Primary Care Transformation Intake Templates FAQ

This FAQ is provided to guide hospitals completing the Primary Care Transformation Intake Templates, (1) "Episodic Primary Care Transformation" and (2) "Panel-Based Primary Care Transformation". The information provided is supplemental to the instructions provided directly in the Template with the goal of providing an example of how the Template could be completed. Please be sure to carefully read the instructions within each tab in addition to reviewing the examples provided here.

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Which of the two templates should I complete?

The HSCRC developed two distinct "flavors" to capture the Primary Care Transformation CTI Thematic Area. Both files are distinct from prior Thematic Areas in that they do not require an inpatient hospitalization event to trigger the CTI.

- 1. **Episodic Primary Care Transformation (file CTI_003a):** Allows the hospital to identify provider initiated episodes based on them providing an Evaluation and Management (E&M) service to beneficiaries. Beneficiaries will be attributed to the hospital on the day that they receive one of the listed services from the NPIs selected by the hospitals. The hospital will be accountable for the costs that occur during a fixed episode window following the initiating claim.
- 2. Panel-Based Primary Care Transformation (file CTI_003b): Allows a hospital to trigger a CTI on the first day of the performance period and follow those beneficiaries for the entire performance period (365 days). Hospital will provide a list of their NPIs and the HSCRC will run an "MDPCP-like" attribution on those providers. The hospital will be attributed any beneficiary to whom their NPIs provided a plurality of office-based E&M services.

Hospitals should complete the Intake Template that most accurately reflects how their interventions target a particular population. In addition to the trigger methodologies described above, both Intake Templates allow hospitals to further target their population by using age, zip codes, a list of chronic conditions, prior hospital or ED utilization thresholds, HCC ranges, and frailty flags. More details are provided on each throughout this FAQ.

Episodic Primary Care Transformation (CTI_003a)

Tab 1. Overview

The Primary Care Transformation CTI have a two-part process to construct episodes. Part I specifies the trigger and is required, while Part 2 allows hospitals to further target their intended beneficiaries based on other optional criteria. Hospital should determine which of the six "Part 2" criteria they will use, and indicate these selections on the first tab. The boxes to the left of the criteria contain a drop down menu in which hospitals can select "D" to use the HSCRC's default criteria or "X" to use a hospital-defined criteria (see screenshot below). Hospitals, systems, and regional partnerships should also identify in this tab which hospitals the Template pertains to by filling out the line "Submitting Hospital Name(s) & CMS ID(s)". Please write the hospital name followed by the 6-digit CMS ID in parentheses, as shown below.

Care Transformation Initiatives	
Fhematic Area: Episodic Primary Care Transformation	MARYLAND
Submitting Hospital Name(s) & CMS ID(s): ABC Hospital (100000)	
This Intake Template is designed to help hospitals and the HSCRC gather all the desired episod	le triggers and restrictions for the Episodic Primary Care Transformation CTI.
each tab within this Workbook provides a way for hospitals to customize their CTI for the po	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Committee, below are the criteria options that hospitals are allowed to select, in any combinati ustomize a particular criteria.	on, with the HSCRC's default also specified if a hospital chooses not to
Please note that this Episodic Primary Care Transformation CTI requires a hospit:	al to develop their population using E&M codes and a separate
emplate is available for hospitals wanting to use a panel-based method to target the	neir primary care interventions. Attribution for this CTI is performed in two
parts: Part 1 uses the 'Triggers and NPI List' tab where the hospital must select their E&M trigg	ers and NPIs lists; and Part 2 uses the remainder of the tabs where the hospital
nay limit the attributed beneficiaries based on other criteria. Part 1 is required, but for Part 2	please indicate which criteria your hospital will use to define its CTI population
by selecting an "X" for hospital-defined and a "D" for using the HSCRC-default:	
Part I: Primary Care Service Triggers and NPI List (required)	Please specify your hospital's defintion in the relevant tab below
Part 2: Beneficiary age (default: ages 65+)	Warning: you are selecting the HSCRC's default criteria
K Part 2: Geographic service area (default: no geographic restriction)	Please specify your hospital's defintion in the relevant tab below
Part 2: Chronic conditions (default: any condition and no chronic condition threshold)	Warning: you are selecting the HSCRC's default criteria
V Part 2: Prior hospitalization/ED utilization (default: no requirement on prior utilization)	Please specify your hospital's defintion in the relevant tab below
D Part 2: Look back/look forward (default: none)	Warning: you are selecting the HSCRC's default criteria
K ↓ ▼rt 2: Episode length (default: 90-day episode window)	Please specify your hospital's defintion in the relevant tab below
Hospitals do not need to provide information on all criteria/tabs listed, just the crit	
which they do not feel the HSCRC's default criteria is appropriate. If the box next	
complete the relevant tab with their list of zip codes, age ranges, chronic condition	is, etc.
f you have questions as you fill out this workbook, please email hscrc.care-transformation@m	aryland.gov.
Overview CTI Description Triggers and NPI List Baseline Period Beneficiary Age	Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp (+)
en besciption inggets and ter tist i baseline renou benentiary Age	

Tab 2. CTI Description

The second tab provides space for hospitals to describe their CTI's objectives and interventions. In this tab hospitals should justify how their CTI matches the general goals and principles of the Thematic Area, of which details can be found in the Care Transformation Steering Committee meeting materials on the HSCRC's website.

Care Transformatio	on Initiatives						
Intake Template							
Thematic Area: Episodic Primar	y Care Transformation						
CTI Interventions							
Instructions: Please take the s							-
describing the interventions, yo					ho help to implement th	ne interventions.	The
HSCRC reserves the right to e	nsure submitting groups ar	re providing meaning	gful interventions th	at fit within this CTI.			
Title of Initiative: CTI A							
Overview: The purpose of C	TLA is to						
ever new. The purpose of e							
Interventions:							
Care Partners:							
Overview CTI Description		Decelies Devi 1	Dama Galana A	Communitie Comies t	changia Canaliti	Deine Lines	· · -
UVerview CIL Description	Triggers and NPI List	Baseline Period	Beneficiary Age	Geographic Service Area	Chronic Conditions	Prior Hosp	(+) : 4

Tab 3. Triggers and NPI List

The Episodic Primary Care Transformation CTI requires hospitals to submit a list of E&M services to act as the trigger (Table 1) and a list of NPIs (Table 2) who will perform the service. Please see the screenshot below for an example. Alternatively, hospitals can leave Table 1 blank if they wish to use the HSCRC's seven categories of E&M codes defined in the instructions as their triggers.

Care Transformation Initiatives Intake Template Thematic Area: Episodic Primary Care Transformation

Triggers and NPI List

YOU MUST INDICATE THE TRIGGERING SERVICE AND PROVIDE AN NPI LIST.

Instructions: Each hospital must trigger their population by specifying a list of E&M codes that will act as the trigger AND providing an NPI list (10-digit) who will trigger the service. Hospitals have the ability to define their own E&M triggers (please list each code individually without ranges), or they can use the HSCRC's default E&M code list, informed by federal primary care programs, by leaving Table I below blank:

I. Prolonged E&M (99354-99355)

2. Transitional Care Management Services (99495-99496)

3. Home Care E&M (99324-99328, 99334-99337, 99339-99345, 99347-99350)

4. Advance Care Planning (99497- 99498)

5. Welcome to Medicare (G0402)

6. Annual Wellness Visits (G0438, G0439)

7. Chronic Care Management Services (99487, 99489-99491)

If the rows within the trigger codes or NPI tables are not sufficient, you can expand the tables. All hospitals must provide an NPI list in Table 2, while leaving Table 1's triggering services blank will indicate the hospital's preference for the HSCRC's default E&M triggers.

Table I. E&M Triggering Ser	vice 👻	AND	Table	2. NPI List		•	r	r la	r la	r -
	12345			1234567	890					
	12346			1234567	891					
	12347			1234567	892					
	12348			1234567	893					
	12349			1234567	894					
	12350			1234567	895					
	12351			1234567	896					
	12352			1234567	897					
	12353			1234567	898					
	12354			1234567	899					
				1234567	900					
				1234567	901					
				1234567	902					
				1234567	903					
Overview CTI Description	Triggers and NPI L	ist Baseline	Period	Beneficiary A	ge		Geographic Service Area	Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions	Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp	Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp 🕀

Tab 4. Baseline Period

Hospitals are then prompted to select one of three options for a baseline period, which is chosen by clicking on the box under "Baseline Period" and selecting from one of the items in the drop down menu.

Care Transformation	n Initiatives	
Intake Template		
Thematic Area: Episodic Primary	Care Transformation	
Baseline Period		
YOU MUST SELECT A BASELIN	e PERIOD.	
process began, you can select a y cannot support a baseline period 12 months) the earliest baseline	st select the baseline period in which to be measured against during the performance year. If the CTI in question has been in place before the year in the past. If the CTI in question is new or just beginning, you should select the most current year. Due to data limitations, the HSCR d earlier than 2016. Furthermore, if a hospital will be using a look-back criteria in their population definition (i.e. 3 hospitalizations in the prior period possible is FY 2017-2018. Baseline periods can only be HSCRC fiscal years (365 days), which are from July through June each year. In ebaseline period, all hospitals must specify their baseline period.	C or
Baseline Period	Possible Baseline Periods:	
July 2017 - June 2018 🗸	July 2016 - June 2017	
July 2016 - June 2017	July 2017 - June 2018	
July 2017 - June 2018 July 2018 - June 2019	July 2018 - June 2019	
Overview CTI Description	Triggers and NPI List Baseline Period Beneficiary Age Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp (+)	: [
		_

Tab 5. Beneficiary Age

Hospitals can then elect to target a particular age group of beneficiaries within the fifth tab. In the box below "Age (years)", hospitals can write any age range in any understandable format. The uses of plus signs, dashes, and greater than/less than signs are all permitted (see screenshot below).

Care Transform		n Initiatives						
hematic Are	a: Episodic Primary	Care Transformation						
Criteria I: E	Beneficiary Age							
OU HAVE	SELECTED THE H	SCRC'S DEFAULT CRITE	RIA ON THE OVE	RVIEW TAB. THIS	TAB IS NOT APPLICABLE F	OR YOU.		
ising any for	mat (e.g. 65+, 70-8	5, etc.). All values will be i	nterpreted as inclus	ive. For example, ag	their population. In the table es 70-85 will include those a it. If this section is not comp	ged 70 and those aged	85 and 65+ will inc	lude
Age (years)		Y						
	75	+						
Overview	CTI Description	Triggers and NPI List	Baseline Period	Beneficiary Age	Geographic Service Area	Chronic Conditions	Prior Hosp (-	₽ :
						1		

Tab 6. Geographic Service Area Hospitals can provide a list of five-digit zip codes in Tab 6. Please see the screenshot below for an example.

ntake Templ	
Thematic Are	ea: Episodic Primary Care Transformation
Criteria 2: (Geographic Service Area
YOU HAVE	SELECTED THE HSCRC'S DEFAULT CRITERIA ON THE OVERVIEW TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLICABLE FOR YOU.
Primary Care ntended serv	s: Hospitals may provide a list of 5-digit zip-codes for which their intervention is targeted to impact. Please note that unlike the first rounds of CTIs, the Episodic Transformation CTI does not require a touch with the submitting hospital. This in effect broadens the target population, potentially beyond the hospitals vice area, and could make this parameter of particular use. No other geographic distinctions (e.g. address, region, county, etc.) are permitted. If this section is not y a hospital, the HSCRC will default to no geographic restriction.
Zip code	
	12345
	12346
	12347
	12348
	12349
	12350
	12351
	12352
	12353
Overview	CTI Description Triggers and NPI List Baseline Period Beneficiary Age Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp 🕂 : [

Tab 7. Chronic Conditions

The two tables provided on the seventh tab for chronic conditions should be filled out in tandem. Table I on the left provides a list of 27 chronic conditions that can be used to identify beneficiaries. If only a subset of chronic conditions are of interest (for example all conditions except cancer, see screenshot below) you can select "No" from the drop down menu provided in the cells of the Trigger column for the cancer conditions and "Yes" for all other conditions. From there, hospitals indicate if beneficiaries must have I or more chronic conditions to be eligible. In Table 2, please type in a number to define your threshold (see screenshot below). If hospitals do not wish to use this tab, indicate "D" in the Overview tab and leave Tables I and 2 blank.

Care Transformation Initiatives

Intake Template

Thematic Area: Episodic Primary Care Transformation

Criteria 3: Chronic Conditions

YOU HAVE SELECTED THE HSCRC'S DEFAULT CRITERIA ON THE OVERVIEW TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLICABLE FOR YOU.

Instructions: This tab allows hospitals to define their population based on CCW Chronic Conditions AND thresholds on the number of CCW Chronic Conditions it takes to be eligible for the CTI. The HSCRC will use the chronic condition flag in the CCLF to determine eligibility for each of 27 CCW Chronic Conditions provided in Table 1. Each chronic condition is separately triggered, so if a hospital selects diabetes and heart failure from this list, patients with diabetes OR heart failure will be triggered. Table 2 allows hospitals to indicate a threshold of chronic conditions for an individual to be eligible for their CTI (e.g. patient with 2+ CCW Chronic Conditions). Both tables should be completed for this tab. For example, if a hospital only wants patients with one of three CCW Chronic Conditions they would select "Yes" from Table 1 next to those three conditions and write "1" in Table 2. If a hospital wants patients with three concurrent CCW Chronic Conditions of any type except asthma, they would select "Yes" for all conditions in Table 1 but "No" for asthma and write "3" in Table 2. If this section is not completed by a hospital, the HSCRC will default to any condition and no threshold of chronic conditions.

those conditions below ("yes" for include, "no"	for exclude):	AND	marked "yes" at left, requi	red for inclusion of beneficiary i	in the CTI:		
Chronic Condition	Trigger 👻		# of Chronic Conditio	ns Required	-		
Acquired Hypothyroidism	Yes				3		
Acute Myocardial Infarction	Yes						
Alzheimer's Disease	Yes						
Alzheimer's Disease, Related Disorders, or							
Senile Dementia	Yes						
Anemia	Yes						
Asthma	Yes						
Atrial Fibrillation	Yes						
Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia	Yes						
Cancer, Colorectal	No						
Cancer, Endometrial	No						
Cancer, Breast	No						
Cancer, Lung	No						
Cancer, Prostate	No						
Cataract	Yes						
Chronic Kidney Disease	Yes						
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	Yes						
Depression	Yes						
Diabetes	Yes						
Glaucoma	Yes						
Heart Failure	Yes						
Overview CTI Description Triggers	and NPI List	Baseline Pe	eriod Beneficiary Age	Geographic Service Area	Chronic Conditions	Prior Hosp (+) : [

Tab 8. Prior Hospitalization or ED Utilization

Prior utilization criteria in the inpatient, ED, and/or observation settings are provided in Tab 8. Hospitals may select the setting in the first column of the table using the drop down menu (see screenshot below), type a threshold for the number of encounters in the second column, and select a time window using the drop down menu in the third column.

Care Transformation Init	tiatives					
Intake Template						
Thematic Area: Episodic Primary Care T	ransformation					
Criteria 4: Prior Hospitalization/ED	O Utilization					
YOU HAVE SELECTED THE HSCRC'S	DEFAULT CRITER	A ON THE OVERVIE	W TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLIC	ABLE FOR YOU.		
Instructions: Hospitals may define the	ir CTI population th	rough thresholds on p	rior medical utilization. This first req	quires the selection	n of setting (i.e. IP encou	nter,
observation, and/or ED encounter), the	n the threshold (e.g.	3 IP encounters), and	/or the time window for when that	threshold was rea	ched (e.g. 3 IP encounter	rs in past 60
days). The rows in the table are intende	d as an "or", for exa	nple, the population c	an be defined as having 3 IP encount	ters in 60 days Of	R 2 ED encounters in 30	days. In order
to set a threshold on the combined nun	nber of IP + ED stay	s, the hospital should	use the drop down menu to select t	he "Inpatient or E	D encounter" option. Fo	r example, if
the hospital set a threshold of 2 on the	number of IP encou	nters and a threshold	of 2 on the number of ED encounte	ers then a beneficia	ary who had I IP encoun	ter and I ED
encounter would not be selected. To se	elect a beneficiary w	no had I IP encounter	and I ED encounter, the hospital s	hould set a thresh	old of 2 on the "Inpatien	t or ED
encounter" option. If this section is not	completed by a hos	pital, the HSCRC will o	default to having no requirement on	prior utilization to	be eligible.	
Setting	Threshold	Time Window 🚽	Possible	Settings:	Possible Time Windo	ws:
ED encounter	2	90	Inpatient	encounter		30
Inpatient OR Observation	<u>▼</u> 4	90	0	bservation		60
Inpatient encounter Observation			ED	encounter		90
ED encounter Inpatient OR Observation			Inpatient OR O	bservation		20
Inpatient OR ED encounter Observation OR ED encounter			Inpatient OR ED	encounter		50
Inpatient OR Observation OR ED encounter			Observation OR ED	encounter	I	80
			Inpatient OR Observation OR ED	encounter	3	65
CTI Description Tripped and MRU1	int Describe Desi-	d Danafisian ta	Communitie Commission American Star	ania Canaditiana	Drive Harry on CD Har	() ·
CTI Description Triggers and NPI Li	ist Baseline Perio	d Beneficiary Age	Geographic Service Area Chr	onic Conditions	Prior Hosp or ED Use	🕂 🗄

Tab 9. Look back or forward

In Tab 9, we are allowing hospitals to include and exclude beneficiaries based on touches with a provider or setting of care in the period before and/or after the triggering event. Hospitals can use just the look back or look forward criteria, or they can use both. Six settings are available in the look back criteria and four are available in the look forward criteria. Hospitals should select the setting in the first column of the relevant table using the drop down menu (see screenshot below), then specify whether to include or exclude that setting in the second column. For the look back setting, hospitals should also indicate the time window for their selections, while for the look forward setting we will use the duration of the episode.

Care Transformation Initiatives

Intake Template

Thematic Area: Episodic Primary Care Transformation

Criteria 5: Look Back/Look Forward YOU HAVE SELECTED THE HSCRC'S DEFAULT CRITERIA ON THE OVERVIEW TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLICABLE FOR YOU.

Instructions: The HSCRC is allowing two additional criteria by looking before and after the aforementioned episode window. The "look back" is an E&M touch by provider type pre-admission, which uses HSCRC-defined HCPCS codes to identify what type of provider touched the patient and hospital-defined look back windows. Hospitals can also elect to have "no primary care" within this criteria by using "Exclude" as the action, rather than "Include". Under the "look forward" criteria, hospitals can stipulate the first setting of care post discharge using HSCRC-defined categories. The rows in both tables are intended as an "or", for example, the look back can exclude patients with primary care in 90 days OR include patients with SNF claims in 60 days. If this section is not completed by a hospital, the HSCRC will default to having no look forward/look back specifications.

Look Forward

Action:

Include

Exclude

Look Bac	k			Look Forward	
&M Touch Pre-Admission 🖃	Action	-	Window 👻	First Setting of Care Post Discharge 🖃	Action
rimary Care	Exclude		30	Community (i.e. physician consult)	Include
sychiatric Care Facilities	✓ clude		30		
Primary Care Home Health Agencies Skilled Nursing Facilities Assisted Living, Long Term Care Acute Care					
Psychiatric Care Facilities					
Possible Look Back Settings:	Look	Bac	k Windows:	Possible Look Forward Settings:	Act
Primary Care			30	Inpatient Post Acute Care (i.e. LTC, IRF)	Inc
Home Health Agencies			60	Skilled Nursing Facility	Exc
Skilled Nursing Facilities			90	Home Health Agency	
Assisted Living, Long Term Care			120	Community (i.e. physician consult)	
Acute Care			150		
Acute Care Psychiatric Care Facilities			150 180		

	/ Age

Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp or ED Use Look back or forward Episode Length Requested Modifi ...

(+)

Tab 10. Episode Length In Tab 10, hospitals can indicate the length of their episode using the drop down menu provided by clicking in the box below "Episode Length". Please see the screenshot below for an example.

are Transforma ake Template		
	nary Care Transformation	
iteria 6: Episode Lens	•	
	E HSCRC'S DEFAULT CRITERIA ON THE OVERVIEW TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLICABLE FOR YOU.	
	must select the length of their CTI intervention in which the episode will be measured. To standardize the process, the HSCRC offers he	ospital t
	30, 60, 90, 120, 150, 180, or 365 days. The episode window triggers at discharge from the hospital. If this section is not completed by a h	
HSCRC will default to		
isode Length 🛛 👻	Possible Episode Lengths:	
120 🗸	30	
	60	
)	90	
)	120	
5	180	
	365	
	phic Service Area Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp or ED Use Look back or forward Episode Length Requested Modifi	

Tab 11. Requested Modifications

This tab is available across all CTI Thematic Areas for hospitals to suggest a criteria that is not currently available within the Intake Template. The HSCRC is unable to commit to accommodating these requests but will review each upon their submission.

Care Transformation I	nitiatives						
Intake Template							
Thematic Area: Episodic Primary Ca	re Transformation						
Requested Modifications							
nstructions: If the criteria you are o use. In the space below, create an our requests and follow up on its fo nodification, your change will be inc	nd complete the table w easibility. As you compl	ith the modification ete the rest of this	on you are suggesting for s Template, please fill out	the HSCRC's review	w. Upon submission of your	Template, we will r	
Geographic Service Area Chron	ic Conditions Prior F	Hosp or ED Use	Look back or forward	Episode Length	Requested Modifications	÷	:

Panel-Based Primary Care Transformation (CTI_003b)

Tab 1. Overview

The Primary Care Transformation CTI have a two-part process to construct episodes. Part I specifies the NPI list and is required, while Part 2 allows hospitals to further target their intended beneficiaries based on other optional criteria. Hospital should determine which of the five "Part 2" criteria they will use, and indicate these selections on the first tab. The boxes to the left of the criteria contain a drop down menu in which hospitals can select "D" to use the HSCRC's default criteria or "X" to use a hospital-defined criteria (see screenshot below). Hospitals, systems, and regional partnerships should also identify in this tab which hospitals the Template pertains to by filling out the line "Submitting Hospital Name(s) & CMS ID(s)". Please write the hospital name followed by the 6-digit CMS ID in parentheses, as shown below.

Care Transformation Initiatives	
Thematic Area: Panel-Based Primary Care Transformation	MARYLAND
Submitting Hospital Name(s) & CMS ID(s): ABC Hospital (100000)	
This Intake Template is designed to help hospitals and the HSCRC gather all the desired episod Each tab within this Workbook provides a way for hospitals to customize their CTI for the po Committee, below are the criteria options that hospitals are allowed to select, in any combinati customize a particular criteria.	pulation they are targeting. As finalized by the Care Transformation Steering
Please note that this Panel-Based Primary Care Transformation CTI requires a hose 2019-June 2020 baseline period (i.e. no baseline period or episode length customiza approach with E&M codes. Attribution for this CTI is performed in two parts: Part 1 uses the remainder of the tabs where the hospital may limit the attributed beneficiaries based on other of hospital will use to define its CTI population by selecting an "X" for hospital-defined and a "D" t	tion). A separate template is available for hospitals wanting to use an episodic 'NPI List' tab where the hospital must select their NPIs; and Part 2 uses the criteria. Part 1 is required, but for Part 2 please indicate which criteria your
 X Part 1: NPI List (required) X Part 2: Geographic service area (default: no geographic restriction) D Part 2: Chronic conditions (default: any condition and no chronic condition threshold) X Part 2: Prior hospitalization/ED utilization (default: no requirement on prior utilization) X Part 2: HCC Range (default: no specified HCC score needed) P rt 2: Frailty Flag (default: no flag required) V rt 2: Frailty Flag (default: no flag required) V rt 2: Frailty Flag (default: no flag required) V rt 3: Frailty Flag (default: no flag required) 	to a criteria is marked with an "X", the HSCRC expects the hospital to ges, etc.
, , ,	, g
Overview CTI Description NPI List Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions	Prior Hosp or ED Use HCC Range Frailty Flag Reques (+)

Tab 2. CTI Description

The second tab provides space for hospitals to describe their CTI's objectives and interventions. In this tab hospitals should justify how their CTI matches the general goals and principles of the Thematic Area, of which details can be found in the Care Transformation Steering Committee meeting materials on the HSCRC's website.

Care Transformation Initiatives
itake Template
hematic Area: Panel-Based Primary Care Transformation
TI Interventions
nstructions: Please take the space below to describe the interventions your hospital or partnering group is engaged in to improve primary care. In addition to listing and
escribing the interventions, you can use this space to provide an overview of your program and/or identify care partners who help to implement the interventions. The
ISCRC reserves the right to ensure submitting groups are providing meaningful interventions that fit within this CTI.
itle of Initiative: CTI A
Overview: The purpose of CTI A is to
nterventions:
are Partners:
Overview CTI Description NPI List Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp or ED Use HCC Range Frailty Flag Reques :

Tab 3. NPI List

The Panel-Based Primary Care CTI requires hospitals to submit a list of NPIs (10-digit). Please see the screenshot below for an example. Due to the nature of the MDPCP-like algorithm used to attribute beneficiaries to the hospitals' NPIs, the baseline period is restricted to July 2019 – June 2020, with no other options afforded to hospitals.

Intake Template	
Thematic Area: Panel-	Based Primary Care Transformation
NPI List	
YOU MUST PROVID	E AN NPI LIST.
Instructions: Each h	ospital must trigger their population by providing an NPI list (10-digit). The HSCRC will use that list to run an "MDPCP-like" algorithm over the previous
wo years worth of da	ta. The hospital will be attributed any beneficiary to whom their NPIs provided a plurality of office-based E&M services during the baseline period (July
2019-June 2020) and	performance period (July 2020-June 2021) will be included in the CTI. Further details on this methodology are available in the February 2020 CT-SC
slide deck on the HSC	RC website.
If the rows within the	NPI List table are not sufficient, you can expand the table. There is no default option for the NPI lists, all hospitals must specify their NPIs.
NPI List	
	1234567890
	1234567891 1234567892
	1234567893
	1234567894
	1234567895
	1234567896
	1234567897
	1234567898
	1234567899
	1234567900
	1234567901
	1234567902
	1234567903
	1234567904
	1234567905
	1234567906
	1234567907
	1234567908
	1234567909
	1234567910
	1234567911
	1234567912
	1234567913
Overview CTI De	1734567914 🗄

Tab 4. Geographic Service Area Hospitals can provide a list of five-digit zip codes in Tab 4. Please see the screenshot below for an example.

	a: Panel-Based Pri		ransformation						
	eographic Serv								
			FAULT CRITERIA ON THE				h - Contario da	CTI- the D	
			of 5-digit zip-codes for which						
			es not require a touch with t parameter of particular use. N						
		-	fault to no geographic restrict		uncuons (e.g. address, reg	pon, county, etc	.) are permitted	. Il uns secuon	BIIOC
iompleted by	a nospital, the m	Jeile Will de	aute to no geographic restrict	uon.					
Zip code	-								
	12345								
	12346								
	12347								
	12348								
	12349								
	12350								
	12351								
	12352								
	12353								
	12354								
	<u></u> +								

Tab 5. Chronic Conditions

The two tables provided on the fifth tab for chronic conditions should be filled out in tandem. Table I on the left provides a list of 27 chronic conditions that can be used to identify beneficiaries. If only a subset of chronic conditions are of interest (for example all conditions except cancer, see screenshot below) you can select "No" from the drop down menu provided in the cells of the Trigger column for the cancer conditions and "Yes" for all other conditions. From there, hospitals indicate if beneficiaries must have I or more chronic conditions to be eligible. In Table 2, please type in a number to define your threshold (see screenshot below). If hospitals do not wish to use this tab, indicate "D" in the Overview tab and leave Tables I and 2 blank.

Care Transformation Initiatives

Intake Template

Thematic Area: Panel-Based Primary Care Transformation

Criteria 2: Chronic Conditions YOU HAVE SELECTED THE HSCRC'S DEFAULT CRITERIA ON THE OVERVIEW TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLICABLE FOR YOU.

Instructions: This tab allows hospitals to define their population based on CCW Chronic Conditions AND thresholds on the number of CCW Chronic Conditions it takes to be eligible for the CTI. The HSCRC will use the chronic condition flag in the CCLF to determine eligibility for each of 27 CCW Chronic Conditions provided in Table 1. Each chronic condition is separately triggered, so if a hospital selects diabetes and heart failure from this list, patients with diabetes OR heart failure will be triggered. Table 2 allows hospitals to indicate a threshold of chronic conditions for an individual to be eligible for their CTI (e.g. patient with 2+ CCW Chronic Conditions). Both tables should be completed for this tab. For example, if a hospital only wants patients with one of three CCW Chronic Conditions they would select "Yes" from Table 1 next to those three conditions and write "1" in Table 2. If a hospital wants patients with three concurrent CCW Chronic Conditions of any type except asthma, they would select "Yes" for all conditions in Table 1 but "No" for asthma and write "3" in Table 2. If this section is not completed by a hospital, the HSCRC will default to any condition and no threshold of chronic conditions.

Table 1. To trigger for specific chronic con	litions select		Table 2. From those mark	ed "yes" in Table 1, indicat	es the minimum	
those conditions below ("yes" for include, "no	for exclude):	AND	# of chronic conditions rea	uired for inclusion of bene	ficiary in the CTI:	
Chronic Condition	🗸 Trigger 👻		# of Chronic Condition	ons Required		*
Acquired Hypothyroidism	Yes					3
Acute Myocardial Infarction	Yes					
Alzheimer's Disease	Yes					
Alzheimer's Disease, Related Disorders, or						
Senile Dementia	Yes					
Anemia	Yes					
Asthma	Yes					
Atrial Fibrillation	Yes					
Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia	Yes					
Cancer, Colorectal	No					
Cancer, Endometrial	No					
Cancer, Breast	No					
Cancer, Lung	No					
Cancer, Prostate	No					
Cataract	Yes					
Chronic Kidney Disease	Yes					
Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease	Yes					
Depression	Yes					
Diabetes	Yes					
Glaucoma	Yes					
Heart Failure	Yes					
Overview CTI Description NPI List	Geographi	c Service Area	Chronic Conditions	Prior Hosp or ED Use	HCC Range	

Tab 6. Prior Hospitalization or ED Utilization

Prior utilization criteria in the inpatient, ED, and/or observation settings are provided in Tab 6. Hospitals may select the setting in the first column of the table using the drop down menu (see screenshot below) and type a threshold for the number of encounters in the second column. Due to the panel-based nature of this CTI, prior utilization criteria will be based on the entire year preceding the performance period (i.e. July 2019-June 2020), and no other time window selection is available to hospitals.

Care Transformation In	itiatives			
Intake Template				
Thematic Area: Panel-Based Primary C	are Transformation			
Criteria 3: Prior Hospitalization/E	ED Utilization			
YOU HAVE SELECTED THE HSCRC	'S DEFAULT CRITERIA ON THE	OVERVIEW TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLICA	BLE FOR YOU.	
nstructions: Hospitals may define th	eir CTI population through thres	holds on prior medical utilization. This first requ	ires the selection of setting (i.e	e. IP encounter,
bservation, and/or ED encounter), th	nen the threshold (e.g. 3 IP encour	nters). Due to the panel-based nature of this C	l, prior utilization criteria will l	be based on the entire
ear preceding the performance perio	d (i.e. July 2019-June 2020 for the	e first CTI Performance Period). The rows in th	e table are intended as an "or",	for example, the
oopulation can be defined as having 3	IP encounters OR 2 ED encounte	ers. In order to set a threshold on the combined	number of IP + ED stays, the	hospital should use the
Irop down menu to select the "Inpatie	ent or ED encounter" option. For	example, if the hospital set a threshold of 2 on	he number of IP encounters a	nd a threshold of 2 on
he number of ED encounters then a l	beneficiary who had I IP encount	er and I ED encounter would not be selected.	To select a beneficiary who ha	d I IP encounter and I
D encounter, the hospital should set	a threshold of 2 on the "Inpatient	t or ED encounter" option. If this section is not	completed by a hospital, the H	ISCRC will default to
having no requirement on prior utilizat	tion to be eligible.			
Setting	▼ Threshold ▼	Possible Settings:		
ED encounter	2	Inpatient encounter		
Inpatient OR Observation	v 4	Observation		
npatient encounter		ED encounter		
Observation ED encounter		Inpatient OR Observation		
npatient OR Observation npatient OR ED encounter		Inpatient OR ED encounter		
Observation OR ED encounter Inpatient OR Observation OR ED encounter		Observation OR ED encounter		
		Inpatient OR Observation OR ED encounter		
Overview CTI Description NPI	List Geographic Service Area	Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp or ED Use	HCC Range Frailty Flag	Reques 🕂 🗄

Tab 7. HCC Range

In Tab 7 we are allowing hospitals to determine a threshold of HCC risk scores to identify their CTI beneficiaries. Hospitals should type in their HCC risk score threshold using the lower bound and/or upper bound tables (see screenshot below). If hospitals wish to target beneficiaries with an HCC risk score of 3 or less they should type "3" into the upper bound table and leave the lower bound blank, while if hospitals wish to target beneficiaries with an HCC risk score of 3 or more they should type "3" into the upper bound table and leave the should type "3" into the upper bound table and leave the should type "3" into the upper bound table and leave the should type "3" into the upper bound table and leave the upper bound table and leave the upper bound blank.

Care Transformation Initiat	ives						
ntake Template							
Thematic Area: Panel-Based Primary Care Tra	ansformation						
Criteria 4: HCC Range OU HAVE SELECTED THE HSCRC'S DEF/							
nstructions: Hospitals can use the CMS Hi					sistent with the	a indicator of	serious
ness in the new CMS Seriously III Population							
e interpreted as inclusive. For example, if a l							
" in the upper bound table. If a hospital wa	•						
pper bound table blank. The HSCRC will us	e the beneficiary HCC risk	score from the most re	ecent data available as of Ju	uly 1. If this sec	tion is not com	pleted by a ho	ospital, th
ISCRC will default to no HCC risk score re	striction.						
ICC Risk Score Lower Bound 💌	HCC Risk Score L	Jpper Bound 👻					
2		3					

Tab 8. Frailty Flag

Hospitals can use a flag for frailty (determined by DME claims) in Tab 8 to refine their populations. If this flag is desired, select "Yes" from the drop down menu provided in the table (see the screenshot below).

hematic Area: Panel-Based Primary Care Transformation riteria 5: Frailty Flag DU HAVE SELECTED THE HSCRC'S DEFAULT CRITERIA ON THE OVERVIEW TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLICABLE FOR YOU. Istructions: Signs of frailty is an indicator of serious illness in the new CMS Seriously III Population (SIP) model. This frailty flag is generated when a DME claim is submitted to edicare by a provider or supplier for a hospital bed or transfer equipment. In the table below, hospitals should indicate "yes" if they would like to use this frailty flag to refine ieir targeted population. If this section is not completed by a hospital, the HSCRC will default to having no requirement of a frailty flag. railty Flag es s	Care Transformation Initiatives				
riteria 5: Frailty Flag DU HAVE SELECTED THE HSCRC'S DEFAULT CRITERIA ON THE OVERVIEW TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLICABLE FOR YOU. Istructions: Signs of frailty is an indicator of serious illness in the new CMS Seriously III Population (SIP) model. This frailty flag is generated when a DME claim is submitted to edicare by a provider or supplier for a hospital bed or transfer equipment. In the table below, hospitals should indicate "yes" if they would like to use this frailty flag to refine eir targeted population. If this section is not completed by a hospital, the HSCRC will default to having no requirement of a frailty flag. railty Flag es s	Intake Template				
DU HAVE SELECTED THE HSCRC'S DEFAULT CRITERIA ON THE OVERVIEW TAB. THIS TAB IS NOT APPLICABLE FOR YOU. Instructions: Signs of frailty is an indicator of serious illness in the new CMS Seriously III Population (SIP) model. This frailty flag is generated when a DME claim is submitted to edicare by a provider or supplier for a hospital bed or transfer equipment. In the table below, hospitals should indicate "yes" if they would like to use this frailty flag to refine eir targeted population. If this section is not completed by a hospital, the HSCRC will default to having no requirement of a frailty flag. railty Flag es	Thematic Area: Panel-Based Primary Care Transformation				
estructions: Signs of frailty is an indicator of serious illness in the new CMS Seriously III Population (SIP) model. This frailty flag is generated when a DME claim is submitted to edicare by a provider or supplier for a hospital bed or transfer equipment. In the table below, hospitals should indicate "yes" if they would like to use this frailty flag to refine eir targeted population. If this section is not completed by a hospital, the HSCRC will default to having no requirement of a frailty flag.				E FOR YOU	
edicare by a provider or supplier for a hospital bed or transfer equipment. In the table below, hospitals should indicate "yes" if they would like to use this frailty flag to refine eir targeted population. If this section is not completed by a hospital, the HSCRC will default to having no requirement of a frailty flag.					ME chim is submitted to
eir targeted population. If this section is not completed by a hospital, the HSCRC will default to having no requirement of a frailty flag.					
					and many may to remite
	Frailty Flag Yes Yes No				
Overview CTI Description NPI List Geographic Service Area Chronic Conditions Prior Hosp or ED Use HCC Range Frailty Flag Reques 🔶 🗄	Overview CTI Description NPI List Geographic Servi	ce Area Chronic Conditions	Prior Hosp or ED Use	HCC Range Frailty Flag	Reques 🕂 🗄 🖣

Tab 9. Requested Modifications

This tab is available across all CTI Thematic Areas for hospitals to suggest a criteria that is not currently available within the Intake Template. The HSCRC is unable to commit to accommodating these requests but will review each upon their submission.

Care T	ransformation Ini	tiatives						
ntake Temp	plate							
hematic A	rea: Panel-Based Primary Ca	re Transformation						
Requested	Modifications							
o use. In th our reque	ne space below, create and c	complete the table with t ibility. As you complete	the modification you are the rest of this Template,	suggesting for th please fill out th	e HSCRC's re	s tab to provide an example o view. Upon submission of yo s modification is not available.	ur Template, we will	