from restrictions for the					•			•			
purchase of property and equipment	0		0		3,559		(115)	0	0		3,444
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS	1,653	<b>↔</b>	0	₹	(\$21,163)	\$ 5,5	5,942 \$	29,206	0	₩	15,638

RUN DATE: 10/24/13 RUN TIME: 1339 RUN USER: FSV.SA2			₩ W	ercy Medical	Mercy Medical Ctr - Baltimore GL *LIVE*	e GL *LIVE*			<u> </u>	RUN: CONS AUDIT	DIT RPT: CONSAUDT	PAGE 1 F FMT: SUM B/S1
			MERC) STATEME	r HEALTH SER Int of Reveni For the	MERCY HEALTH SERVICES, INC CONSOLIDATED F/S STATEMENT OF REVENUE & EXPENSE : Amts. in Thousands FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 66/36/13	ONSOLIDATED Amts in Thou 6/30/13	F/S isands					
	MERCY HEALTH SERVICES	MERCY HEALTH FOUNDATION	8	MERCY MED CENTER, INC.	PHYSICIAN ENTERPRISES		STELLA MARIS, INC.	ELIMINATIONS	CONSOLIDATED	DATED	PRIOR FY	
OPERATING REVENUES Patient Services Rev. net of bad debt Other Operating Revenues Net assets released - operations	\$ 1.722 0	\$ 1,486 0	36 0 0	402,544 18,422 2.005	\$ 121.528 9,936 187	528 \$ 936 187	48,892 \$ 6,129	(11,706)	₩.	572,964 \$ 25,990 3,393	553,355 28,145 2,673	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,722	1,486	36	422,972	131,651	51	56, 223	(11,706)		602,347	584,173	
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries and Benefits Medical/Surgical Supplies Pharmacy Supplies	1,285	1,046	16 0 0 0	191,080 52,417 24,038	104,241 1,057 7,715		37,397 862 1,093	(4,480)		330,569 54,336 32,846	321,008 49,990 33,124	
Uther Suppiles Professional Fees Insurance	000	467	رج 0 0	20,311 8,427	1.964 5.171	71	3,886 2,800	(1.075)		26.627 15.324	27,361 27,361 15,516	
Other Purchased Services Continency	300	24	268 2	19,783 50,901	4,796 5,282	82 82	3.415	28 (6,505)		25,401 53,392	12.217 47.375	
Interest Expense Repairs Depreciation & Amortization			31	18,725 9,706 33,087	0 0 602 2.267	0 0 602 267	892 637 2.190	000		0 19.61.7 10,976 37,545	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\20.114\\10.111\\36.725 \end{array}$	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,316	1,812	[2]	428,457	133,096	96	53,985	(12,032)		606.634	573,541	
INCOME/<,,OSS> FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 406	\$ (35	(325) \$	(5,485)	\$ (1,445)	45) \$	2.237	\$ 325	<b>₩</b>	(4,287) \$	10,633	
OTHER INCOME / < EXPENS Investment Income Net Unrealized Gains/ <losses> on Trad Equity in Gain/<loss> of Joint Ventur Gain/<loss> on Interest Rate Swap Gain on Interest Rate Swap</loss></loss></losses>	402 299 546 0	21.21	136 0 0 0	3.018 455 0 13.497		0000	. 590 580 0 0	(190) (136) (136) 0		4,010 1,334 546 13,497	227 (2,074) 571 (19,551)	
Extinguishment of Debt Loss on disposal of PPE Asset Abandonemnt Otther Mon Oneration Items	0 0 0 0		0000	(20) (7,826)		30 MO	2,649 0 0	0 0 0		2,649 (1,7) (7,826)	0 (1,290) 0 0	
NET OTHER INCOME / < EXPENSE >	1.247	35	325	(652)		ء ا د ع ا د	3,820	(325)		(652)	54	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES	1,653		0	2,987	(1,443)	43)	6.057	0		9,254	(11,430)	
Changes to Post Retirement Plans Obli Transfers of net assets Net Assets Released from Restriction	0 0 0		0 0 0	2,939 (30,649) 3,559	30,649 0	0 49 0	0 0 (115)	000		2,939 0 3,444	(1,680)	
TAISSEAST A CALLINGUISIMIER OF DEDICATION	0		-   -	0		0	0	0		0	0	
INCKEASE/ <deckease> IN UNRESTRICTED N</deckease>	1,653		0	(21,164)	29.206	90	5,942	0		15,638	(6,300)	

HIGHOY HEID ON. CENTER X. 300S/101/AVIZAS   ADMINISTRATE Y. TOTAL CHARGE SIERT   NATIONAL CENTER X. 300S/101/AVIZAS   ADMINISTRATE Y. CORNEL DAY THE TRANSPORTED Y. CORNEL DAY. CORNEL DAY. CORNEL DAY. CORNEL DAY. TOTAL CHARGES AND ST. I MESTINE THAT STATES AND ST. I MESTINE	ייני לא יוראורים להן - ממורוווומן בא מך עדואני.		RUN: CONS AUDIT	T RPT: BSMMCCON FMT:	PAGE 1 FMT: BS MMC1
THENTS 66.351 CARE, INC. INTEGRALAR  11.843 0.0 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	WEDICAL CENTER: & SUBSIDIARIES SE SHEET - Ants in Thousands THE PERIOD ENDED 06/30/13 Amounts in Thousands				
11.843	GREENLEAF INSURANCE	BRAGER & ELI GABER	ELIMATIONS CONS	CONSOLIDATED	PRIOR FY
11.843 22.709 22.709 3.648 0 6.706 0 6.706 0 6.706 0 114.533 1.847 4 2.1917 0 (8.735) 1.847 4 4.266 0 11.806 0 12.258 0 0 12.258 0 0 12.258 0 0 0 12.258 0 0 0 12.258 0 0 0 12.258 0 0 0 0 12.258 0 0 0 0 12.258 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 525	V	•		
3.648 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		000	000	69,876 11.843 24,556	/6.381 10,971 18,397
6, 706 4, 276 114, 533 1, 847 1, 8	182	0	(425)	3,406	3,493
114,533     1,847     4,658       518,000     200     200       21,917     0     0       (8,735)     4,058     48.       11,806     0     10       94,250     0     48.       94,207     0     0       21,396     0     0       680,968     4,258     58.       660,968     4,258     58.       7,366     0     0       65,713     18     0       7,5,121     18       7,5,121     18       7,5,121     0     0       0     0     0       0     0     0       1,575     0     0       1,608     0     0       1,75,121     0     0       1,75,121     0     0       1,75,121     0     0       1,086     0     0       1,086     0     0       1,086     0     0       1,086     0     0       1,086     0     0       1,086     0     0       1,086     0     0       1,086     0     0       1,086     0     0       1,086     <			000	6,706 4.282	6,986 4 754
518,000 21,917 0 (8,735) 11,806 11,806 11,806 94,250 94,250 94,250 12,396 0 12,258 680,968 660,968 65,713 0 0 2,042 0 2,042 0 2,042 0 2,042 0 0 2,042 0 0 2,042 0 0 2,042 0 0 2,042 0 0 0 0 0 2,042 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4 713		(104)	1000	
(8,735) 4,058 (11,006) 11,806 (11,806) 40,250 (11,806) 12,258 (11,258) (11,		<b>30</b>	(624) 0	120,669 518,200	120.981 521,906
11,806 4.058 4.058 48.  94,250 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	10,018	0	00	21,917 10,018	22,091
94.250 9.207 21.396 868.968 680.968 680.968 65.713 0 2.042 0 2.042 0 2.042 0 2.042 0 2.042 0 2.042 0 0 2.042 0 0 2.042 0 0 0 2.042 0 0 0 0 2.042 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	(38) 48,187	0 0	0 0	(4,715)	25,238
21.396 0 868 0 0 12.258 0 680.968 4.258 680.968 6.105 7.365 6.105 0 2.042 0 2.042 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	94 250	86 148
868     0       0     0       0     0       0     0       7.365     6.105       65.713     18       0     0       2.042     0       0     0       2.042     0       0     0       425.226     0       40.085     0       470.886     0	00	0	000	9,207	20,667
12,258 680,968 680,968 7,562 65,713 18 65,713 18 75,121 75,121 18 425,226 0 0 0 0 0 0 5,575 40,085		0 0	(898)	21,396	23,598
680,968 4,258 795,502 6,105 7,365 0 65,713 18 0 0 2,042 0 2,042 0 1,75,121 18 425,226 0 5,575 0 40,085 0	D 10	<b>5</b> 0	0 0	0 12,258	9.898
795.502 6.105 7.365 0 65.713 18 0 0 2.042 0 75.121 18 425,226 0 0 0 5.575 0 40.085 0		0	(898)	742,525	758.737
7.366 0 65.713 18 0 0 2.042 0 75.121 18 425.226 0 0 0 5.575 0 40.085 0 6.58.		0	(1,293)	863,194	879.718
2.042 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	0	0	(7.365)	7 090
2.042 0 2.042 0 75.121 18 425.226 0 0 0 0 5.575 0 40.085 0 58.	827 0	0 0	(425)	(66,134)	57,204
75.121 18 425,226 0 0 0 5,575 0 40.085 0 171ES 470,886 0 58.		00	900	0 (2 042)	0 0 0
5.575 0 0 58. 470.886 0 58.	82	0	(425)	(75,541)	66,097
5,575 0 58, 40,085 0 58, 17IES 470,886 0 58,	0	0			500
40,085 0 LIABILITIES 470,886 0	58,	0 0	000	(58,205) (5,575)	37,258
4/0,886 0	0	0	0	(40,085)	54,577
		0	0	(529,091)	531,711
NET ASSETS UNRESTRICTED 226,962 6,087 3,848		0	(898)	(236,028)	257,191

RUN DATE: 10/24/13 RUN TIME: 1339 RUN USER: FSV.SA2		Mercy Medical	Mercy Medical Ctr - Baltimore GL *LIVE*		RUN: CON	PAGE 2 RUN: CONS AUDIT RPT: BS/M/CCON FMT: BS M/CI	PAGE 2 CON FMT: BS MMC1
		MERCY MEDI BALANCE S FOR THE Ann	IERCY MEDICAL CENTER & SUBSIDIARIES BALANCE SHEET - Amts in Thousands FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 06/30/13 Amounts in Thousands				
	MERCY MED, CENTER, INC.	TRANSITIONAL CARE, INC.	GREENLEAF INSURANCE	BRAGER & GABER	ELIMATIONS	CONSOLIDATED	PRIOR FY
TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED PERMANENTLY RESTRICTED	21,410 1,123	0	0	0 0	0	(21,410)	23.596
TOTAL NET ASSETS	249,495	280.9	3,848	0 0	(868)	(258, 562)	281,910
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	795,502	6,105	62,880	0 0	(1,293)	(863.194)	879.718
TOTAL OUT OF BALANCE	0	0	0	0	0	0	